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VOL. XXV NO. 214 BOMBAY: FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 10, 1937 PRICE: 1 ½ ANNA

More Soviet 'Planes For China?

Kamaladevi Gagged

Mysore Ban On Speeches For One Month

MYSORE, Sept. 9.

An order under Sec. 144 Cr. P. C. was served on Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya, when she passed through Maysore City to South Canara, prohibiting her from making any public speeches in any part of the state for a period of one month.—A. P.

JAWAHAR'S PROGRAMME IN CITY

TO-MORROW (Saturday): Public meeting at Kamgar Maidan, Parel, 6-30 p.m. (S.T.).

SUNDAY, (12th Sept.): Public meeting of Indian Christians, Institute Luso-Indiano Hall, Girgaum, 11 a.m. (S.T.)

ITALY'S REPLY TO NYON INVITATION

ROME, September 9.

Count Ciano is receiving the British and French Charge d'Affaires at 11-00 hours to communicate the Italian reply on the invitation to the Piracy Conference. A Note will be published in the afternoon.

WHY OTHERS NOT INVITED? (LATER)

The Italian reply, a long reasoned document, says 'inter alia' the Non-Intervention Committee comprises important States, which have not been invited to Nyon.

NAZIS WILL CO-OPERATE

BERLIN.—The German reply to the invitation is couched in friendly terms and expresses readiness to co-operate but does not consider that the special conference promises a favourable outcome.

TO BE SHIFTED TO GENEVA

GENEVA.—It is now assumed that there will only be a formal opening of the meeting at Nyon, after which subsequent meetings of experts will be held at Geneva. —Reuter.

FOR SAFETY OF SHIPPING

LONDON, Sept. 9.

The German and Italian replies have been received at the Foreign Office.

Diplomatic circles point out with regard to the suggestion that the non-Intervention Committee should deal with the question of safety of shipping in the Mediterranean that heads of a number of Foreign State Departments are already at Geneva and it is therefore there that the matter can be dealt with most expeditiously.

EDEN FOR GENEVA.

Mr. Eden with Sir Ernle Chatfield and Lord Cranborne left Croydon by air for Paris 'en route' to Geneva.

FR. DESTROYERS IN READINESS

Paris.—The Minister of Marine has ordered the Fifth Destroyer Division comprising four destroyers to remain in readiness to sail to the Mediterranean to reinforce the protection of shipping.—Reuter's Special.

'Stanwold' Captured

LONDON, Sept. 9.

Steamer "Stanwold" (1,019 tons) was captured by a Nationalist torpedo boat within the three mile limit near Rivadesella in Spain.—Reuter.

A Lucknow message says, in honour of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's forthcoming visit to Pratapgarh district, Rajasaheb of Badri has made a donation of Rs. 1,000 to the Kamala Nehru Memorial Fund.—United Press.

Italy & Germany Decline Nyon Invitation

Deadlock Over 'Soviet Accusation'

But Britain Bent On Holding Conference With Alternative Schemes

GENEVA, September 9.

Italy and Germany have replied to the invitations to the Mediterranean Conference offering the discussion of the whole question at the Non-Intervention Committee at London, but declining to go to Nyon.

SOVIET ACCUSATIONS

According to a cable from Rome the Italian reply states that Italy declines on the ground of the Soviet accusations. It adds that when the Conference was first mooted her attitude was favourable but at the same time "the Russian Embassy presented a note, which was based completely on an arbitrary chronology of the events and attempted to throw on Italy the responsibility for certain sinkings in the Mediterranean.

Decision To Be Postponed

"This accusation, already firmly rejected by Italy, has introduced at the last moment a new element. The Fascist Government must postpone any decision of an affirmative nature, until the incident created by the Note is satisfactorily settled".

There follows the suggestion that the Mediterranean problem be discussed by the Non-Intervention Committee.

In Italy's Footsteps

A Berlin cable states:—The German reply emphasises that the Reich would welcome every attempt to terminate Mediterranean insecurity. Thereafter it closely follows the arguments set out in the Italian reply.—Reuter.

NO CANCELLATION OF CONFERENCE

Br. Govt. Devise Alternative Schemes

LONDON, Sept. 9.

Though the absence of Italy and Germany from the Mediterranean Conference is much regretted in London, where it is felt their presence would have greatly facilitated practical work, there is no question of the meeting cancelled.

The British Government have devised alternative schemes in view of the possibility of Italy and Germany refusing the invitation and though the plan to be submitted to the Conference may not be so effective as the co-operation of those two Powers would have allowed, British circles believe that it should prove adequate to make conditions very unpleasant for attacking submarines.

It is understood, Britain won't consider the proposal for referring the piracy question to the non-Intervention Committee as conditions in the Mediterranean at present are a wider problem than non-Intervention in Spain.—Reuter.

Conference Opens To-day

GENEVA, Sept. 9.

The Mediterranean Conference will open at Nyon at 16/30 tomorrow.—Reuter.

Britain Bent On Holding Conference:

LONDON Sept. 8.

It is understood that to-day's two Cabinet sessions mainly concerned with formulating the policy and agenda for the Nyon Conference

Whether or not all the Powers invited are willing to attend the Conference the British Government are insistent that the meeting will go forward and their proposals will be discussed. The British aim will be to limit discussion as far as possible to actual problems of Mediterranean security and avoid irrelevant polemics.

The Soviet charges against Italy are regarded Anglo-French circles in London as a diplomatic question to be settled directly between the two countries. Britain and France are convinced that piracy is entirely a separate matter from non-intervention and the confusion of two would only waste time.

Forecasts of British proposals indicate that they contain provisions for restricting submarines using certain Mediterranean Sea traffic highways unless they remain on the surface, and that warships of the concerted powers should be ready to protect each other's shipping in the event of an attack.

ITALY AND GERMANY NOT TO ATTEND?

ROME, Sept. 8.

It is authoritatively declared that the Soviet accusation has created "grave and delicate situation."

An air of pessimism has settled over the political cirles.

To all intents and purposes the Nyon Conference is regarded as dead.

Italians argue it is redundant in that it will duplicate the task of the Non-Intervention Committee.

Italy will almost certainly ignore the second Russian note but in the event of Russia sending, as rumoured a third note, furnishing proof of ships sunk by Italian submarines it is possible that Italy will sever diplomatic relations.

U. S. WARNING TO MERCHANTMEN

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9

The United States Navy daily bulletin to every American ship, normally used to convey warnings of bad weather, icebergs and other obstructions, carries the following exceptional message:—

"Caution regarding attacks on merchantmen in the Mediterranean American ships operating in the Mediterranean are warned that merchantmen of various countries have recently been attacked in that sea by unidentified aircraft, surface vessels and submarines.'

Officials state that the warning does not imply that the United States has changed her policy of refusing to recognise the blockade of Spain.—Reuter.

Communist Leader For Nanking's Rescue

TOKIO, September 9.

Circumstantial Japanese report states that a big train of Soviet lorries laden with aeroplanes and munitions arrived at Sianfu in North-West China where Soviet instructors are reported to be training Chinese aviators and also that the formidable Communist Leader Chuteh in Shensi has enrolled himself and his troops who are adept in Guerilla warfare under Nanking's banner.—Reuter.

61 JAPANESE 'PLANES BROUGHT DOWN

LONDON, Sept. 9.

Sixty-one Japanese 'planes were brought down by Chinese air force between August 14 and August 31, according to the Chinese Embassy in London, which adds, combats occurred at Chekiang, Kiangsu and Anhwei provinces. Machines included 29 heavy bombers, 24 light bombers, 5 pursuit 'planes and 3 seaplanes.

Chinese authorities declare, they buried 81 bodies of Japanese airmen and 10 captured aviators have been imprisoned at Nanking. —Reuter.

Is It Full-Fledged War?

SHANGHAI, Sept. 8.

The Sino-Japanese conflict is more and more assuming a character of full fledged war.

Having achieved virtual paralysis of the Chinese shipping the Japanese are now expected to turn their attention on Canton-Hankow Railway at present the sole artery of transport in north and south China.

The latest developments include fresh attack of Swatow by warships and aeroplanes bombing again Amoy.

At Shanghai the Chinese 'planes again harassed Japanese warships which vainly tried to shoot down the raiders.—Reuter.

"CRUSHING BLOW IN TWO MONTHS"

TOKIO, Sept. 8.

Japanese Government hopes to deal a crushing blow to Chinese armies within two months, according to replies by Government spokesman to interpellations in the Diet, the emergency session of which was closed to-day.—Reuter.

Japanese Examine Another British Boat

HONGKONG, Sept. 9.

Another British Steamer the "Foo Shing," owned by the Indo-China Steam Navigation Company, was boarded by a party of 15 from a Japanese Destroyer but after examination was allowed to proceed to Japan.—Reuter.

LONDON, Sept. 9.

The Executive Committee of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce at an emergency meeting decided to ask Mr. Oliver Stanley and Major Ormsby-Gore jointly to receive a deputation to protest against the textile quota changes in Ceylon.—Reuter.

Islamic Right And Customary Law

WOMAN HEIR'S SHARE IN PROPERTY

"Shariat" Bill Before Central Legislature

SIMLA, September 9.

An interesting division took place in the Assembly to-day over the motion by Sir Mahomed Yakub to refer his Bill seeking that the property of a Muslim dying intestate or without heir, should devolve on the Muslim community.

Bill Passed

The Congress and Government remained neutral. The Muslim members supported the Bill which was opposed by the Nationalist Party led by Mr. Aney. The motion was carried, 26 voting for and 9 against.

"Shariat Bill"

Mr. H. M. Abdulla moved for the consideration of the Select Committee's report on the "Shariat" Bill which sought to secure for female heirs due share in property which, by Muslim Law was theirs, but of which they were often deprived by Customary law.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

SIMLA, Sept. 9.

The Central Assembly resumed consideration of Sir Mohammad Yakub's motion referring to a Select Committee his Bill, which declares that the property of a Muslim dying intestate, and without an heir, devolve upon the Muslim community.

Mr. Sadiq Ali Khan supported the motion and appealed to the Congress to show their regard for poor by supporting the motion and not remain neutral.

Sir Yamin Khan said that it was proper that the properties of such Muslims, who died without heirs should go to the Muslim community. He was personally against social reforms, but this was not a social reform.

SIRCAR OPPOSES IT

Sir N. N. Sircar pointed out that the Bill purported to be a return to the Muslim Law, but, according to an interpretation by Justice Amirali, the Muslim Law required that the property of a Muslim intestate must be treated as a part of a charitable trust, for relief to poor Muslims. The Bill did not make any provision for the creation of such a trust. If, however, the intention was that such a trust must be created, then the Central Legislature had no power to deal with it, for it was a Provincial responsibility. If, for instance, the property of a Muslim dying intestate and without heir consisted of agricultural lands then the Central Legislature was definitely debarred from framing any laws to deal with such land.

PROVINCIAL CONCERN.

Sir Naripendra took the concrete instance of a house left, say, in Cawnpore According to the Bill it would become the property of seventy million Muslims in India. What were they to do with it? Would there be a partition suit, and during the interval before the suit was decided, who would pay the rates and taxes? (Laughter). He reiterated that if the proposal was to follow the Muslim Law in its entirety, and create a charitable trust out of the estate of the kind referred to by the Bill, the House could not have anything to do with it but it was quite open to the Provinces to adopt it.

Concluding the Law Member said that the Government would, however, remain neutral on this occasion.

PLEA FOR SELECT COMMITTEE.

Syed Gulam Bhik Nairang said that the legal defects pointed out could be remedied in the Select Committee It was possible he thought, to leave out of the Bill, whatever the House did not agree to. He declared that the case covered by the Bill was really one of succession, for, the whole Muslim community would really become the heir.

Referring to the objection raised in the course of the circulation of the Bill that the Bill amounted to discrimination against other communities, who did not have a similar advantage, the Speaker suggested that there was nothing to prevent the Hindu community or any other community from getting a similar law passed regarding property of the members of their community. He welcomed such laws.

Maulana Zafar Ali, declared that the Bill was necessary because nobody knew how property of the kind dealt with by the Bill was being used and whether it was being used in accordance with the wishes of the deceased person.

Pandit K. K. Malaviya affirmed that no measure of the type of the Bill existed anywhere else in the world and not even in Muslim countries. If it had been the practice of Muslim countries in the past, it was because the community and the State were indistinguishable in those days.

Syed Murtaza Sahib also expressed his doubts regarding the way in which Muslim property, lapsing to the Crown, was being utilised. It might be used for the propagation of Christianity. (Laughter).

ANEY'S OPPOSITION.

Mr. M. S. Aney opposed the Bill. He said that Hindus, Muslims and Christians had to live together in India and as far as possible they should try to be under a common law. If the law had not done any harm to any of these communities for a long time, then in the interest of the growing movement in this country, it was not proper to change it and add to the differences which unfortunately were rife. If the change was necessary, it was desirable to bring a common measure applicable to all communities and avoid invidious distinction or favour to one particular community.

APPEAL TO CONGRESS PARTY.

Continuing after lunch, Mr. M. S. Aney emphasised that the Muslims should not allow sentiment to make them forget the ideal of India as a single nation. The future Indian State would be a combination of all communities, and any property be it that of a Muslim or a Hindu escheating to it, would be the property of all communities. As a Congressman, he appealed to the Congress Party to reconsider their decision to remain neutral on the Bill He declared that the Government should also give up their attitude of neutrality on this occasion.

REASONABLE BILL.

Mr. Asaf Ali said that he himself did not agree with the drafting of the Bill as it stood, which could be modified by the Select Committee. He thought, the House did not agree with the principle of the Bill.

(Continued on page 10, column 5.)

LEAVE THEM TO THEIR JOBS

How Popular Ministers Are Pestered By People Who Have Nothing To Do

SECRETARIAT SCENE

("Chronicle" Special)

Three of the seven Ministers of the Bombay Congress Cabinet are now in Bombay. The others are either on tour or have hurried back to Poona in connection with work in their Departments.

The Ministers who have come to Bombay have come in connection with social functions arranged in honour of the Cabinet. The Ministers also thought that this was the best opportunity for putting in uninterrupted work regarding their different portfolios

But since the day Congressmen took office there has been a regular procession of visitors and deputations to Poona. Popular Government it is, but some people seem to be abusing the privileges.

One has only to visit the Secretariat to find rows of men waiting to see one of the three Ministers, namely, the Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher; the Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi or the Hon. Dr. M. D. D. Gilder. Very few of the deputationists seem to have any serious or genuine business to engage the attention of the Ministers. But still they go. On Thursday, for example, there were visitors since 11 a.m. till the Ministers left the Secretariat in the evening.

The most troubled Minister is the Prime Minister. All sorts of people come to see him and he refuses none. People whose real work might be in connection with Revenue or Public works or Medicine or even Law, would like to see the Prime Minister who holds the portfolios of Labour and Education. They possibly do not know that there were separate Ministers in charge of these portfolios.

The people would do better to allow the Ministers sufficient time to carry on the work which they had undertaken. The Ministers also would do well to fix a particular time for receiving visitors and deputations. Those who do not come during that time should not be allowed to see them.

FATE OF NAVAL ATTACK

Insurgents' Claim

PALMA, September 9.

The details of the naval battle in the Mediterranean state that the "Baleares" engaged two Government warships and eight destroyers. During the later stages of the battle, a squadron of bombers assisted "Baleares".

The insurgents claim that the "Libertad" was seriously damaged, the "Mendez Nunez" and one destroyer "probably damaged".

The Government squadron was alleged to be convoying four munition ships, which are reported to have escaped to the African Coast aided by a dense fog.—Reuter.

SPANISH GOVT.'S LAST HARBOUR

PARIS, September 9.

A message from Santander states that very great disorder is reported to be prevailing at Gijon, which is the last important harbour in Spanish Governments hands on the North coast.

The City is in the hands of extremists and a police force of 1,500 had taken refuge in the mountains.—Reuter.

REBELS RELEASE BRITISH STEAMER

LONDON, September 9.

The British steamer "Molton" seized by Spanish insurgents was released, but will probably not leave Spain until certain Bills are paid.—Reuter.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

1 ANNA PER WORD—MINIMUM RE. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the Sentinel at half anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

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BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Hindu Gujerati knowing qualified Nurse as child's (baby's) nurse in Palace. State salary with all found. Apply Box No. 9009, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted 3 Gujarati or Christian Stenographers and two Typists for Engineering Co. Apply Box No. 9010, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Clerks, Second Guards for Railway. Apply with two annas stamps. R. K. Cowsis, Superintendent, Fatehpore Biouch, (Gurgoon). (8999)

347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Provident and Insurance Companies in need of financial aid to negotiate with the Insurance Underwriters, Post Box No. 175, Lahore. (9011)

420. ELECTRICAL MACHINERY

Mr. D. Sehiah, Mandapaka, Tanuku Post, West Godavari District wants to dispose off his Patent No. 23445, accepted on 7th June, 1937. The invention is a most useful type of Electric Sign Flasher of cheap production especially suitable for advertising public everywhere. Individuals or firms interested in the matter may request the inventor to arrange free demonstration and interview at Bombay. Requests must reach the address before 20th September, 1937. (9001)

422. RADIO SETS & SUPPLIERS

Philips Radio Service for Philips Radio sets in the workshop of Philips Electrical Co. (India) Ltd., New Queen's Road, Bombay. (9002)

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

FOR SALE.

1. One secondhand worthington, triple expansion, surface condensing engine, used in water works.

2. One secondhand worthington Internal plunger pattern double acting on both section and delivery with multiple India rubber spring with closed valves, used in water works and vertical tubler Boiler i.e., complete set of water pump in working order.

3. One fire engine.

Offers invited personally or by tenders.

(Sd.) G. P. VERMA
Secretary,
Municipal Committee.
Harda, C.P

Harda, 6-9-37.

6769.

Public Notices

MORVI RAILWAY.

TENDER NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of Consumable Stores and Stationery for the calendar year 1938 are invited and will be received by the Stores Superintendent, Morvi Railway, Morvi, upto 5 p.m. of SATURDAY, the 9th October, 1937.

Tender forms, along with the schedules can be had on payment of Rs. 3|- for Consumable Stores, and Re. 1|- for Stationery, per copy.

Earnest Money of Rs. 200 for Stores and Rs. 100 for Stationery tender must accompany each tender.

Tender must be superscribed "Tender for Consumable Stores" and "Tender for Stationery" as the case may be.

JAYASHANKER K. DAFTARY,
Stores Superintendent,
Morvi Railway, Morvi.

Stores Superintendent's Office,
Morvi, Dated 7-9-1937.

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Legal Notices

PUBLIC NOTICE

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ZENANA BIBLE AND MEDICAL MISSION TRUST ASSOCIATION, LTD., of Bombay, have contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property, situated at Umerkhadi Road free from incumbrances.

All persons having any claim against or any right, title or interest in, to, or upon the said property or either of them or any part thereof by way of co-ownership or partnership or sale or mortgage or charge or trust or gift or maintenance or inheritance or lien or possession or easement or residence or lease or otherwise, howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 36, Tamarind Lane, Tamarind House, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, failing which the said sale shall be completed without reference to any such claim, right title or interest in the same, if any, will be treated as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land with the messuages tenements or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 665 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of land Revenue under New Survey No. 3646, Cadastral Survey No. 1/1938 of Mandvi Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 3480(1) and Street Nos. 23-36A and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by Jail Road North Cross Street, on or towards the West by Jail Road North, on or towards the North by Umerkhadi First Road, and on or towards the South by Jail Road North.

Bombay dated this 9th day of September, 1937.

Messrs. GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.

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Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

PURSUANT to Sub-Section 7 of Section 19 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, notice is hereby given that the list of persons appearing to be entitled to be enrolled in the Municipal Election Roll as voters of Wards has been published in every Municipal Office as required by Sub-Section 6 of the aforesaid Section. Copies of the complete list of all wards may be obtained on payment of a fee of Rs. 42|- or of a ward list on payment of Rs. 6|- per copy from the Election Officer, Improvement Trust Building, Napier Road, Fort, on any working day between 10 a.m. and 4-30 p.m. (B.T.) and between 10 a.m. and 1 p.m. (B.T.) on Saturdays.

(1) Any person whose name has been omitted and who claims to have his|her name inserted in the said list (which can only be done in any one Ward) or who (his|her own name being entered in the list) objects to any other person as not being entitled to have his|her name retained therein, or who desires to declare his|her choice of the Ward in which he|she wishes to vote, or to apply that his|her name be entered in the list as a representative of an undivided family, association or body of individuals, should send in his|her claim, objection or application as the case may be on or before the 1st day of October 1937;

and

(2) Any firm or company, other than a Joint Stock Company, desiring to have the name of its partner authorised to vote at the Election (a person other than a partner of the firm or Company concerned cannot be so authorised) inserted in the Roll, or to alter the name of the representative appearing in the list, should apply to the Election Officer on or before the 1st day of October, 1937.

(3) Every objector should specify the grounds on which he|she denies the right of any person to be entered in the Roll, the evidence which he|she intends to lead, the address of the person objected to and the page of the ward list on which his|her name appears.

(4) Claims for enrolment should be supported by Rent Bills for the month of April, 1937. It is desirable that such claims should be made on printed forms which can be had free of charge at the Election Department.

I. H. TAUNTON,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.

Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 2nd September, 1937.

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Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of DOONGERSEY GULABCHAND SANGHAVI, late of Limdi Hindu Inhabitant, a Cotton Broker, who lately resided at Narayen Dabholkar Road, Nepean Sea Road, without the Fort of Bombay. ..... Deceased.

(1) KESHAVLAL GULABCHAND, (2) LAKHMICHAND ZAVERCHAND, both of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants, residing at Sandhurst Road, without the Fort of Bombay and (3) BHAGWANDAS HARAKCHAND, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Bhatwadi, without the Fort of Bombay. ..... Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit before the Grant of probate.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 30th day of August in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven and in the first year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary &
Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI.

The 30th day of August, 1937.
Messrs. KANGA & CO.,
Petitioners' Attorneys.

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Public Notices

NOTIFICATION BY THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE, BOMBAY.

No. 11895|151-Impt.

The following draft of a notification which it is proposed to issue under clauses (b) and (c) of sub-section (1) of section 22 of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902 (Bom. IV of 1902) is published as required by sub-section (2) of the said section for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that any objections or suggestions which may be received in writing by the Commissioner of Police from any person or persons with regard to the said draft on or before the 4th October 1937 will be duly considered:—

DRAFT NOTIFICATION.

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (b) and (c) of sub-section (1) of section 22 of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902 (Bom. IV of 1902), the Commissioner of Police has made the following additional rules:—

(I) The following new rule 42 is made under section 22 (1) (b):—

42. Traffic island at Sandhurst Bridge (East)—

(a) No vehicle shall enter French Bridge at its junction with Sandhurst Bridge.

(b) Exit from Mathew Road at the Opera House corner is prohibited, i.e. no vehicle shall be permitted to emerge from Mathew Road on to New Queen's Road at the said corner.

(II) The following new rules 19 and 20 are made under section 22 (1) (c):—

19. Pedestrian island on Queen's Road, opposite Marine Lines Railway Station—

The parking of vehicles on both sides of the road opposite the pedestrian island on Queen's Road at Marine Lines Railway Station is prohibited.

20. Traffic island at Chaupati, Sandhurst Bridge (West)—

The parking of cars on the west side of Chaupati Seatace on either side of the junction of Sandhurst Bridge Road and Chaupati is prohibited.

W. R. G. SMITH,
Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office.

Bombay, 26th August, 1937.

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Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Dr. ARDESHIR ERACHSHAW HAKIM, of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, situate at 24-26, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY:

ALL THAT piece or parcel of Leasehold land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling houses standing thereon situate, lying and being on the West side of Tardeo Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 6242 square yards or thereabouts and according to Cadastral Survey 5659 square yards and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 301, New No. 2044, Old Survey No. 75, New Survey No. 7092, Cadastral Survey No. 778 of Malabar Hill Division and assessed in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "D" Ward Nos. 3761 (1 & 1A), 3761 (1B), 3761 (1C), 3761 (1D) and 3761 (1E) and Street Nos. 48, 46a, 46c, 46 & 46B and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by Tardeo Road, on or towards the West by the land acquired by the Collector of Bombay, on or towards the North by the property of the Estate of Novroji Jehangirji Gamadia and on or towards the South by the property of Haji Abdulla Miya Khandwani.

Dated this 9th day of September 1937.

DIVECHA & THAKORE,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

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Public Notices

THE BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CO-OPERATIVE BANK, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Bank will be held at the Registered Office of the Bank, in Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on TUESDAY, the 21st Sept., 1937, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To adopt the Report of the Directors and the Audited Statement of Accounts of the Bank for the year ending 30th June, 1937.
2. To declare a dividend.
3. To elect Directors.
4. To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration.
5. To consider and, if thought fit, to adopt the following amendments in the Rules for the Election of Directors:—
   (a) To add before the 3rd paragraph in Rule No. 3, the following new clause:—
   "The Directors representing agricultural societies shall be elected every alternate year."
   (b) Add the word "alternate" between the words "every" and "year" in line 1 of Rule 5.
   (c) Add the word "alternate" between the words "every" and "year" in line 1 of Rule 7.
   (d) Substitute the word "Branch" for the word "Advisory" wherever it occurs in Rule 3 with the consequential change of "an" to "a" wherever necessary.

By order of the Board.
VAIKUNTH L. MEHTA.
Managing Director.

Bombay, 18th August, 1937.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from 22nd September, 1937, to 3rd October, 1937, both days inclusive.

6774

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of VINAYAK ANANDRAO JAYAKAR, retired, a landlord of Bombay Pathare Prabhu Hindu Inhabitant, residing at 11, Kiln Lane, Lamington Road, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Deceased.

GAJANAN VINAYAK JAYAKAR, also of Bombay Pathare Prabhu Hindu Inhabitant, an employee in the Vulcan Insurance Co., Ltd., also residing at Kiln Lane, Lamington Road, outside the Fort of Bombay .... Petitioner.

ALL persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness SIR JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 3rd day of September in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven and in the first year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and
Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI,

The 3rd day of September, 1937.
Messrs. NANU HORMASJEE & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

6787

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF "SULZER" CRUDE OIL ENGINE.

Under instructions from Messrs M. H. Dinshaw and Co., and on account and at the risk of the Western Stores Co., Bombay and Baroda, Messrs BENNETT & CO., will (TO-DAY), FRIDAY, the 10th September, 1937, at 4-0 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at Great Western Building Godown at Apollo Street, Fort.

One second-hand Diesel Vertical "Sulzer" cold start Crude Oil Engine 100|120 B.H.P. with self-starter, clutch, shaft, 2 rope pullies, water pump, oil tank.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

Public Notices

GONDAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE FOR TENDER.

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of Consumable Stores from 1st January, 1938, to 31st December, 1938, will be received by the Storekeeper, GONDAL, upto 3 p.m. on 15th October, 1937.

2. Forms of Tender and Schedule can be had on application to the Undersigned on payment of Rupees five per copy.

3. **Earnest Money of Rs. 250 should be remitted in advance direct to the Auditor, Gondal, and receipt for the same should be attached to the tender. No tender will be considered without such receipt.** The envelope containing this tender should be superscribed "Tender for Consumable Stores".

4. The Storekeeper reserves to himself the right to accept any tender in whole or in part and does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

T. P. SAMPAT,
Storekeeper,
Gondal Railway.

Gondal, dated, 1st September, 1937.

(6742)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE VI. by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of SULEMANJI MULLA ABDULALI, of Bombay Dawoodi Bohrah Mahomedan Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at the time of his death at Mewawalla Lane, without the Fort of Bombay. ..... Deceased.

Bai NAMATBAI, widow of Sulemanji Mulla Abdulali of Bombay Dawoodi Borah Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing at Mewawalla Lane, without the Fort of Bombay. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 31st day of August in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty seven and in the First year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and
Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI,

The 31st day of August, 1937.
Messrs. MOHILE PAREKH & MANECKLAL,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

6786

Auction Sales

SORABJI COWASJEE & CO.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY TO PERSONS DESIROUS OF INVESTING IN SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN.

Sale by the undersigned of Tin Factory together with its machinery, tools and stock-in-trade as a going concern situate at Joshi's Wadi, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay, belonging to the estate of the late Mr. Hassanally Abdulally under instructions from Mr. Sarafally Abdulally Receiver appointed in Bombay High Court Suit No. 1068 of 1936 (Bai Safiabai widow of Hassonally Abdulally and others v/s Bai Vajirboo widow of Abdulally Sheikhally and Another).

The sale will take place at the premises mentioned above on Monday the 13th September 1937 at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.)

25 per cent deposit will be required at the time of sale and full particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from Messrs. Vachha & Co. Attorneys for the Receiver, Yusuf Building, Churchgate Street, Fort, or Messrs. SOLOMON & CO., Attorneys for the Plaintiffs Spinner Building, Tamarind Lane, Fort, or from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,

Auction Sales

BANKER & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY (FRIDAY) at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at the corner of Medows and Hamam Street, Fort, of complete Dining, Drawing and Bed Room Furniture, Godrej and other Safes, Zunda Cabinet, Singer Machine, Remington Typewriter, Chesterfield Sets, Roll-top Table, etc. BANKER & CO.

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GANGAVATARAN

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ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

Daily: 5-15, 8, 10-30 p.m.
Matinee on Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays at 2-30 p.m.

Just a Soldier's way of loving a maiden!

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BIBBO,
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Now at

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CINEMA, Bombay.
Daily at 5-15, 8, 10-30 p.m.
Matinee at 2-30 on Sat., Sun and Holidays

ASTOUNDING FRENCH DISCOVERY!

RADIAURUM TREATMENT (Atomic Radium Gold Injections) positively cures Gonorrhoea and Syphilis from 2 to 4 days. Amazing, astounding, but nevertheless true. Has created a sensation among doctors, 100 p.c. better than 606, 914 arsenicals, mercurials, bismuth, vaccines or electric treatment. Speedy, rapid cure. No unpleasant reactions Laboratory proof of cure given. For this unique and exclusive French treatment consult free: CLINICAL DEPARTMENT, HERING & KENT, REAY HOUSE, 3rd Floor, Opp. Lloyd's Bank, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. Telephone No. 24297.

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BOMBAY PORT TRUST LOOKS UP

Surplus Of Nearly 15 Lakhs In 1936-37

The administration report of the Bombay Port Trust for the year 1936-37 clearly indicates that the Port of Bombay has earned its due share in the world-wide recovery from trade depression which was to be noticed everywhere in the year 1936-37.

PRIMARY PRODUCERS BENEFIT.

The salient feature of this recovery was the universal and rapid improvement in world commodity prices, whereby the purchasing power of primary producers revived and was accompanied by an extensive rise in freight rates and recovery in shipping. India, in common with other primary producing countries in the world, advanced another step forward on the road to recovery. Improvement was particularly marked in the prices of agricultural commodities and there was a definite tendency towards a better balance in the price relationship between agricultural commodities and manufactured goods.

According to the League of Nations' "Bulletin of Statistics" the gold value of world trade continued in 1936 the expansion which started slowly in 1935 after five years of rapid contraction. Although the value of trade in 1936 was 8.4 per cent. higher than in the preceding year, it still amounted only to 37.7 per cent. of its value in 1929. The quantum of world trade, which was 4 per cent. higher in 1936 than in the previous year, was just over 85 per cent. of its 1929 level.

SURPLUS OF 2.26 LAKHS

The result of the year's working was a surplus of Rs. 14.74 Lakhs on General Account as compared with a surplus of Rs. 2.26 lakhs last year. This satisfactory result was achieved both by an increase in revenue and a substantial reduction in expenditure. The increase in earnings occurred mainly under Railway, Land Estates and the Bunders. The traffic on the Railway was appreciably higher than last year, chiefly cotton, rice, seeds and manganese. The increased revenue from the Land Estates was due to enhanced occupations at the Cotton and Grain Depots and the Ryan Grain Market as well as from leaseholds.

In regard to the Bunders, although the tonnage dealt with was lower than last year due to less imports of sugar, coal and timber, the revenue increased mainly on account of larger importations of petrol and cotton. Receipts from the Docks, the principal revenue-earning department of the Trust, showed, however, no material variation as compared with last year or the year before. Although the earnings under docks wharfage on goods increased in consequence of larger exports of cotton, iron, manganese, groundnuts, oilcakes and seeds and imports of rice, this was offset by lower collections of ground and shed rents, due to reduction in the volume of imports and quicker clearances of goods.

REBATES GRANTED.

In view of the better prospects of trade, the Trustees extended their usual policy of granting relief to trade by reductions of rates and charges wherever possible. In addition to the reductions in charges previously made a rebate of 10 per cent. in pilotage charges was sanctioned with effect from 1st October 1936. The sur-tax of 12½ per cent. on certain charges in the Docks and Bunders scales of rates was reduced by a third viz. 8 1/3 per cent. with effect from 1st April 1937.

LABOUR ATTENDANCE

The Docks Hamallage (Labour) Department dealt with all demands for labour during the year and the attendance of the labourers continued to be satisfactory. The average number engaged daily was 1,888 and the maximum employed on a single day 4,184. The total volume of goods handled by Port Trust labour during 1936-37 amounted to 3,083,796 tons, the inclusive labour charges average 3.74 annas per ton as against 3.84 annas per ton in the preceding year.

The Bunders generally presented a busy appearance. Keen competition between the coasting steamship companies operating at the New Ferry Wharf resulted in substantial reductions in the passenger fares. Improved facilities for the handling of fresh fish have been provided at Sassoon Dock. Mechanically propelled fishing vessels are not coming into prominence and every inducement is being offered to the fish trade to increase its traffic.

GRAIN AND SEEDS TRADE

In regard to the Land Estates, there was a markedly increased demand for accommodation from the Grain and Seeds Trade. The development of the old Cotton Green, Appollo Reclamation, as a first class residential area has been practically completed, as the last building on the estate is now in course of erection. Arrangements have been made with the Municipality for widening and improving Arthur Bunder Road at the cost of the owners of the properties fronting the road, the Trustees' share of cost being estimated at Rs. 26,000. The Ryan Grain Market is fully let. About 4,950 square yards of land at Cumballa Hill adjoining the Chairman's bungalow has been leased to the Reserve Bank of India for con-

(Continued in Col. 3)

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

While a woman of 30 was lighting a Primus stove to boil water for tea, her sari caught fire, as a result of which she sustained injuries, and was removed to the J. J. Hospital for treatment where she died yesterday.

At the inquest on the woman to-day, it was stated by her father that he extinguished the flames and took her to the J. J. Hospital, where she died yesterday.

The Bombay Coroner's Jury passed a verdict of death by shock following extensive burns accidentally sustained from a Primus stove.

Lukshman Satvaj and his servant Madhav Bal were prosecuted before Mr W. K. Manker, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagoan, by the Excise Police on a charge of having adulterated toddy with a dangerous drug.

Mr. A. R Gadkari appeared for the defence and applied that the accused be released on the same bail offered to them by the Excise Police. The Magistrate made an order accordingly.

"That death was caused by shock from extensive burns, which the deceased had inflicted on herself," was the verdict passed by the Bombay Coroner's Jury at the inquest on the body of a Christian woman named Mary Daman Barse (25) residing at Palton Road Police lines, wife of a policeman, who died in the G. T. Hospital on Thursday morning.

CENTRAL BANK'S APPLICATION

Full Bench Hears It

A Full Bench of the High Court yesterday commenced the hearing of the application filed by the Central Bank against the order of the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, directing the Bank to allow Mr. P. D. Shamdasani inspection of its books in connection with his complaint against the auditors of the Bank.

The Magistrate's order, which is now being objected to by the Bank, was made in pursuance to a previous order of the High Court on Mr. Shamdasani's application.

The Full Bench consisted of the Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Rangnekar and Mr. Justice Norman. The case is proceeding.

Businessman Discharged

Apart from vile allegations there is no evidence to support the case of the complainant, was the observation made by Mr. W. K. Manker, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagoan, when he ordered the discharge of Mr. Hansraj, a prominent business man of Bombay who was charged at the instance of Mohamed Ismail of attempting to seduce his wife.

Mr. B. S. Barbreker appeared for the prosecution and Mr. J. D. Daver, Bar-at-Law defended the accused.

25 Gaming Arrests

Twenty-five persons arrested in the course of seven gaming raids in the city on Tuesday night, were placed before the Girgaum Court to-day.

C. P. M. On Validity Of Deportation Order

An order of deportation passed by the then Commissioner of Police, Mr. J. W. Rowlands, on Yar Muhammed Ahmed Khan, a lambardar of Chhachi Pathans, was held to be valid by Sir Hormuzdiar Dastur, Chief Presidency Magistrate, who sentenced the Pathan to pay a fine of Rs. 201 in default to undergo three months' rigorous imprisonment for contravening the order.

The case had aroused considerable interest because Yar Muhammud, the deported Pathan, had entered Bombay in contravention of the order passed by the Commissioner of Police, on legal advice, in order to test the validity of the order. Mr. J. W. Rowlands had been examined as a Court witness.

An order passed by the Commissioner of Police under Section 27 of the City Police Act is final and no appeal to a Judicial authority lies against it. But when any person is brought up before a Magistrate to suffer the penalty of such contravention, is it open to the Magistrate to consider the validity of the order?

Discussing this point, the Magistrate held that it was open to the Magistrate to go into the Validity of the order. In this case the Magistrate held that the order was quite valid, as the correct procedure had been followed and Yar Mahummad had been given an opportunity to offer his explanation.

Mr. Velkar conducted the prosecution; Messrs. A. R. Gadkari and Ambedkar appeared for the defence.

Mr. Madhubhai A. Gandhi, who returned to Bombay by Italian mail boat after completing four months' business tour of Europe.

(Continued From Col. 2)

struction of a residence for the Governor of the Bank. Land admeasuring 67,682 square yards at Wadala was leasead during the year for the erection of Petrol and Kerosene Oil installations.

"DUFFERIN" SCHOLARSHIIP

During the year report the Board revised the terms of the two scholarships of Rs. 100 per mensem each granted annually by them and tenable for a period of three years, to selected cadets of the I.M.M.T.S. *Dufferin*. In order to bring these scholarships more into line with similar scholarships awarded by the Government of India and other public bodies and companies, the value of the two scholarships was reduced to Rs 30 per mensem each with an equipment grant of Rs. 500 to meet the cost of uniform, technical instruments, books, etc., on first apprenticeship. The reduction applies to cadets selected in the year 1937 and thereafter. The Board also acquiesced in a request from the Government of India for a ten-year renewal of the lease of an area of 14,605 square yards on the Mazgaon-Sewri Reclamation used as a recreation ground for the *Dufferin* cadets. original lease was granted in 1927 at a nominal rental.

PROOF OF THE DANGER

Rough, jagged bristles pierce the gums—Round-End Bristle protects them

One glance at these two scientific photographs proves beyond doubt that Round-End bristle—exclusive in the Pro-phy-lac-tic Perma-Grip tooth brush—protects the gums while all other bristle must stab and scrape them. Find out in your own mouth how much more soothing a Pro-phy-lac-tic Perma-Grip is. Learn what it means to oral health to brush with bristle ends that are round and smooth instead of rough and saw-like.

Buy a Pro-phy-lac-tic Perma-Grip. Try it. You will never again want to use any other brush. Always sold in the yellow box.

Above—Photo-micrograph of ordinary bristle as it appears in all other tooth brushes. Magnified 16 times.

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Three Sizes: ADULT, YOUTH'S and CHILD'S

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BRAND'S ESSENCE OF CHICKEN

DURING AND AFTER ILLNESS

WHEN.... Pneumonia, Typhoid or Enteric have taken toll of your strength Brand's Essence of Chicken will quickly restore vitality and strength.

UNTOUCHED BY HAND—CONTAINS NO PRESERVATIVES

A care-free HAPPY LIFE depends upon GOOD HEALTH

" My whole family has benefited so much by the use of Kalzana that I only wish more would give it a trial,"

writes **Mrs. U., London.**

Mineral starvation is the cause of many troubles: children are often pale, irritable and handicapped by a slow development of bones and weak teeth; women suffer from irregular periods, pains and headaches; men are dizzy and tired after a hard day's work.

Kalzana—the mineral food for better health—supplies the necessary minerals to the cells of the muscles, blood, and nerves. By doing so, it strengthens the whole organism and increases its power of resistance in cases of illness and weakness. Good health is the best guarantee of happiness for the whole family.

Fight mineral starvation with

Kalzana

THE MINERAL FOOD FOR BETTER HEALTH

Obtainable of all Chemists and Bazars.

NOT TOUCHED BY HAND.

IT MUST BE RIGHT—this better blend. Only the right grades of Virginia leaf. Only those grades grown in the right districts. Only the right grades from the right districts, grown in the right years. Only . . . only . . . until finally we achieve—Capstan.

WILLS'S CAPSTAN MAGNUMS

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BETTER BUY CAPSTAN They're blended better

IMPORTED FROM LONDON

Clean, fresh, wholesome TATA'S COCONUT OIL

Sold in 2 lbs., 1½ lbs., 3 lbs., and 36 lb. tins

DON'T use coconut oil of doubtful origin and quality. Too often, it is unclean and a menace to health

Tata's Coconut Oil is extracted from the finest Malabar copra and is carefully filtered and clarified. Its purity and excellence are guaranteed.

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A dependable but harmless —LAXATIVE TABLET—

- Ensures perfect evacuation without any griping
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- Eats like chocolate and can be taken chewing

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Latest Gallops At Poona

Fiery Face, Ringsend And Himat Worth Following

THE TRACKS HAVE BEEN IN PERFECT ORDER AND SEVERAL USEFUL GALLOPS HAVE BEEN NOTED.

RINGSEND (Bromley) and a stable-mate went over nine furlongs at a strong pace. Former moved well and is fit.

CASH (Britt) covered nine furlongs on the tan at a rattling pace. Has improved.

HIMAT (Selby) and MYTHICAL MONK (Rylands) were well together at the end of a fast six. Both are in good fettle.

CARTOON (Jones) showed more speed than SHELL OUT (K Hassan) in a dash over five furlongs. Make a note of this one.

ROPE TRICK (B. McQuade) gave a speedy display for four furlongs.

SARASON (Maxwell) showed to better advantage than a stable companion in a fast burst over the five. Seldom runs up to track form.

KARAWAY (B. McQuade) and WHO'S WHO (Read) went over six furlongs and gave satisfaction. Latter should be noted as he is now down in the weights.

DANNY BOY (Rylands) moved like a fit horse over six furlongs.

DON TANCREDO (Munro) shaped creditably over five furlongs. Has been a long time coming to hand.

GRECIAN ORB (Read) gave a speedy display for six furlongs.

YES (B. McQuade) was at a slight advantage from MISS FOTIPHAR (Burn) at the end of a six furlongs' dash on the tan.

DIOMEDAL (Bell and HAVANA II (Burn) finished well together over the six. They are very well just now.

VANITY FAIR went four furlongs in attractive fashion. A nicely actioned filly with an outside chance on Saturday.

RISING RUN (Selby) did seven furlongs at a rousing pace. Very fit.

FIERY FACE (Maxwell), JAHAN ARA (Jones) and ZOZAN (Evans) had a working gallop over a mile and a half. All moved well and should figure prominently in the Cup race.

KRISHNA (Britt) negotiated the mile and a half very satisfactorily. All is well with him.

AL MUQBIL (Burn) pleased in a task 9 furlongs' run.

AMIR (Marrable) went a half mile spurt on the monsoon rack and gave satisfaction.

HARRY JOHNSON (E. Britt), IRAQ BAHADUR (Obaid) and GANI (J. Britt) were tried together over the six. They shaped prominently and are obviously in top hole fettle.

BURGESS (Read) went a fast six furlongs in a manner which suggests that he is in good racing trim.

RAJPUT (Burn) and WALK OVER (Jones) were almost level at the end of brisk six furlongs. Fit horses.

BAHAR NEEL (B. McQuade) accounted for ADVOCATE (H. McQuade) when the pair contested six furlongs.

TARICK BEG (Thompson) held SA'AMI in a dash over six furlongs.

The following have worked well: THOUSAND DOLLARS, CLEOPATRA, SILVER STAR, TIMIAT and GREEK ARTIST.

Acceptances For Poona Races

First Race—2-30 p.m.

THE BEDOUIN PLATE Div III
Distance—6 Furlongs

Winner Rs 1,700; Second Rs 600; Third Rs 250. A Handicap for Arabs in Classes I and II.

Walk Over 9-4; Iraq Bahadur 9-4; Harry Johnson 8-1; Tarick Beg 8-10; Mahmood Beg 8-10; Watchmaker II 8-5; Advocate 8-2; Mosul King 8-2; Thousand Dollars 8-0; Silver Star 7-13; Kananah 7-11; Mulzoom 7-6; Desert Prince 7-6

Second Race—3-0 p.m.

THE INDIAN BREEDERS STAKES
Distance—1 Mile.

Winner Rs 4,000; Second Rs 1,250; Third Rs 500

For Indian horses three, four and five years old only (i.e. Horses foaled in 1934, 1933 and 1932). 3 years old—Colts to carry 7st 5lbs; Fillies and Geldings 7st. 2lbs; 4 years old—Colts to carry 8st. 8lbs. Fillies and Geldings 8st. 5lbs. 5 years old—Horses to carry 9st. 1lb; Mares and Geldings 8st. 12lbs.

Penalties—Winners after 31st March, 1935, of a race value Rs. 3,000 or over 7lbs. Winners after the above date, of races of the aggregate value of Rs 8,000 or over, 5lbs in addition to the above penalty.

True Man 9-6; School for Scandal 8-5; Vijayamala 8-5; Rising Sun 8-5; Vanity Fair 7-2; Cherie 7-2.

Third Race—3-30 p.m.

THE BEDOUIN PLATE Div II
Distance—6 Furlongs.

Winner Rs 1,700; Second Rs 600; Third Rs 250. A Handicap for Arabs in Classes I and II.

Rajput 9-4; Iraq Gift 8-2; Taj Nizam 9-0; Majid Pasha 9-0; No Limit 9-0; Bahar Neel 9-0; Nur Jehan 8-13; Amir 8-12; Sa'ami 8-6; Gani 8-1; Gold 7-12; Timiat 7-12; Honest Beauty 7-5; Gold Mine 7-5; The Leader 7-4; Soufa 7-2.

Fourth Race—4-0 p.m.

THE AUTUMN PLATE Distance—about 1 1/2 Miles.

Winner Rs 5,000; Second Rs 1,700; Third Rs 800. A Handicap for all Horses.

Corcy 9-7; On Time 9-5; Etessam 8-9; Ringsend 8-9; Ballylinch 8-9; Cash 8-1; Winning Post 8-0; Heritance 7-12; Roval Task 7-7; Cybo 7-2; Kirkibost 7-2.

Fifth Race—4-30 p.m.

THE GOVERNOR'S CUP Distance —R. C. and Distance.

A Cup value Rs 1,000 presented by H E The Right Hon'ble Lord Brabourne, G.C.I.E., M.C. and Rs 10,000 from the Fund. Winner the Cup and Rs 7,000; Second Rs 2,000; Third Rs 1,000. A Handicap for Arabs in Class I

Jahan Ara 9-2; Al Hamil 9-0; Al Muqbil 9-0; Taj Shamama 8-0; Krishna 8-4; Zozan 8-4; Bushboos 8-4; Nassirwan 8-2; Fiery Face 8-2; Fata Kashaf 7-12; Starlight 7-9; Ajwad 7-7; Dilawar 7-7; Taj Subhan 7-5; Ghaffah 7-5.

Sixth Race—5-0 p.m.

THE NEWCASTLE PLATE. Distance—6 Furlongs.

Winner Rs 2,500; Second Rs 750; Third Rs 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Paper Boy 9-7; Heritage 9-4; Grenadier 9-0; Plymouth 8-10; Budapest 8-10; Bastion 8-7; Who's Who 8-5; Garden Warbler 8-4; Havana II 7-10; Tipperary 7-10; New Radnor 7-7; Be Brave 7-7; Don Tancredo 7-7; Monster 7-5.

Seventh Race—5-30 p.m.

THE PADDOCK PLATE. Distance —6 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 4,250 Second Rs 1,400; Third Rs. 600. A Handicap for Horses in Class II.

Mythical Monk 9-0; Shell Out 9-0; Gay Pop 8-12; Oceanus 8-11; Himat 8-11; Sarason 8-4; Desert Hero 7-10; Danny Boy 8-2; Tatyoon 8-2; Harem 7-10; Staff Officer 7-10; Greek Artist 7-10; Karaway 7-5; Fred Stephens 7-5.

Eighth Race—6-0 p.m.

THE BEDOUIN PLATE Div. I. Distance—6 Furlongs

Winner Rs 3,500; Second Rs for Arabs in Classes I and II.

Violence 9-10; Mamluk al Iraq 9-4; Yanoos 7-7; Karam Allah 9-2; Yawir Awar 9-0; Reform 8-13; Samra Layali 8-9; Vershan 8-7; Burgess 8-3; The Duke 8-3; Amirulmulk 7-9; Argonaut 7-6; Al Saffah 7-0; Aziza 7-2.

ZOROASTRIAN CO-OP. CREDIT BANK

Three Per Cent. Dividend For Shareholders

The tenth report of the Managing Committee of the Zoroastrian Co-operative Credit Bank for the year which ended on June 30, 1937 shows that it has made a net profit of Rs 4,550. After adding 25 per cent of it i.e. Rs. 1,073 to the Reserve Fund, there was a balance of Rs. 3,477 for appropriation. The Managing Committee, therefore recommended a 3 per cent dividend to shareholders.

The number of shareholders increased from 970 to 1,002 and subscribed paid-up capital from Rs 89,775 to Rs. 91,925. The total number of loans granted increased from 624 to 704 and the total of all deposits from 2,18,000 to 2,58,000.

AMERICAN TENNIS

FORESTHILLS, Sept. 9.

In the American Lawn Tennis Championships quarter-finals of Ladies Singles Dorothy Bundy (daughter of May Sutton ex-Wimbledon champion) beat the holder, Miss Alice Marble by 1/6, 7/5, 6/1. Miss Marble was within a couple of points to match in the second set. Miss Bundy with stinging forehanders and sparkling volleying led 5/0 in the third set.

Senorita Lizana beat Mrs. Vanryn (United States) by 6/1, 6/1.

In Men's Singles Von Cramm (Germany) beat Bryan Grant (United States) by 9/7, 2/6, 2/6, 6/3, 6/3 and Robert Riggs (United States) beat Charle's Hare (Great Britain) 4/6, 1/6, 6/3, 6/0 and 7/5. —Reuter.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay Programme

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.

A.M.

8-30 Recitation from Quran-i-Sharif. Moulvi Gulam Mohammad Kamar. 8-45 Light Music. S. G. Ranade.

Noon.

12-0 "With the Instrumentalists."

P.M.

1-0 Available Market Rates and Announcements. Listen While You Lunch. 6-0 A Bengali Tune. The VUB Artists. 6-15 Talk (Marathi): "Your Child's Looks." The feet—the carriage. Dr. Koyna Sawe. 6-30 To the Bhumijan. A programme arranged for the villager. (The News in Marathi and Time Signal at 7-0 p.m.) 7-30 Popular Songs. 8-30 Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9-0 "Behind the Gateway." Compared by "Onlooker." 9-15 The News. 9-30 Jan Kiepura (Tenor.) 9-45 Piano Duets. 10-0 The "Viceroy of India" Orchestra. Leader, Harry Dannell.

Delhi Programme

VUD 349.13 metres, 882 kc/s.

A.M.

7-0 Recitation from the Quran-i-Sharif (Text and Translation.) 7-15 Lali Bai. 7-55 Dance Tune on Piano, Violin and Tabla. 8-5 Barkat Ali of Lahore. Thumri. 8-40 The News. (Hindustani). 8-50 The News. (English).

P.M.

12-30 Indian Music. 6-0 AIR Orchestra. Tilang. 6-10 Barkat Ali Khan of Lahore. 6-50 Alap and Gat Pilu on Sarod. 6-55 Lali Bai. 7-30 "For Villagers Only." (Time Signal and Delhi Market Rates at 8-0 p.m.) 8-15 Talk (Hindustani): 'Seven Delhis."—No. 2 By Prof. Said Ahmed. 8-30 A Poetical Symposium. 9-15 The News and Weather Report. (Hindustani). 9-30 The News and Weather Report. (English.) 9-45 Talk (English): "In the Shadow of the Acropolis." No. 5. The Greeks as Sculptors—Springtime. By W. J. Bradnock. 10-0 An Hour of Live Dance Music.

Mysore Programme

WL.70 and 49.3; Frq. 4.2 and 6.03 Mc/s.

P.M.

7-0 to 9-0 (i) Hindustani Music. (ii) Readings from Urdu Literature. (iii) Mysore News.

FEEL AS YOUNG AS YOUR SON

Restore and keep that boyish enthusiasm for life! Be bright and cheerful by keeping yourself clean internally by taking Beecham's Pills! This World-famous medicine will keep you free from Headaches, Indigestion, Constipation, Biliousness, Liverishness, etc.

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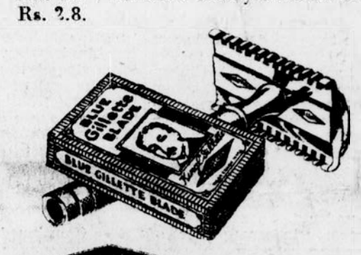
Blue Gillettes are designed to fit Gillette razors perfectly. The two work together as a team to give not only the greatest number of shaves per blade, but also the cheapest, cleanest, easiest shaves it is possible to have.

The No. 77 Gillette Utility Set costs only Rs. 2.8.



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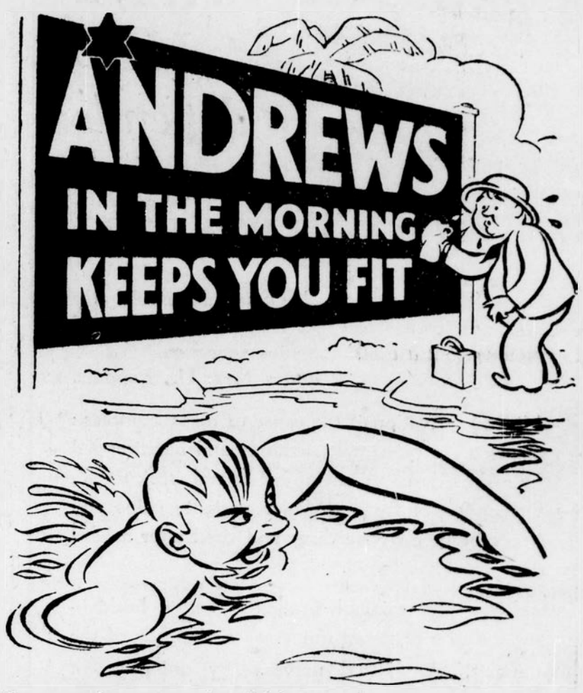
12 ANNAS FOR 5

I.G.D.



Few exercises are so beneficial as Swimming. But to enjoy swimming you should be fit. To be fit—to keep fit—you should drink a regular glass of bubbly Andrews. Pleasant-tasting and refreshing, Andrews effectively yet gently maintains the daily healthful regularity so essential to perfect fitness. Andrews cleanses—cools—invigorates. Enjoy your morning glass—enjoy the day-long fitness and alertness it brings you.

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Don't expose yourself to mosquitoes and malaria by using weak "insecticides"!

Flit is most deadly to insects because it contains a combination of killing agents found in no other insecticide. Flit spray does not stain and is harmless to humans and animals. Beware of all substitutes that masquerade under the name of Flit. Each Flit tin is sealed to protect you from fraudulent refilling. Always insist on the famous yellow tin with the Flit soldier and black band—your guarantee of getting the one and only Flit.

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Enjoy the holiday week as
JESSIE MATTHEWS
sings, dances and provides new comedy and romance in
"HEAD OVER HEELS"
A treat for all.

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DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
SHOVE OFF WITH THE MARINES, TONIGHT!

THE PICTURE THAT HAS STARTLED TWO CONTINENTS!
LLOYDS of LONDON
starring
Freddie BARTHOLOMEW and Madeleine CARROLL
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SIR GUY STANDING • TYRONE POWER
C. Aubrey Smith • Virginia Field
AND A MAMMOTH CAST
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A 20th Century-Fox Picture
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FREE LIST SUSPENDED

NEW EMPIRE
NEWLY FURNISHED—NEWLY DECORATED—NEWLY DESIGNED.
Daily 4, 6-30 and 10 p. m.
NOW SHE'S SINGING WITH A SWING IN THE GAYEST OF ALL HER HITS!

GRACE MOORE
When You're in Love
with CARY GRANT
Written and Directed by ROBERT RISKIN
A COLUMBIA PICTURE

Also Showing COLUMBIA'S COLOUR RHAPSODY.
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SOHRAB MODY and Lovely NASEEM
(The never-to-be forgotten team of Hamlet)
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THE CROWNING ACHIEVEMENT OF THEIR DISTINGUISHED FILM CAREER
IN
MINERVA'S BIGGEST MELODRAMATIC SMASH HIT
Khan Bahadur
Directed by: SOHRAB MODI
A DRAMATIC STORY OF PRESENT DAY SOCIETY
AS MODERN AS TO-MORROW
AS EXCITING AS TO-DAY
A Picture for every community
COMM: FROM SAT. 11TH SEPTEMBER
AT THE
MINERVA TALKIES
DAILY at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p. m.
MATINEE at 2-30 p. m. on Sundays and Holidays.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-Day

Hindu: Bhadarva Sud 6, 1993
Muslim: Rajab 4, 1356
Parsi: Farvardin 5, 1307
Hightide: 2-46; 14-28
Lowtide: 8-22; 20-36
Sunrise: 6h 25m
Sunset: 6h 47m

ADDRESS TO DR. SOLANKI

Mahyavanshi Kshatriyas will present an address to Dr. P. G. Solanki at the Sir C. J. Hall to-day (Friday) at 10-30 p.m.

Y. M. H. A.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta will deliver a public lecture in the premises of the Association, Vithalbhai Patel Road, to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. on "A glance at Bombay Budget

LATE KESARBAI

A public meeting of condolence for the sad demise of late Kesarbai, to whose munificent monetary help the public owes Kesarbag, will be held to-day (Friday) at Kesarbag at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.).

GILDER TO LAY FOUNDATION

Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Minister for Public Health, will lay the Foundation Stone of "Dr. Cecilia D'Monte Block" in the compound of the Cama Hospital to-day (Friday) at 5-30 p.m

DEVRUKHE BRAHMIN SANGH

A meeting of the members of Devrukhe Brahmin community will be held to-da (Friday) at 9 p.m. at 15-17 Dr. Deshmukh Lane, Vithalbhai Patel Road, to bid farewell to Mr. Raghunathrao Pimputkar, who is sailing to England for the Bar.

S. I. SANGEETHA SABHA

Vidwan Nott Annaji Rao, Sangeetha Bhushanam M. D. Parthasarathi and other eminent amateur artistes from South will stage in Tamil "Nandanar" at 4-30 p.m (S.T.) on Saturday the 11th instant at the Damodhar Thakersey Hall, Parel.

PUNJAB JAINS' PROTEST

The Shree Punjab Jain Bhratri Sabha, Bombay, has passed a resolution on Sunday last protesting against the proposed construction of an abattoir at Lahore, and requesting the Punjab Government and the Government of India to abandon the scheme.

ASTHIKA SAMAJ

Brahmashree Vidvan Vasudevan Nambudhiri Avi, the well-known expounder of Bhagavatham in Guruvayoor, is conducting a series of discourses in Malayalam on Shree Krishna Charithram at the Samaj Hall daily commencing from 5th September, 1937 at 8-45 p.m. on week days and at 4-30 p.m. on Sundays and holidays.

ADULT EDUCATION

Profs. Pandit, Wadia and Bartley will meet their students in Metaphysics, Polital Theory and Psychology of Reading, respectively, in the University Building, and Rev. Fr. Llorens in Spanish in St. Xavier's College to-day (Friday) at the usual time.

POSTAL NOTICES

Registered and unregistered mails for Straits Settlements, per s.s. 'Chilka' via Negapatam will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 3 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Saturday the 11th instant.

Mails for British and Portuguese East Africa Tanganyika Territory, Zanzibar, Union of South Africa, Lourenzo, Marques, Rhodesia and Nyasaland per s.s. 'Tairea' will be accepted at the Bombay General Post Office as shown below:—

Parcel mail upto 5 p.m. on Tuesday the 14th September 1937.

Registered and unregistered correspondence upto 12 noon on Wednesday the 15th September 1937.

Registered and unregistered correspondence only for Mauritius, Reunion, and Madagascar Ports, will also be accepted up to 12 noon on Wednesday the 15th September 1937 for despatch by the above steamer.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"The Singing Marine" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
EMPIRE—"When You're in Love" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Head Over Heels" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"Clancy of the Mounted" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Captain Kirtikumar" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m
KRISHNA—"Pingala" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Gulbadan" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Beyond the Horizon" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Gangavataran" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
PALACE—Rainbow on the River" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Frontiers of Freedom" Daily at 5-15, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m
REGAL—"Lloyds of London" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Savitri" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"A Day at the Races" Time as usual
WEST END—"Anathashram" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

PRESS & ART CLUB OF INDIA

Under the auspices of the Press and Art Club of India, there will be a lecture to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. in the Drawing Room of the Taj Mahal Hotel, when Sir Richard Temple will speak on "The Motion Picture as a Means of Propaganda". The lecture is free and open to the public.

PROTEST AGAINST SLAUGHTER HOUSE AT LAHORE

The meeting of the Bombay Kharek Bazar and Mewa Merchants' Association has sent a telegram protesting against the slaughter house at Lahore, to the Viceroy, the Commander-in-Chief, the Governor of Punjab, and the Prime Minister of Punjab.

The Bombay Shroff Association and the Jhalawadi Sthanakwasi Jain Sabha also have sent similar telegrams.

ADDRESS TO BOMBAY MINISTRY

A congratulatory address will be presented to the Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister and other Ministers of the Government of Bombay jointly on behalf of the Marwadi Chamber of Commerce, Bombay Bullion Exchange and the Hindustani Native Merchants' Association in the hall of the Nar Narayan"s temple at Kalbadevi Road, today (Friday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) sharp. The function is open to the members of the said Associations and other invitees.

"MUSLIMS AND EDUCATIONAL POLICY OF GOVERNMENT"

Under the auspices of the Majlis-i-Awam, Mr Hafiz Ali Bahadur Khan will deliver a lecture on "The new Educational policy of the Government with special reference to its effect on Muslim education in the presidency" today (Friday) at 9 p.m. at the Neighbourhood House, New Nagpada. The lecture will be in Urdu.

GANESH UTSAV IN CITY AND SUBURBS

BANDRA: Balmohan Mela of Malad 9 p.m.

GOREGAON MARWARI CHAWL: Bhairav Shastri's Prabachan 11 p.m.

SARDAR HIGH SCHOOL: Mimics by Prof. Rangrao 2 p.m. Ballads by Mr. Khadilker 5-30 p.m.

KALYAN ANDHRA ASSOCIATION: Haldi-Kunku 4-30 p.m. to 6 p.m. M. S. Krishnarao on "Problem before Youth" 9 p.m.

Y. M. H. A.; Mantrajonkar 9 a.m

KALYAN S. I. ASSOCIATION: Comics by M. V. S. Iver 8-30 p.m.

GHODAPDEO; Mr. Chandrakant Punsker's Mimics 7-30 p.m.; Mr. S. K. Patil on "Congress Prohibition Policy" in Marathi and Arunoday Bala Mela 9 p.m. to 1 a.m.

LAMINGTON ROAD: Prof. Nanivadeker— ballads 7-30 p.m.; Prahasan—"Samaj Bandhan" by Kalamandal 10 p.m.

HINDU SABHA MATUNGA: Mr. S. A. Dange on "Congress Budgets" 9 p.m.

DADABHOY NAOROJI JAYANTI

To-day's Public Meeting

Under the joint auspices of the Dadabhoy Naoroji Memorial Association, the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, Bombay Presidency Association, Social Service League, the Parsi Central Association and Muslim Students' Union, the death anniversary of the late Mr. Dadabhoy Naoroji will be celebrated at the Blavatsky Lodge, Chaupatty, at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) to-day when Mrs. Sufi Tyebji, Messrs. M. C. Chagla, B. G. Horniman, Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Mavji Govindji, and others will speak on the life and work of the Grand Old Man of India. The meeting is open to the public.

Bye-Election Of Congress Delegate In Parle

Vile Parle Congress Committee has accepted the resignation of Sjt. Ratubhai N. Desai. The President of the Vile Parle Congress Committee has invited nominations, duly proposed and seconded, before 6 p.m. (S.T.) on Tuesday, the 14th inst.

The candidates are required to be habitual wearer of hand spun and hand woven Khaddar.

Members registered upto 30th September, 1936 and new members enrolled upto 16th June, 1937, will be eligible to vote and contest.

The election will be held on 16th inst. (Thursday) if there are more than one nomination. The nomination should be sent to the President Congress Committee at Lajpatrai Road, Vile Parle.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

The Ganesh Festival, which commenced on Wednesday, is now being celebrated in pomp and devotion in the suburbs.

In Khar a twelve-day programme is being gone through, when series of dramatic performances and ladies' orchestral concerts and a performance by Khar's Harijan community will be staged.

To-morrow Mrs. Indirabai Joshi, who has recently returned from Japan, is to give a talk on "The Life of Women in Japan." This ought to prove very interesting and crowded audience is expected. All these celebrations are taking place in the C. P. K. Hall, at Khar.

SUBURBAN MEDICAL AID.

The problem of suburban medical aid is being closely tackled in the closer area of the suburbs, but further down medical aid is quite unknown.

Recently a meeting of the residents of Dharavi was held in the Uttan Parish School Hall in connection with the proposal to establish a free dispensary at Uttan.

The meeting expressed great satisfaction at the progress of collection for the purpose of a free dispensary. The amount being Rs 1,700

The meeting also recorded its appreciation for the keen interest taken by Capt. Dr. de Silva, Civil Surgeon, Thana in the cause of a free dispensary.

The meeting finally terminated with a resolution expressing satisfaction at the decision of Government to enforce prohibition. Mr. J. B. C. Noronha, President of the North Salsette, Taluka Board, was in the chair.

SWIMMING POOLS.

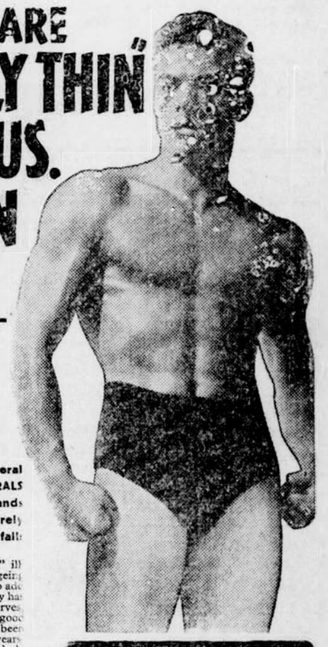
As the popularity of Bandra is on the increase, the need has now fallen on the Municipalities to provide more amenities,. A correspondent writes that Bandra has many spots where swimming pools could be made at a very little cost. Land's End, he says, would be an ideal spot for these pools.

Mercantile Bank Of India's Interim Dividend

The Manager, Mercantile Bank of India, Bombay, writes:

We beg to advise receipt of a telegraphic advice from our London Office intimating that the Board of Directors have declared an interim dividend for the half-year ending 30th June, 1937, at the rate of 12 per cent per annum, less income tax.

SPECIAL PARSI TRAIN TO POONA
SUNDAY 12th SEPTEMBER 1937.
Return Ticket Rs. 3/4 inclusive of
FREE ADMISSION TO POULTRY ON SHOW
At 11, Connaught Road, Poona
NEARLY 800 EXCURSIONISTS — — — — —
— — — — — JUST A FEW TICKETS LEFT
Tickets obtainable at:—
FAREDOON & BURJOR, Dhobi Talao
BALIWALA HOMI, Fort
PERRY & CO., Grant Road.

EVEN IF YOU ARE "NATURALLY THIN" ILL, NERVOUS, RUNDOWN

Gain Perfect Health, Renewed energy, A Rejuvenated Body and 5 lbs. of Firm Flesh in 10 days without use of Drugs!
"VIKELP" Tablets, the amazing Mineral Concentrate from the sea, rich in MINERALS and FOOD IODINE, is building up thousands of nervous, thin, run-down, prematurely ageing men and women where all else fails
There is hope now for "Naturally Skinny," ill, weak, run-down, ailing people who are ageing before their time and who do not seem able to add an ounce no matter what they eat. A new way has been found to gain vibrant energy, strong nerves, radiant health, and add flattering pounds of good solid flesh even on men and women who have been underweight, run-down and ailing for years. Gains of 5 lbs. in 10 days are reported regularly (20-40 lbs. a month not uncommon).
"VIKELP" Tablets, the easily assimilable MINERAL and FOOD IODINE concentrate from the Pacific Ocean, get right down to the underlying cause of thin, nervous, run-down conditions, add pounds of solid flesh and improve health and energy by a "2-ways-in-1" natural process.
First, it's rich supply of the 12 ESSENTIAL LIFE-GIVING MINERALS stimulates the digestive glands which produce the juices that alone enable you to digest the weight-making elements in your daily diet. And these minerals are needed by virtually every organ and for every function of the body. Second, "VIKELP" Tablets are rich in natural FOOD IODINE—a mineral needed by the vital organ which regulates metabolism, the process through which the body is constantly building firm solid flesh, new strength, health and energy. Six "VIKELP" Tablets contain more natural FOOD IODINE than 486 lbs. Spinach. More Iron and Copper than 2 lbs. Spinach or 15 lbs. Fresh Tomatoes. More Calcium than 5 lbs. of White Rice. More Phosphorus than 3 lbs. Carrots. *Absolutely free from drugs.* After eating "VIKELP" Tablets for a few days the food you eat no longer clogs the system but turns to solid flesh. Not only is your body rejuvenated but premature impotency, sterility, faulty metabolism, constipation, gastritis, goitre, rheumatism, and other systemic illnesses are corrected or disappear entirely. Resistance is built up against malaria. Whatever you've tried before, try "VILELP" Tablets. Your own doctor will approve this way. Notice how it makes you feel wonderful, eat, sleep
How VIKELP'S PRECIOUS MINERALS IMPROVE HEALTH and REGULATE WEIGHT

Its rich supply of	Corrects
IODINE	Skininess, goitre, low vitality, faulty metabolism.
IRON	Anaemia, headaches.
CALCIUM	Rickets, eczema tooth decay
PHOSPHORUS	Brain fag, neurasthenia.
SODIUM	Indigestion, kidney trouble
POTASSIUM	Constipation, acidosis.
MAGNESIUM	Nervousness, skin diseases
SULPHUR	Rheumatism, liver trouble
MANGANESE	General debility, gout.

ALSO VITAMINS A, B_1, B_2, D, E,

and work better with more vitality and vigour. Watch flattering pounds appear in place of scrawny hollows. "VIKELP" Tablets cost but a few annas a day to use. Obtainable everywhere.
SPECIAL FREE OFFER
Write today for fascinating instructive 50-page Book on how to Add Weight Quickly, Build Strength, Energy, Strong Nerves and Rich Red Blood. Mineral contents of food and their effects on the Human Body. New facts about MINERALS, IODINE and VITAMINS. Standard weight and measurement charts. Daily menus for weight normalisation—absolutely free! No obligation. Muller &
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Don't let Sour Stomach and Acid Indigestion keep you from enjoying the good things of life—get prompt, effective relief with that marvelous new product of Medical Science—
Alka-Seltzer
No longer need you suffer with that disagreeable, uncomfortable, bloated feeling after meals. No longer need you refrain from eating or drinking the things you like because your stomach rebels. No longer need you endure the pain of Sour Stomach, Indigestion, Gas on the Stomach, Heartburn, Headaches and other common ailments caused by Excess Acidity.

Whenever any of these troubles bother you, just drop an Alka-Seltzer tablet in a glass of water and drink the pleasanf-tasting solution it makes. Almost before you know it, your pain and discomfort will disappear. Yes, and Alka-Seltzer does more than just relieve pain—it also corrects the cause of your trouble.
There is nothing else on the market like Alka-Seltzer—nothing equal to it. Millions who have suffered from Stomach Troubles for years say it is the most marvelous preparation ever developed. It is guaranteed
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"ALKA-SELTZER relieves me of stomach wind and refreshes me so much that I can keep on with my housework."
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If unobtainable at your Chemists send Rs 2- for large size, or Re. 1- for small size with your chemist's name to Dodge & Seymour Ltd., 3 Wittet Road, Bombay.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1937

MR. SASTRI'S FEARS

Addressing the students of the Law College of Madras on Monday on "certain incipient dangers to our politics" Mr. Srinivasa Sastri made out that these dangers came from the Congress. He complained that the Congress Ministries were unduly influenced by the Working Committee and that the Provincial Legislatures were not given "the supremacy" which they ought to possess under Parliamentary Government. The Ministers, he said, considered themselves "not servants of the legislatures but still exponents of Congress opinion, bound to listen only to the behests of the Congress leaders and not bound, to the some extent, at all events, to the views expressed by the legislatures." Not only were the legislatures "drawing less attention to themselves than the proceedings of the Congress Working Committee, but the Congress organisation had appointed certain persons to look after, to supervise, to guide and advise some provincial Governments," and these persons "were clothed with over-riding power over the Ministries, the Ministries and Parliaments who worked with them were reduced to a position of subordination" which seemed to him "very inappropriate, if not objectionable." Mr. Sastri reads with alarm statements from Congress leaders containing the words "the Prime Minister and his colleagues hold power, hold office only under the Congress Executive, and they will resign office the moment the Congress Executive order them to do so." This is obviously a reference to the Congress President's various articles and speeches emphasising the Congress Minister's supreme responsibility to the Congress Executive. Mr. Sastri objects to such a position on the plea that the Congress represents only one party and therefore has less representative character than the legislatures which, he says, represent all parties.

Nation's Respresentative

We have, we suppose, accurately presented Mr. Sastri's views and as far as possible in his own words. The gist of his speech is that the Congress is less representative than the legislatures and, therefore, should, in the interests of democracy refrain from giving any mandate to a Congress Ministry contrary to the wishes of the legislatures. If so, that is a position which Congress cannot accept. In the first place the Congress cannot accept the view that it is less representative than the legislatures, constituted as at present. Rather the Congress claims, and rightly claims, to be more representative of the vast bulk of the Indian nation than any other political body in the country. It also claims to be the foremost body uncompromisingly standing for nationalist interests as distinguished from communal and provincial interests. And to this fact must be attributed the success of the Congress at the elections. Where it has not succeeded to the extent its deserves, it is because of the new Constitution deliberately and unduly emphasising communal and other narrow sectional interests in its electoral system. The Congress is also the only body which, reflecting the wishes of the masses, uncompromisingly fights for complete independence subordinating all other interests to this supreme objective.

Democratic Control

Justly claiming, therefore, to be more representative than any other political body in the country, central or provincial, the Congress has every right to give, on necessary occasions, a mandate to a Congress Ministry even contrary to that of the provincial legislature concerned. Often enough it may be its duty to do so. There is another important reason why it may give such a mandate. The Congress has long been pledged to a certain policy and programme which have also been accepted by the bulk of the nation. It is, therefore, the duty of the Congress Executive to issue mandates requiring a Congress Ministry to carry out that policy and programme even against the pressure of a local legislature, allowing the Ministry due latitude only in respect of details in accordance with local conditions. Still another important reason why the Congress Executive should control a Congress Ministry is that the Congress is the only body effectively coordinating the policies of provincial Congress Ministries in the larger interests of the nation, against the possible pressure of the narrow provincial interests in a legislature, imperfectly constituted as it is. Finally, the nation itself wants the Congress to control the Ministries effectively against every anti-Congress force. The people, indeed, want more rather than less control by the Congress over the Ministries. The Congress control, therefore, is thoroughly democratic. It is effective because it is democratic. And the real incipient danger is the tendency for narrow sectional interests, provincial and communal, to compromise the national policy of the Congress. A true Liberal should beware of unconsciously encouraging such narrow anti-national tendencies.

Mediterranean Conference

Blatant hypocrisy is the keynote of the Italian Government's declaration on the Soviet note of protest. The "grave and delicate situation" which is said to have arisen is certainly not of Moscow's making. And the statement that "an air of pessimism has settled over political circles to all intents and purposes and the Nyon Conference is regarded as dead" is in the nature of diplomatic blackmail. The threat that Italy will almost certainly ignore the second Russian Note and would sever diplomatic relations if Russia sent a third Note furnishing proof of the ships sunk by Italian submarines betrays a guilty conscience. The idea seems to be to coerce Britain and France into refraining from a searching investigation of the Submarine Menace. What is significant is that these two Powers are already displaying marked timidity in this respect and by excluding Italian submarine attacks on Soviet ships from the scope of the Conference they have directly played into the hands of Mussolini. If this attitude persists the Nyon Conference is, indeed, as good as dead. If, however, Britain and France adopt a firm attitude at the Conference, Italy will think twice before she defies the decision of the Powers attending it.

Duty Of The Police

Addressing a conference of Police Officers on Tuesday, Sir Gulam Hussain Hidayatullah said: "Under the new conditions created by Provincial Autonomy all of us are servants of the people and not masters. This point must never be absent from our mind and must be particularly impressed upon all your subordinates." That is a right ideal for all public servants, particularly the police. But, unfortunately, the police in this country have, for years past, sought to boss over the people, particularly the ignorant and the poor. This has been often acknowledged by many just judges and magistrates. However, things are changing fast enough for the better, even in India. The responsibility of the police to a responsible Minister has already achieved almost a miracle. A police force can be said to have served well to the extent it befriends the public and enlists their co-operation.

WHOM SHOULD WE FOLLOW?

Basis Of Germano-Japanese Industrial Organization

(BY: "OBSERVATEUR").

The speeches of the majority of members of the Bombay Assembly who tried to contribute to the debate on the Budget proposals easily strike one as much too disconnected and lacking in any qualitative content to be effective.

A Portent

Some of them indeed, seemed hardly to rise, above the highest level of the typical school debate echoing, as they did, the long-washed out phrases of the essays of our nonage. Whether it was the absolete text-book 'industrial revolution' or hypothetical, idealised industrial development in countries like Japan and Germany that was reeled off, it hardly touched anywhere the realities of the problem. It is, of course, quite significant that we should be asked to emulate the example of Japan and Germany in their industrial organisation and the significance is explained by the fact that we have here the potential forces that make possible the sweat shops of Japanese industrial production and the labour gangs' (with their unhappy associations that bridge the past with the present with its defeat and danger to civilisation)

Myth Of Japan

What, however, the naive and uncertain admirers of Japanese industry fail to stress is the real character of the Japanese technique of industrial production while evoking the glories of its achievement. It is a notorious fact that, inspite of the well-advertised cheap electricity and private ownership of small factories by whole families, the entire Japanese technique of production, both agricultural and industrial, is primitive. It certainly cannot compare with the European technique any more than the Japanese working class could stand comparison with that of any of the non-totalitarian state with its higher social standard of living and improved conditions of employment. The governing-class of Japan suppresses ruthlessly any expression of discontent or protest against the conditions of existence imposed on the Japanese masses and all competent observers prophesy that if Japan were checked in her military aggression in north China, a revolution would break out in the country.

Back To Slavery

Conditions of German industry are, by all impartial accounts, as desperate. During the last four years of Nazi rule, the German industrialists have managed to consolidate their position and inspite of the enterprising, world wide propaganda, the conditions of the German working-class have progressively grown worse. Whether a cowed down German working-class carries out the commands of its masters or whether its resistance has inevitably been driven underground, the fact remains that life under totalitarian institutions which exist primarily to safeguard the interests of the masters of heavy industries, armaments manufacture and other manufacture and other capitalist enterprise, is intolerable and has stabilised the kind of slavery that European civilisation till recently boasted had disappeared.

Germany's Economic Programme

The tendency, in these days so much in evidence amongst practically all important countries to aim at self-sufficiency and to so regulate the pace of industrial production as to create conditions favourable to that aim, is discernible in the German effort to make up for the shortage of raw materials by beginning to set up synthetic production. Both the codification of labour and taking over of food supplies by force have each for their aim the achievement of the ideal of self-sufficiency that could enable the Nazi dictatorship to pursue its political and military strategy with a certain amount of success. The movement is both defensive in covering up the weakness of German economy by purely dictatorial control and offensive in fulfilling an armaments programme, that, with a strengthened Fascist International dominating Europe, could push through the plans of conquest.

How To Emulate

The point to be made here is that, in so far as either Japanese or German industrial development is concerned it is controlled by the dictatorship in power in the country and is inseparable from the socio-political aims of the governing class which systematically exploits it in its own interests. Whether it was the hereditary usurers who have built up powerful world interests in trade and industry or it was the industrialists who have always subsidised and owned political parties in power, the industrial organisation of the country is the

(Continued on page 10 Col. 5)

SUGGESTIONS TO THE BOMBAY MINISTRY

Possibilities Of Retrenchment

II

(CONTRIBUTED)

For the purpose of the land revenue administration of the Province, Bombay has been divided into three divisions, each under a Commissioner. The duties and functions of the Commissioners are mostly of the nature of receiving communications from Collectors and transmitting them to Government with their recommendations thereon and receiving orders of Government and conveying them to the Collectors. In ordinary administrative matters the Collectors have to approach the Government through the Commissioners. This is only a superfluous duplication of the work and, therefore, can easily be eliminated. Nay, the efficiency of the administrative machinery can be raised by doing away with the Commissionerships in toto.

The financial effect of the abolition of the Commissioners of the Divisions will be a saving of about three lakhs. The question of absorbing the three Civilian Commissioners each of whom gets Rs. 3,500 per mensem (not a bad job in these hard days) has, of course, to be faced. But as I said in my first article the need of retrenchment is paramount and the Civilians have to take the rough with the smooth and accommodate themselves to the changed conditions. All the three Commissioners have put in more than 22 years' service and they can be appointed to other jobs on their time scale pay of Rs. 2,250 per month, if they are not agreeable to retire from service. The staff of the Commissioners should, as far as possible, be absorbed in other offices, those above 50 years of age being asked to retire and others who could not be provided for in other offices being liberally compensated for loss of service.

Police Department

As in the Revenue Administration, we have in the Police Department also 3 Deputy Inspectors-General of Police, one for the C. I. D. and the others for the northern and southern ranges. I am not sure whether the necessity for the continuance of the C. I. D. still exists. In any case the D. I. G's of southern and northern ranges should be abolished. The D. S. P.'s, who have jurisdiction over each district, should be able to approach direct the I. G. P without having to go through the D. I. P's. The arguments for the abolition of the Commissionerships of Divisions apply in the case of the Police ranges also. The saving, if the C. I. D be abolished, will be about 3 lakhs and of the other two ranges will be over a lakh.

Forest Department

In the Forest Department again, below the Chief Conservator and above the Divisional Forest Officers there are three Conservators, each being in charge of about half a dozen forest divisions, each forest division again being in charge of a Deputy Conservator or Divisional Forest Officer, as he is some times called. There is hardly any justification for the continuance of these appointments of Conservators of forest and they should be abolished immediately, effecting a saving of about 1 1/2 lakhs of rupees to the poor tax payer.

Superintending Engineers

There are three or four Superintending Engineers in the Presidency who consume between themselves a very large slice of the State revenue. I am not advocating their abolition, but I am opposed to the functioning of the P. W. D. as a department of Government as on the present scale. I mean that the P. W. D. administration should be transferred into the hands of the District and Taluka Boards, the State only retaining the control for general supervision and settling inter-district disputes which are likely to arise. The P. W. D. is the most notorious and wasteful Department of Government and, therefore, it is the most important and resourceful problem that Government has to tackle and if properly tackled they can give liberal grants to local bodies and still find plenty of money for other beneficent and nation-building activities which are now crippled for want of adequate finances.

No arguments are required to support the recommendations made above for the abolition of the intermediary functionaries in the Revenue, Police, Forest and P. W. D. Departments. If the Ministry will examine the working of the other departments like Education, Medicine, Agriculture and Co-operation, it will be seen that they are all working as efficiently as the Departments mentioned above if not more efficiently.

Public Health Department

Before I conclude this article I have to suggest that the question of amalgamating the Public Health Department with the Medical Department may be considered by the new Ministry. Both Departments have more or less the same or similar or allied functions to perform and with a little more of collaboration and co-ordination, an amalgamated department may prove more beneficial both to the State Exchequer and to the health of the people of the country.

Judicial Department

The High Court has 13 Judges, the Chief Justice getting Rs. 5,000 per month and the other Judges Rs. 4,000 per month. How many hours work does each of them put in every day? Cannot a four-hour week be adopted by them in recognition of the salary they draw? Why are the old cases which fall into arrears swelling up into huge proportions every year? I realise that the Local Government is not competent to determine the conditions of service of the Judges. But they have a moral responsibility of which they cannot divest themselves. It is up to the judges to put in more hours of work to justify the pay they draw. Why should they have two vacations every year?

What I said about the High Court applies equally well to the District and Sub-Courts. The hours of work should be increased in all Courts and a time limit fixed for disposing of all old cases. People are dissatisfied with the delay in the administration of justice. What huge waste of public and private money, energy and time! Things have got to improve and improve they must very soon.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

REPATRIATE THEM ALL

Replying to a question in the U. P. Legislative Council, Dr. K. N. Katju stated that at present there were 696 life convicts and 121 term convicts in the Andamans who belonged to the U. P. and that the local Government had asked the Government of India to repatriate all these prisoners as well as the political prisoners, except those who voluntarily chose to remain. Other Congress Governments, too, must have made a similar demand. It is the unquestionable duty of the Government of India to concede the demand. They cannot have any discretion in the matter, though they are responsible for the proper up-keep of the prisoners so long as they are in their charge. The sooner the Andamans are closed as a penal settlement the better for all concerned. Those who regard the islands as a paradise are, of course, free to go and settle there.

GRATIFYING SUPPORT

The enthusiasm which has been created in the public mind by the Bombay Government's programme of prohibition was well exemplified in the speeches made at the reception to the Premier and Dr. Gilder which was organized in Kamatipura on Wednesday. Kamatipura is notorious as one of the most neglected parts of the city; yet its leaders are behind none in their desire to eradicate drink and vice from their midst. They have promised their full support and co-operation to the prohibition campaign, which, coming from such a quarter, is most gratifying indeed. It was again extremely significant that this was the first occasion when a Minister should have visited such a locality. As the Hon. Mr. Kher observed: "the problems before the Congress were, in a way, made patent by Kamatipura". And we hope it will not be long before they are solved.

HEREDITY IS NOT ENOUGH

Sardar Mutalik, President of the Inamdars Central Association, can hardly be blamed for voicing what he regards as the interests of his class. But surely he cannot expect to be taken seriously when he defends the existing land revenue policy merely on the ground that it is "the result of evolution over thousands of years." Equally facetious was his remark that "the really poor never delay payment" of tenantcy dues. It is strange that despite the claim of his class to be intimately conversant with rural conditions he should be ignorant of the existence of thousands of peasants who are so poor that they cannot possibly pay their rents even by starving themselves. Such unsympathetic and complacent attitude towards the cultivator can do only harm to the Inamdars in the long run. Under the new conditions, as the Governor mildly reminded them at the recent Durbar, "the landed aristocracy can only hope to maintain its position if its members realize that they must be dependent upon their own ability rather than upon their hereditary position."

BORDI SCHOOLS' EXAMPLE

The Sonabai P. Hakimji High School of Bordi has set a worthy example to other schools by the way it spent its Pateti holidays. Almost all the pupils and teachers of the school carried on prohibition propaganda for three days in about twelve villages round about Bordi and met nearly 3,000 people. Teachers and professors and students in high schools and colleges cannot spend their vacations better than by visiting villages and doing some constructive work there, calculated to do some lasting benefit to the poor villagers. The teachers of the Bordi school will do well to publish their experiences of their prohibition propaganda and offer helpful suggestions based thereon.

SUSPICIOUS SILENCE

While the Governor-General might have been within his constitutional rights in disallowing the questions asked by Mr. Avinashilingam Chetty, one hardly feels that his action can be justified on broad grounds of public policy. Mr. Chetty wanted to know whether Government had made any military treaties with any countries other than Burma, and, if so, which were those countries and what were the terms of those treaties. This appears to us to be information in which the responsible members of the Central Legislature would be naturally interested. Not only that but under any semblance of democracy the Government themselves ought to take the public into their confidence in such a vital matter. Secrecy is now recognized to be the bane of diplomacy, and in disallowing a very straightforward and harmless question, the Governor-General has only succeeded in creating suspicion in the public mind.

Plight Of Insurance Clerks

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I am following with interest the developments in the opinion of general public about the Insurance Legislation, and also the statements and representations made by different interests to the select committee for the Insurance Legislation.

I wonder why not a single word is uttered about ameliorating the plight of lowly paid insurance clerks who toil from morning to evening in return for which they get such salary with which neither are they able to maintain themselves nor their families.

There should be some standard about the employment of clerks, as to their qualification and the scale of pay.

The state of insurance clerks cannot be judged from the fat salaries of managers and secretaries who draw such exorbitant salaries at the cost of poor clerks. Will the members of the Select Committee pay their attention to the plight of a most important limb of the "Insurance Body" which is composed of insuring public agents, and the administrative machinery including clerks?

Will they not consider the top-heavy extravagancies of the insurance business? And thereby improve the lot of many?—Yours, etc.

"AN INSURANCE EMPLOYED."

食在广州

WITHOUT COMMENT

ROME, September 8.

It is authoritatively declared that the Soviet accusation has created "grave and delicate situation."

To all intents and purposes the Nyon Conference is regarded as dead.

Italy will almost certainly ignore the second Russian Note but in the event of Russia sending, as rumoured, a third Note, furnishing proof of ships sunk by Italian submarines it is possible that Italy will sever diplomatic relations.

—Reuter.

* * *

A Reuter message about the Nyon Conference says, "the British aim will be to limit discussion, as far as possible, to the actual problems of Mediterranean security and avoid irrelevant polemics.

Such "irrelevant polemics" as Italian ships' piratical attacks on Soviet craft would be strictly taboo!

* * *

Indeed Reuter further specifically tells us "the Soviet charges against Italy are regarded in Anglo-French circles in London as a diplomatic question to be settled direct between the two countries."

This is what may be called an instance of the Anglo-French solicitude for the system of collective security.

* * *

"Britain and France are convinced that piracy is entirely a separate matter from Non-Intervention in Spain and the confusion of the two would only waste time."

What is more, it would not only waste time but also expose both piracy and Non-Intervention and it would be disastrous if both are shown to be identical phenomenon.

* * *

Japanese aeroplanes bombed a crowded refugee train from Shanghai killing 300 and wounding 400 non-combatants.

It is such gallant deeds, perhaps, which win for Japan the sympathy of Italy and Germany.

By the way, this incident throws interesting light on the Japanese Emperor's observations about the peaceful mission of his forces.

* * *

"The British steamer Ta-shan' was stopped near Macao, just outside British waters, and boarded by a Japanese officer and five men from a destroyer, after a warning shot had been fired across her bows. The ship's papers were demanded, and the vessel was held up for 35 minutes."

—Shanghai Message.

Hail Britannia! Britannia rules the waves!

* * *

What a pity the terms of reference of the Nyon Conference preclude discussion of this event otherwise Britain would have surely invited Japan to help in finding the culprit guilty of such acts of piracy.

* * *

Soviet Russia is to celebrate the twentieth anniversary of the October Revolution next month.

There is no truth in the rumour, however, that Trotsky will be invited by Stalin to preside over the deliberations.

* * *

One thousand seven hundred and fifty amendments have been "tabled" in the Bengal Assembly with regard to the Tenancy Amendment Bill. More are expected.

By the time the Assembly has done with them we believe the Bill itself would be "on the shelf".

* * *

A man in England is reported to be talking incessantly.

Evidently his wife has not yet finished the argument with him.

* * *

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS

(1) Britain and Germany have agreed to interchange Mining students to undermine each other.

(2) When a British ship was held up by a Japanese destroyer and searched for 35 minutes, the crew took the opportunity of reciting for the Japs' delectation some patriotic songs glorifying Britain's naval might.

CONGRESS PRESIDENT'S GUJARAT TOUR

WILL ADDRESS 35 MEETINGS DURING STAY OF 5 DAYS IN PROVINCE

A very heavy programme awaits Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Congress President during his Gujerat tour. This is the first time Panditji is visiting Gujerat since the first Civil Disobedience movement. Possibly this is the first time, after he presided over that momentous meeting of the Congress Working Committee at Sabarmati Ashram in 1930.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel is accompanying Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru throughout the tour which begins on Monday at Navsari and ends at Ahmedabad on Friday. During the five days they will cover almost all important centres of Gujerat and address nearly thirty-five meetings.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru leaves Bombay on Sunday night for Navsari where he commences the Gujerat tour the next day. During his tour a strenuous programme covering the following places:—

PRESIDENT'S TOUR PROGRAMME

Navsari, Surat, Olpad, Jangirpara, Rander, Broach, Baroda, Rass, Badran, Borsad Anand, Nadiad, Ahmedabad and Bavala.

Besides processions, parties and public meetings, the Congress President will address Muslims at Rander, Baroda, Borsad and Ahmedabad. That the Muslims of Gujerat are vying with sister communities in according Pandit Nehru a warm welcome is evident from the number of addresses that Muslims are presenting to him. Besides these he will receive civic addresses from Municipalities and Local Boards at several important centres. The Congress President will also meet the Socialist workers of the Province at Ahmedabad, whence he proceeds to Ajmer on the 17th instant.

BARODA TO GIVE GREAT RECEPTION TO JAWAHAR

BARODA, Sept. 9.

Baroda is preparing itself to give a right royal reception to the Congress President Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru who is visiting this city for the first time as Congress President.

The Baroda State Prajamandal is making all possible efforts to make collections for presenting a purse to Pandit Nehru. They have, it is understood, also decided to invite State Officials to participate in the functions arranged for Pandit Nehru.

Peasants who were deeply anxious until now owing to the complete disappearance of rains, are showing great enthusiasm to welcome the Congress President, thanks to recent showers which arrived none too soon.

It is generally felt here that President Jawaharlal Nehru will make some authoritative pronouncements on the relations between State people and the Congress under the new order of things and also under a changed state of affairs future might bring. —United Press

Rebels Wreck French 'Plane

BAYONNE, Sept. 8.

A French commercial aeroplane which left Biarrity airport yesterday evening was chased by the rebel air squadron when within sight of Gijon, crashed into flame under hail of machine-gun bullets.—Reuter

THOUSAND REBELS KILLED IN HAND-TO-HAND FIGHT.

VALENCIA, Sept. 9.

A communique issued by the Ministry of National Defence claims that the Government counter-attack on the northern front resulted in the insurgents' losing a thousand killed.

The counter-attack was made in the section running from the peaks of Europa to the coast resulting in hand-to-hand fighting, while insurgent aircraft bombed and machine-gunned the Government lines and towns in the rear.—Reuter.

CHINESE LINES REMAIN INTACT

SHANGHAI, September 9.

Despite very fierce Japanese attacks since the start of fighting, all the principal Chinese lines remain intact.

Twelve hundred Americans from Nanking, Peiping and other points of the interior are concentrating at Hankow, from where they will leave for Hongkong by rail.—Reuter.

JAWAHAR IN LABOUR AREA

To Address Public Meeting At Kamgar Maidan To-morrow

Under the joint auspices of the 'F' Ward District Congress Committee and the Bombay Congress Socialist Party a public meeting will be held at Kamgar Maidan, Parel, on Saturday, the 11th instant at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.). Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will address the meeting. Mr. Jainabhai Joshi, M.L.A., will preside.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS

The Secretary of the Bombay National Guards writes:—

Members of the Bombay National Guards are required to be present in their uniforms at the Kamgar Maidan to-morrow (Saturday) at 5 p.m. sharp in connection with Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's meeting. Dr. P. S. Nair will be in charge.

"CHRISTIANS AND THE CONGRESS"

Congress President's Address

Under the auspices of the Nationalist Christian Party a public meeting will be held at Institato Luso-Indiano Hall, Burrow Lane, Girgaum, (near Dabul Church) on Sunday the 12th instant at 11 a.m. (S.T.) when Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President of the Indian National Congress, will speak.

No-Tax Campaign In Jhansi

JHANSI, September 9.

The agitation against the local Notified Area Committee demanding its supersession took a different turn to-day when a meeting of the inhabitants of the area decided on non-payment of taxes due to the Committee from October 1, if the Government failed to effect supersession of the Committee in a specified period.—A. P.

POLICE MOBBED AND ASSAULTED

PATNA, September 9.

A jail warder, a police officer and some constables were assaulted by a large mob of Musahars (a class of labourers) at Sitamari, North Bihar, yesterday, according to a report received here.

It is stated that a mob of thousand Musahars with lathis besieged the court compound of the Sub-Divisional Officer demanding the release of some Musahars who had been arrested under the Excise Act. Assurances proved unavailing and the mob became violent, rushed to the jail and assaulted the warder, a police Inspector and constables. Additional police was requisitioned and the mob began to disperse, but many refused to move.

A scuffle ensued when the police attempted to disarm the Musahars of their lathis resulting in injuries to several of them. About 20 persons have been arrested, including the leaders.—A.P.

BRITISH STEAMER FOR SWATOW

HONGKONG, September 9.

H.M.S. "Thracian" is preparing to leave for Swatow in answer to an appeal from the British Consul who reports a dangerous situation there after another Japanese bombing raid.—Reuter.

CHINESE GOVT.'S SILVER IN HONGKONG BANK

HONGKONG, September 9.

About 250 million dollars in Chinese silver dollars and bars is the total at present deposited in Hongkong Banks' godowns from Canton and Hankow, almost entirely by the Chinese Government.—Reuter.

MAINTAIN NON-VIOLENCE

Munshi On How Congress Workers Can Best Help Ministry

"The hands of the Congress Ministry would be strengthened if people remained non-violent. The Congress Ministry found itself in difficulties wherever there have been cases of violence. The best help that Congress workers could give to the Congress Ministry would be to maintain non-violence in all their activities, whether in deed or in speech and Congress Ministers will find their way smoothened."

So said the Hon. K. M. Munshi, Minister for Law and Order, addressing a small gathering of Congress workers at Mandvi on Thursday night. They gave a party in honour of Mr. Munshi, who was for long their representative on the B.P.C.C. Prominent among those present were Doctor Jethalal Vora. The Minister for Law and Order was entertained to music and the gathering was treated to some refreshments. The Kutchi Saraswat Young Men also joined in the honour that was done to Mr. Munshi.

HOME MINISTER AT FELLOWSHIP SCHOOL

Duty Of Indians To Serve Motherland

The Principal, the Staff and pupils of the Fellowship School gave an 'At Home' on Thursday evening in honour of the Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi, the Minister for Law and Order, and Mrs. Lilavati Munshi. The function was held in the premises of the School at Gowalia Tank.

Two gaily dressed girls garlanded the couple and two others performed the "Arthi" and smeared "Kumkum" on the foreheads of the couple who were made to sit on a raised platform. There was music and "Garba" dance.

Mr Sukla, the Principal of the School, in welcoming the guests of the evening said that Mr. Munshi was connected with the institution for a long time and had given all help and advice to run the school on proper lines. He also referred to the sacrifice of Mr. Munshi in having accepted only Rs. 500 per month as salary.

HIS ONE MOTTO

Mr. K. M. Munshi in addressing the gathering stated that he was connected with the Fellowship School for the last four years, though he had resigned from the Governing Body after he became a Minister. During that period the institution had to face several difficulties, but all of them were overcome with the help and cooperation of the staff and the parents whose children were attending the school. Referring to his salary, Mr. Munshi said that he did not consider that to be any big sacrifice as there were many others who had done greater sacrifices in the interest of their country. His one motto had always been to work in a way which would lead the country nearer her salvation.

TRIBUTE TO MAHATMA.

He thought that it would be the duty of every true Indian to do everything in his power in the service of the motherland. If anything had been achieved either by the Bombay Ministry or any other Ministry for the matter of that, it was entirely due to Mahatma Gandhi who during the last twenty years had brought a new life and a new spirit in the country. In a country where there were communal and other differences, to-day, one found that three-fourths of India's governance was in the hands of that saint of Shegaon. The Ministers were trying to follow the programme of work that had been chalked out by Mahatma Gandhi.

After a vote of thanks to Mr. and Mrs. Munshi and light refreshments, the function came to a close.

HOME MINISTER IN MOTOR ACCIDENT

Munshi Picks Up Boy Who Had Miraculous Escape

The Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi, Minister for Law and Order, was involved in a motor accident on Thursday night, but fortunately, nobody was injured.

The Home Minister's car was proceeding on the Sandhurst Road towards Dongri on Thursday at 9-15 p.m. When the car neared the Round Temple, a seven-year-old boy, Jagjivan, suddenly ran across the road and dashed against the radiator of the car. The car was immediately stopped and the bumper had saved the boy from being run over. He was thrown back and was in a slightly dazed condition, when Mr. Munshi got out of the car and lifted him to the car. Immediately a big crowd collected. The Minister drove to the Harkishandas's Hospital, where it was found that the boy was alright.

The Home Minister, however, drove to the Maharbavdi Police Station and gave information to the Officer in charge regarding the accident. The boy who was examined at the hospital was allowed to go home.

No Coalition In Frontier

Jawahar Dispels Misunderstanding About New Cabinet

WARDHAGANJ, Sept. 9.

"It is entirely incorrect to say that a Coalition Ministry has been formed in the Frontier Province", said Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President, in an interview on the formation of the new Ministry in that Province.

Welcoming the new Frontier Ministry, Panditji added:—

"I have no special knowledge about it, except what papers have said. It is true that, the declaration made by new members of Congress Party is somewhat different from the regular Congress pledge. Nevertheless, this declaration is comprehensive enough so far as work in the Legislature is concerned and both the policy and disciple of the Congress are accepted.

NO COALITION

"Thus, it is entirely incorrect to say that a Coalition Ministry has been formed in the Frontier Province."

Asked about the resolution passed by the Bihar Assembly about the Constituent Assembly, he said that he would like to have further particulars before he could say anything.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Miss Indira Nehru, Seth Jamnalal Bajaj returned from Segaon in the afternoon.

Seth Bajaj gave a tea party in honour of Miss Indira, which was attended by besides Pandit Nehru, Messrs. Mahadev Desai, the Kumarappa brothers, Rev Schiff and others. Pandit Nehru and Miss Indira left for Bombay this evening.—United Press.

Austrian Jew Shot Dead: Eight Cars Held Up And Looted

JERUSALEM, September 9.

An Austrian Jew was shot dead and another seriously stabbed, when it is alleged an Arab gang held up eight cars at the Haifa and Nazareth Hills. The occupants were robbed.—Reuter.

Rajen Babu On Reactions Of New Frontier Ministry

LAHORE, Sept. 9.

Babu Rajendra Prasad returning after the completion of his first visit to the Frontier, passed through Lahore this evening on his way to Lucknow. A number of local Congressmen including Dr. Gopichand Bhargava and Dr. Satyapal greeted him at the station and exchanged ideas on the new situation in the Frontier.

In an exclusive interview to the Associated Press, Babu Rajendra Prasad said that the dominant impression he was taking back with him, was the great popularity of the Congress among the intelligentsia as well as the rank and file of the Pathans, which augured well for Dr. Khan Sahib's Ministry. He and Moulana Abul Kalam Azad, both were convinced that the ministry was the best in the circumstances. Judged from this viewpoint He believed, his and Moulana Abul Kalam Azad's visit was a success.

About Gandhiji's visit to the Frontier, Babu Rajendra Prasad said that Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan was at present keeping indifferent health and as soon as the call comes from Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, Gandhiji would go to the Frontier.

Asked about the reaction to Congress success in the Frontier is likely to produce on other parts of India, Babu Rajendra Prasad said that Assam in certain respects undoubtedly came nearest to that province, but whether Assam too, would have a Congress ministry or not, was a matter for speculation which it was not profitable to discuss.—A. P.

EMOLUMENTS OF MINISTERS

Bihar Premier On Congress Policy

PATNA, Sept. 9.

In the course of discussion on salary and allowances, travelling and halting of Ministers, initiated by Sir Ganesh Dutt through a cut motion in the Bihar Assembly to-day, the Premier said that the Ministry's policy was as follows:

No Minister must travel in higher than second class in train and no Minister would accept more than four annas mileage allowance and an allowance of more than Rs. 15 per diem.—United Press.

ALLEGED EXTORTION

Two Chief Constables Suspended In Jhansi Pending Inquiry

JHANSI, September 9.

Two chief constables have been suspended pending further enquiries into an alleged case of extortion. It is stated that acting on information furnished by the District Congress Committee President, the District Magistrate caused investigation to be made into their conduct, resulting in their suspension pending detailed enquiries.—A. P.

NO OBJECTION TO 'VANDE MATARAM'

But Bengal Govt. Not To Adopt It As Official Slogan

CALCUTTA, Sept. 9.

"No" was the reply given by Khwaja Sir Nazimuddin, Home Minister to the Government of Bengal, to a question put in the Assembly to-day, asking whether "Vande-Mataram" had been accepted as a Government slogan, in view of the fact that it appeared at the end of the budget speech of the Finance Minister.

To a supplementary question as to whether Government had thought of adopting any other word as a slogan instead of "Vande-Mataram", the Home Minister replied: "We do not go in for any slogan."

The Home Minister replied in the negative to another question as to whether "Vande-Mataram" was regarded as offensive to Government. He, however, stated that if any individual member wanted to use the word, Government had no objection.—United Press.

TRANQUILLITY ACT IN D. I. KHAN

ABBOTTABAD, September 9.

H. E. the Governor has directed that Section 22 of the Public Tranquillity Act should continue to remain in force in Dera Ismail Khan District from September 23 till November 29 next.

The District Magistrate, Dera Ismail Khan, has also been vested with the power of the Provincial Government.

It is understood that these orders had been passed before the Congress Ministry came into power.—A.P.

KHAN SAHEB'S CABINET DISCUSSES BUDGET

ABBOTTABAD, September 9.

The Cabinet had three hours sitting yesterday to discuss the Budget, with a view to recasting it within the brief time available.—A.P.

WESTERN INDIA BADMINTON

Results of matches played on Thursday:—

MEN'S SINGLES: J. R. Vimadalal beat M. D'Souza 15-2, 15-12.

MEN'S DOUBLES: H. Rebeiro and J. Engineer beat E. V. Bobb and A. Dyer 21-17, 24-23.

MEN'S DOUBLES: Limaye and Godbole beat M. Parekh and partner 21-3, 21-2.

MIXED DOUBLES: R. F. Vakhar a and Miss S. Munsiff beat N. E. Patel and partner 21-4, 21-6.

J. L. Mytton and Mrs. Rutherford W. O.

H. Rebeiro and J. Engineer beat Bobb and partner in a very keenly contested match which was the best game of the evening.

Badminton Fixtures For To-day

WILLINGDON SPORTS CLUB

Miss F. Talyarkhan and Miss F. Watcha v. Mrs. Kania and Miss M. Vimadalal at 6-30 p.m.

R. N. Kanga v. C. Gomes at 7-00 p.m.

Miss J. Mistri and Miss M. Bhaucha v. Miss P. de Lima and Miss Balsara at 7-30 p.m.

Miss Dadyburjor and Miss Vajifdar v. "A" Pair at 8-00 p.m.

ISLAM GYMKHANA

N. E. Patel and A. N. Other v. E. J. D'Souza and E. D'Sa at 6-30 p.m.

PARSEE GYMKHANA

D. A. Sethna and S. M. Captain v. D. S. Tata and N. D. Sethna at 6-30 p.m.

Talpade and Agaskar v. G. L. Mytton and D. Stillfard at 7-00 p.m.

S. G. Varadkar and K. W. Rangnekar v. M. J. De Souza and V. Kapadia at 7-30 p.m.

Women Felicitate Congress Ministry

Premier Kher's Tribute To "Sevikas" · Services In Freedom's Struggle

Under the auspices of thirteen Women's Associations of Bombay, about 500 women mustered strong at Madhavbaug on Sunday evening to accord a warm welcome to Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher and his colleagues and the Hon. Mr. Mangaldas Pakvasa, President of the Bombay Council.

Lady Laxmibai Jagmohandas presided over the function.

The entrance and the hall were decorated with Khaddar flags and buntings. Installation of loud-speakers in the compound attracted a large number of people outside the hall which was packed to its capacity.

WOMEN'S ROLE IN NATIONAL STRUGGLE

While the women speakers expressed their unswerving loyalty to the Congress and congratulated the Bombay Ministers, the guests of honour recalled the hectic days of Civil Disobedience and bestowed praise on women for having played a prominent part in moulding national character and strengthening the national struggle for independence.

Mrs. Jayashri Raiji at the outset explaining the object as to why they gathered on the occasion remarked that the very attendance was proof of the remarkable enthusiasm the women of the city evinced in the affairs of the Congress.

The Hon Mr. K. M. Munshi, the Hon Dr. Gilder invited with the other ministers, the speaker added, were present on the occasion and the other Ministers of the Bombay Cabinet had written letters regretting their inability to attend and wishing them success.

Women of several associations had played prominent part in the welfare work of women and children and the part they had played was really creditable.

The Congress movement had opened their eyes and a glorious awakening had come over them. In spite of their limitations under the constitution Mrs. Raiji hoped that the Ministers would be able to do their best in improving the economic social and other conditions of the Women folk of this Presidency.

SUCCESS TO CONGRESS MINISTRY

Lady Laxmibai complimenting the Bombay Ministers and the first woman Parliamentary Secretary namely, Mrs. Hansa Mehta hoped that her experience as Parliamentary Secretary would help her a great deal in discharging the duties of the Minister, when she would become one.

The women of this country, she thought, formed an important link in political activities. And recently the part played by them was really commendable and so it was but natural that they should wish every success to Congress ministry.

Although the constitution conferred little benefit on the people of this country, the speaker hoped that the Ministers would get unstinted opportunities for genuine nation-building activities.

The guests of honour, were then garlanded.

Mrs. Avantikabai Gokhale, Mrs. Kusumben Munshi and Mrs. Maniben Mulji praising the Indian National Congress, pledged their support to that great institution in its fight for freedom.

KHER'S REPLY

The Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, replying, said that without the sympathy or support of the women in the fight for Independence under the banner of the Indian National Congress, nothing would have been possible to intensify the national struggle. The women of this country worked as an elixir in their fight for Independence.

He was really happy to see a large and cosmopolitan gathering, including Mohamedan and European women and he felt sure that the ideal of Independence cherished and nursed by the Indian National Congress under the leadership of Mahatma Gandhi would be achieved if a united front was offered to British Imperialism and fight carried on through non-violence and truth.

The women of this country had a vast feature before them and especially in Harijan service and in the field of prohibition they could work a great deal. If the women were convinced that Prohibition was a curse, they could banish it from this country in a very short time.

Foundations were laid by our women folk in imparting education and especially primary education in infant minds. It was the speaker's experience that the first lessons given by his mother and his sister went a long way in moulding his character.

The Hon. Mr. Munshi, Minister for Law and Order, remarked that it was no exaggeration to say that the women's part in the national struggle in the past constituted a stepping-stone to Congress majorities in the seven Provincial Assemblies of this country.

The Hon. Dr. Gilder, Minister for Excise and Hon. Mr. Mangaldas Pakvasa also spoke extolling the courage of women, for their help and assistance in the nation's struggle for Independence.

DRINK EVIL IN MEN.

Mrs. Hansa Mehta, Parliamentary Secretary for Public Health, attributed her reason for having accepted Parliamentary Secretaryship for Public Health instead of to Excise, to the fact that the drink evil was mainly confined to men and she thought and felt that it had better be left to men to root out the evil that was mostly rampant in their sex. She thanked the Associations for the splendid work in their respective fields and hoped that more women would rally to the banner of the Congress and strengthen its struggle for Independence.

With the singing of "Vande Mataram" the function came to a close.

The following associations joined in the reception:

Gujarati Hindu Stree Mandal, Hind Mahila Samaj, Santa Cruz Gujarati H. S. Mandal, Patidar Stree Mandal, Brahma Kshatriya Mahila Samaj, Lad Mahila Mandal, Bhagini Samaj, Gurjar Ladies Social Club, Bhatia Stree Mandal, Porwad Stree Mandal, Women's Indian Association, Pathare Prabhu Mahila Samaj, Gohilvad Dasha Shrimali Stri Mandal and Ramnath Stri Adhar Mandal.

PROBLEM OF ORPHANS

"The problem of fallen women and orphans is one of the most difficult and pressing problems, which confront any society, and it is the hardest of all, so far as the Hindu society is concerned. Prevention is better than cure, but it is not so easy of achievement. Much as we desire to prevent a woman's fall and to prevent the desertion of an innocent orphan, these problems will be before us, and so long as prevention is not possible, it is our duty to provide measures of relief."

Thus declared Premier Kher at a reception accorded to him on Thursday morning by the members and staff of the Social Relief Association of India at Hilla House, Mahim.

ASSOCIATIONS ACTIVITIES.

Dr. V. S. Gupte welcomed the honoured guest.

Describing the history and the activities of the Association, Dr. Gupte said that it was started on January 1, 1937, with five beds and five cradles in the Foundling Home at Matunga, with the object of affording maternity aid to poor women and providing a home for abandoned children.

With the growth of its activities it was found necessary to increase the number of beds and cradles, which at present were 30 and 20 respectively. The number of patients treated at the institution till now was 196, of which 104 were maternity cases and 35 general. Nine destitutes were admitted in the Rescue Home. The number of patients treated at the General Ward, attached to the Maternity Hospital, was 92 since the beginning of July. The institution also provided nursing aid to the poor and imparted nursing training.

Mr. Kher, in replying to the address that was presented to him, stressed the need for social relief and social service. He said that he was himself an humble social worker, long before he took any interest in politics.

Proceeding he said that it was the duty of every one to try and help in the solution of the difficulties that come in the way of social progress. He instanced the example of Mahatmaji, who is employing every minute of his life in solving the numerous evils that beset our society.

Donations amounting to over Rs. 1,200 were announced at the close of the function.

KHER'S ASSURANCE TO CRITICS

Some elements which were striking a discordant note as to the activities of the Bombay Congress Legislative Party, came in

(Continued on page 10, column 4.)

POSTERS THAT MIRROR LIFE IN SOVIET UNION

Visit Jinnah Hall Display Organised By Congress Socialist Party

The General Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party, writes:—

Visit the Soviet Union in Posters at the display at Jinnah Hall and have some idea about the Soviet Union, the Congress Socialist Party has made possible for Bombay citizens. These Posters give you more insight into Soviet Life than many books and magazines put together. These Posters brought to India by Mr. Tendulkar are part of the daily life of the Soviet Union. They are not meant for export or propaganda. Here you will find self-criticism. In every factory, every collective farm, school, regiment, posters and wall-papers criticize the fault in work, etc.

In these Posters you will find a world with hopes of a new and better life, a world of enthusiasm and work. You can see also scientific charts and other posters educating the public who were once slaves, illiterates, superstitious. For India these posters will be a revelation. Here you can learn methods of visual education.

In contrast with this New World, you have also a few well-chosen pictures of the old barbaric Russia. You will see how women are emancipated, and how children are educated.

Whether you are a Socialist or not, whether you are politically-minded or not, whether you are an artist or an educationist do not miss this display at the Jinnah Hall on Saturday, September 11, from 6-30 p.m. to 9-30 p.m., and Sunday September 12 from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m., and on Monday September 13 from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.

Tickets (annas 2) available at the Office of the Congress Socialist Party, Congress House, and at the Office of the "Congress Socialist" weekly, 139, Medows Street, Fort.

H. E. Sir Shumshere Jung Bahadur Rana of Nepal (2nd from right) and party arrived in Bombay by s.s. "Viceroy of India" on Thursday. Picture taken on board the steamer.

Thousand Weavers On Strike

Dispute Over Payment Of Wage: Entire Mill Closed

BOMBAY: Thursday.

Four thousand operatives of the Standard Mill, at Parbhadevi, have been thrown out of work owing to the strike of the 1,040 weavers who are on strike since Tuesday last.

The weavers struck work as they complained that on pay day each of them received Rs. 1/7 less in their pay than what they should have usually received. While negotiations were going on this question with the management, the night shift weavers also struck work.

This morning when the mill was opened the operatives were persuaded to join work and the management promised to look into the grievance. The operatives, however, wanted the management to negotiate with the Union and refused to go to work.

As other departments of the mill could not work without the weaving department, the mill was closed for the time being.

SIND COLLEGE STRIKE CONTINUES

KARACHI, Sept. 9.

When the Dayaram Jethmal Sind College reopened this noon after the Ganesh Chaturthi holiday the strike declared by the lady students on Tuesday last, was resumed despite an announcement in the notice board to the following effect:

"Talpur, a senior B.A. student, has been rusticated from the college for the rest of the term and will not be permitted to join the college hereafter. (Sd.) Butani, Principal."

Enquiries show that the Principal who was out of the station on Tuesday last, took the above immediate step, after return to Karachi, against the boy in question who is alleged to have harassed a lady student. The punishment which the Principal inflicted on the boy is considered by the students as too lenient. Hence the strike still continues.

Later the students held a meeting where the aggrieved lady recounted the harassment to which she had been subjected by the student for the last two years.

After the meeting a deputation of students waited on the Principal and presented their demands which the Principal refused to concede. So the strike will continue.—United Press.

HOTEL WORKERS' UNION

Under the auspices of the Bombay Hotel Workers' Union, a public meeting will be held to-day (Friday) at 9 p.m. at Dr. Veigas Street, Kalbadevi Swadeshi Market, Bombay 2. Mr. S. H. Jhabwala will preside and among the speakers will be Messrs. Nasratulla Abbasi, Yusuf Meherally, S. S. Batliwala, F. M. Pinto and others.

Running From TO-DAY

Thundering 24-part serial full of swashbuckling stunts—Universal's Adventure Serial 1st Instalment: 12 parts

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Starring:
TOM TYLER, FRANCIS FORD, WILLIAM DESMOND, etc.

TO-DAY AT

THE GLOBE

TALKIES Sandhurst Road

TIME:—TO-DAY AT 2-45, 5-15, 8, & 10-45

"INDIA & THE NEAR FUTURE"

Jamnadas Dwarkadas' Lecture At Y. M. H. A.

In the course of an address on "India and the Near Future" before a large audience in the compound of the Young Men's Hindu Association, Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas said that the constitution foisted on India had to be replaced by another decided upon and drafted by the people of this country.

The speaker was full of admiration for the Premier Mr. Kher who in the course of the debte in the Bombay Assembly on Salaries Bill laid it down that respectability no longer went with money but with desire and capacity for selfless service.

Leaders who had worked since the inception of the Congress had each contributed to the erecting of the edifice of Swaraj. The late Lokamanya Tilak was the first to conceive the necessity of approaching the masses and so he utilised the religious festivals for awakening political consciousness among the masses. Mrs. Beasant had raised the ideal of the Congress from piecemeal reforms to home rule.

The infliction of Federation could never be accepted by the people because of its ruthlessly conservative composition and because of 80 per cent of the central revenue being made untouchable by the Federal Legislature. But the speaker doubted whether the Federation would ever come into existence in view of the grave situation on the Continent.

The European situation was developing very fast, and Europe would soon be the brink of a precipice, on the threshold of a world war. British diplomacy had succeeded, despite reprisals, in evading a war for more than two years, as that would have given an opportunity to Japan to lead an onslaught on India. Japan's energies had been diverted in a homicidal war with China Without India's help, however, she could not succeed in any war and India, through the Congress, had determined not to help. The lesson of the last war was fresh, and Indians would be unwise to offer any help unless and until the British signed away complete Independence. India men need not look up to any other nation for finding a solution of her own problem.

With a vote of thanks to the speaker, the meeting terminated.

REPRESSION IN MYSORE

(From Our Correspondent)

DHARWAR, Sept. 9.

The Secretary Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee has written to the Dewan of Mysore seeking his interview in connection with the repressive measures taken by the Mysore Government. The Dewan has granted an interview, though the date has not yet been fixed.

REVISION OF MADRAS ELECTORAL ROLL

Local Body Voters Can Vote For Assembly

MADRAS, September 9.

A Communique says:—

The Government propose to undertake legislation to assimilate the franchise for local bodies including the Madras Corporation with that of the Madras Legislative Assembly and adopt relevant portions of the electoral roll of the Assembly as the electoral roll for local bodies.

The electoral roll of the Assembly will shortly be revised and claims and objections will be received by the concerned registration officers till the end of September. The public are informed they may take full advantage of the present opportunity to get themselves registered as voters for the Assembly as thereby they will be getting themselves registered voters for the local bodies concerned.—A.P.

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To-morrow

AT

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HAIG'S TRIBUTE TO CONGRESS GOVT.

In Difficult Times They Have Set An Example, He Says

LUCKNOW, Sept. 9.

"Where everything has changed a Governor too is not the Governor known to the former constitution." said H. E. Sir Harry Haig, addressing for the first time under the Constitution the joint session of the two Chambers of the U. P. Legislature in the Assembly House to-day.

The Chamber, though enlarged, could not accommodate 288 members, and special arrangements had to be made.

THE CHANGE.

His Excellency continued: "A Governor has his own important functions and responsibilities, but they are not the same as those exercised under the previous conditions, and I can no longer address you now as I used to address the old legislature, feeling that I had some personal responsibility for the whole field of the Government's activities. The policy which is placed before you in this legislature is the policy of the Ministers and it cannot be carried out unless it receives the support of a majority of the members of the Legislature."

ADVICE TO SERVICES.

His Excellency dwelt at length on the relations between the public and the Services, and said,: "The Government lays down a policy and the Services carry it out. It is generally recognised that the satisfactory administration of a country depends on the efficient and loyal work of its Public Services. Contact between those, who hold political power in the Province and members of the Services, owing to past policy and conditions had been slight, but now that a new relationship has been established, there is no room to doubt that the members of the services will carry out their duties with complete loyalty and with every desire to assist the new Constitution. The Government are naturally closely concerned to see that the standard of the conduct of their Servants is the highest possible, that blemishes and weaknesses are removed, and that complaints of misconduct are inquired into strictly. Misbehaviour of Government servants reacts on the credit of the Government itself."

PRIMARY OBLIGATION.

The Governor added that the primary obligation of the services was to maintain a strictly non-party attitude. Their duty was to work fairly, honestly and efficiently, and let the public feel that it could rely on them for proper considerate and impartial treatment.

TRIBUTE TO PANT'S GOVT.

His Excellency stated that during the three years, during which he occupied the present office, the finances of the Province were a source of constant anxiety, and paid a compliment to the present Government that in difficult conditions they had set an example of a financial principle, which was of the greatest value at the outset of the new system of Government.

Referring to the Cawnpore Labour situation, the Governor trusted that men of influence would endeavour to prevent a situation being created, which could not be solved by the method of argument on principles of justice.—A. P.

NO GRANT TO B.-P. SCOUTS

Decision Of U. P. And Bihar Govts.: E. Africa To Affiliate To Seva Samiti

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 9.

The remarks of Baden-Powell against Indians are reported to have caused great indignation among Indians in East Africa some Scouts organisations have decided to boycott the B.-P. Association and applied to the Seva Samiti Association here for affiliation.

It is understood the Bihar Government has stopped the grant-in-aid to the B.-P. Association while the U. P. Government has given them timely warning of the withdrawal of the grant from next year.

Return Of Released Martial Law Prisoner

LAHORE, Sept. 9

Karamchand Beri, a Martial Law prisoner, who was sentenced in July 1919, to transportation for life, arrived in Lahore to-day with his little daughter, after his release from the Andamans in August last, after a period of 18 years. He was received at the station by several friends.

Karamchand was allowed free life in the island settlement after he had served five years' rigorous imprisonment. He then married a woman convict, by whom he has got the daughter referred to above.

He met Gandhiji at Shegaon before coming to Lahore.—United Press.

The Congress Committees in the district of Patna have enrolled so far 7,837 Congress members.

REGAIN YOUR

MANLY POWER

AND

MAGNETISM

Don't let Poor Health and Lack of Vitality rob you of Manly Vigour! Don't grow old! The secret of prolonged Youth and Splendid Health is

Nerve Strength

BEGIN AT ONCE to take Dr. Cassell's Tablets, the World Famous Reinvigorators and Nerve Restorers! You will be amazed and delighted at the difference they will make to you! Quickly you begin to feel Young again! Your Manly Power returns! As Dr. Cassell's Tablets pour new Life into your Nerves, so all your glands and organs feel the benefit! Your body begins once more to work at full pressure! Your eyes brighten . . . your step becomes firm and buoyant! Your body becomes erect and full of virile power! Your pains go! Your brain clears! Dr. Cassell's Tablets get right down to the REAL CAUSE of your trouble—Weak Nerves! Start this wonderful treatment TO-DAY!

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PAINS
SHAKY NERVES

Dr. CASSELL'S TABLETS

The Nerve Tonic that gets at the CAUSE of your Trouble

THE THREE MUSKETEERS

IN THE PALACE YARD.

"No violence is being done you, madam," replied the officer in a calm, almost gentle tone. "What happens to you is the result of a very simple measure which we are obliged to adopt with all who land in England."

At length after a journey of nearly an hour the carriage stopped before an iron gate, which closed an avenue leading to a big gloomy castle. Having passed under two other arched gateways, the carriage stopped at last in a dark, square court-yard. The door of the carriage was then opened from outside, and the officer jumped out and again offered his hand to Milady.

"I am still a prisoner, then," said Milady to the young man with her most gracious smile. "but I feel assured it will not be for long. My own conscience and your politeness are guarantees of that."

PRISONER OR GUEST?

The young officer made no reply to Milady's compliments, but blew a little silver whistle three times. Immediately three men appeared, who unharnessed the horses and put the carriage into a coach-house.

Then the officer, with the same calm politeness, offered his arm to Milady, who took it with a charming smile and passed with him into the palace.

On arriving at a massive door the officer opened it with his private key. This was the room destined for Milady, and she took it in at a single glance. As far as the furniture was concerned the room might have been intended for a prisoner or a guest, but bars at the windows and outside bolts on the door rather suggested a prison.

Milady made these reflections from an easy-chair, where she sat with her arms crossed and her head lowered while two or three marines brought in her luggage under the officer's supervision in absolute silence.

IN WEAKNESS DEBILITY

ANÆMIA

use Deschiens' Syrup

Already 30.000 Doctors throughout the world have agreed that this radical remedy ALWAYS CURES, and gives health and strength.

INSIST ON THE NAME OF DESCHIENS, PARIS (France).

Motoring & Aviation

NEW GERMAN MOTOR ROADS

Impressive Routes For Tourists

(From A Correspondent.)

Those who have used the new German motor roads are unanimous in their praise of the skill with which difficulties have been overcome, while retaining the natural beauty of the landscape. The Werratal bridge, one of the most beautiful structures of New Germany—on the great N.-S. Road connecting Hamburg and Basle is a notable example. The continual succession of valley and mountain made this section very difficult to lay, and necessitated a great deal of blasting. The road does not always take the shortest route across the Fulda and Werratal valleys, but gives the motorist the opportunity to pass through some of the loveliest spots of this beautiful district, now crossing rivers and threading the valleys, now scaling the mountain ridges, until in the middle between Gottingen and Kassel, the Werratal is spanned by the new bridge at a height of 61 metres, and a length of 552 metres. It is the largest yet built on the motor roads, exceeding the famous Mangfall bridge in Bavaria. Here the whole panorama of forest, water, meadow and mountain ridge lies open before the eye, and parking places have been reserved so that the tourist may enjoy the view at leisure. An hour spent here is an experience never to be forgotten, and one in which admiration of a great technical achievement blends with the delight in a scene of unspoilt natural beauty.

Equally impressive is the route between Munich and the frontier. From the capital of National Socialism the road traverses the Bavarian plain through extensive forests: the old Roman road from Augsburg to Rosenheim was cut through these same forests. Leaving Weyarn it turns sharply to the East, and crosses the massive Mangfalltal Bridge, 70 metres high above the valley. From now on road leads through some of the most beautiful mountain scenery; the outliers of the Alps draw ever nearer, and after a charming stretch of morrain and moorland, the picturesque Chiemsee Lake comes into view: the further journey to the frontier affords wonderful views of Salzburg and the Dachstein range.

BERLIN RING

Those concerned with the problem of traffic regulation will certainly acknowledge the solution offered by the Berlin Ring. The question was how to regulate the traffic from the numerous auto roads emptying themselves in Berlin, in such a way as to avoid congestion. To this end a giant motor road extending from 30 to 40 kilometres, all round the city, which should receive all incoming motor roads, is being constructed. The motorist can therefore spin round outside the busiest centres until he finds the nearest street leading straight to his destination. The inconvenience which he may conceivably be exposed to is compensated by the speed at which he can travel without being pulled up at cross roads. This solution is peculiarly satisfactory since 17 connecting streets distribute evenly the traffic pouring into the motor ring and lead it to the interior of the city. Seven of the new motor roads end in Berlin; these are:—

The Rhineland, Ruhr-Gebiet, Berlin: South German-Leipzig-Berlin: Frankfort—on the Oder—Berlin: Pommern-Berlin: Hamburg-Berlin. The largest section of the Berlin ring which will have an entire length of 195 kilometres is now under construction, and of this about 50 kilometres connecting the West, and a curve of 35 kilometres in the East of the city has been opened to traffic.

In other towns the motor roads run direct into the exits for outgoing traffic, as in Munich and in Frankfort on Main; in the latter, where there is very heavy traffic from East to West and from North to South, both the crossing motor lines have been brought only to the edge of the city. The crossing point and the main junction of the continental airlines—the starting station of the Hindenberg and Graf Zeppelin—are connected with the city by a very wide one-way street.

Berlin has reason to be pleased with the road which connects with Stettin. It was opened to traffic in the autumn of 1936, and has considerably extended the week-end and recreation possibilities of the Berliners, by bringing the Baltic sea bathing resorts within easy reach; the nearest on the Pommern coast can be reached in a short two hours.

PROGRESS IN MOTOR ROAD PLANNING

Such extensive motor road construction naturally made its influence felt in other countries. Italy is providing for its motor traffic, and other countries are also busy formulating plans. Continental motor roads are now under discussion, which shall extend from Hammerfest to Cape Town, and link up London, Singapore, Shanghai and Tokio. It seems that a contemplated line from London to Istanbul, with a prolongation to Ankara and Damascus, and thence to Cairo, Nairobi, Johannesburg and finally Cape Town has a good prospect of being put into execution.

HELIUM AND AIRCRAFT

The recent disaster of the Hindenburg' has brought forth much comment regarding the United States' monopoly of helium. The present law stipulates that no helium shall be exported without permission of the President on the joint recommendation of the Secretaries of War, the Navy, and the Interior. The Federal Government has taken the attitude that it will not permit the export of helium for military purposes. Shipments of helium not considered of military importance may be made without specific permission, provided the exporter makes certain reports to the Secretary of the Interior. A bill reported to be passed by the Senate Military Committee the day after the 'Hindenburg' disaster will permit the sale of government-made helium to Americans; at present such gas can only be leased. A certain amount of helium is being exported at present without official permission, but it is in small quantities, and chiefly for medicinal use.

It is reported that although the United States holds a monopoly of the world's supply of helium, the Germans have never requested supplies of this gas for use in their airships. This is probably due to the fact that it has serious disadvantages in the way of reducing lifting power and higher cost. It is said that it would have cost approximately dollars 115,000 to fill the Hindenburg with helium, as compared with the figure of dollars 10,500 for hydrogen.

SIZE OF AERODROMES

New Problem For Designer Of Aircraft

A serious problem which confronts a designer of modern aircraft, particularly with the present trend towards the use of high wing-loadings in aircraft, is that of reducing the distance required for the take-off. A recent survey by the Bureau of Air Commerce of the most important aerodromes at present in use shows that only a very limited number of them are suitable for use by the large four-engined aircraft which will shortly be put into service.

The Lockheed Aircraft Corporation is using an adaptation of the Fowler trailing edge flap on their Lockheed 14, which is expected to shorten apprec ably both the take-off and the landing runs and flaps of the split-slotted type are also being fitted to a number of new aircraft, such as the Barkley-Grow. With the increasing reliability of modern aircraft engines the possibility of a forced landing between terminal points is diminished. Therefore, two solutions to the present problem seem possible: the provision of airports of sufficient size to permit the safe operation of the larger aircraft or the modification of the aircraft to permit them to use the airports.

The Government of India have appointed Prof. S. V. Venkateswara Ayyar, M.A., Presidency College Madras, as a Corresponding Member of the Indian Historical Records Commission for the Madras centre for a period of three years from the 18th August 1937

FACES FIRST.

To begin with, if you have neglected your complexion and allowed old Father Time to have his own way you deserve to be a back number! You can shed those ageing wrinkles and that unbecoming sallowness, restore your middle-aged skin to youthful loveliness. All you want is a ten day treatment with Mercolized Wax. Get an ounce or two from your chemist and smooth a little of this wonderful oxygenated wax over face and neck nightly. While you sleep it absorbs the ageing outer tissue with its disfiguring blemishes, revealing in its place a fresh, flawless complexion that is now concealed beneath the accumulations of sluggish pores. Your mirror's verdict will delight you.

Mercolized Wax contains no animal fat.

GASTRIC ULCER "NEARLY COST ME MY LIFE"

The hours and duties of a railway guard tend to make him liable to stomach trouble. Mr. Baylis, a Railway Guard, suffered from a gastric ulcer which, he says, "nearly cost me my life." He had X-rays, an operation, and was strictly dieted for months, yet still his pain returned, his appetite failed, his work almost got beyond him.

Now read what he writes:

". . . I decided to try Maclean Brand Stomach Powder and I never had the pain again. Now I can eat anything that comes along, but I always take your Powder after eating. I take it to work with me and am never without it."

If Maclean Brand Stomach Powder can work such wonders for Mr. Baylis, suffering from gastric ulcer, how much more can it do for you, if your stomach trouble has not yet reached that serious state! Start now, with the original MACLEAN BRAND. Look for the signature "ALEX. C. MACLEAN" on the carton and bottle, and the red seal on the carton. Maclean Brand is never sold loose—only in bottles in cartons (powder or tablets).

If you have any difficulty in obtaining it from your local chemist or store, write to J. L. Morison, Son & Jones (India), Ltd., Standard Bldg., Hornby Road, Bombay.

Nasik Peasants Want Moratorium

Demand For Lesser Rent And Irrigation Dues

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SINNER: September 8.

A couple of thousand peasants hailing from 60 villages of the Sinner taluka (Nasik District), met in a huge gathering at Wavi yesterday afternoon under the presidentship of Mr. Indulal Yagnik, Joint Secretary, All-India Kisan Sabha.

Dr. Bhutekar, the premier peasant worker of the district stressed the importance of the meeting in view of the bad condition of the peasantry in the area and recited a spirited song describing the woes of the peasants and exhorting them to gird up their loins for winning their rights.

Fundamental Differences

In the course of his speech lasting about an hour Mr. Yagnik dwelt at length on the fundamental difference between the principles of taxing the peasants and the rest of the people. While the non-agrarian gentry were only liable to pay a tax on incomes exceeding Rs. 2,000 a year, the farmer who owed a bit of land was compelled to pay land revenue irrespective of the profit or loss made by him. The peasants therefore must ask for the eradication of this distinction and the total abolition of the land revenue code which dared to treat the producers of food and raw materials as slaves and helots of the land.

Mr. Yagnik then explained the demands set out in the Kisan's Charter of Rights and asked for drastic reduction in land revenue, rents and irrigation dues pending new legislation on the subjects What was even more important to-day was the urgent necessity of a declaration of a moratorium on the collection of peasants' debts and ministerial orders staying all civil proceedings, execution of decrees, and transfer of lands designed for the collection of agrarian debts.

Resolutions incorporating these demands were moved by peasant leaders from different villages and were adopted by the meeting. The meeting further decided to organise a Kisan Sabha in the Sinner Taluka.

The meeting also exhorted the peasants to muster strong at Sinner on the 11th night and to proceed by rail or bus to Poona to join the peasants' demonstration before the Assembly on the 13th September.

Mr Yagnik and Dr. Bhutekar returned in the evening to Sinner and addressed a mass meeting on the Workers' and Municipal Problems and exhorted all classes of workers to organise themselves and to broadcast their demands in view of the ensuing municipal elections.

Mount Bagana on Bougainville Island (Solomon Islands) is erupting the smoke is rising 15,000 feet over the densely populated area.

KIND FRIENDS MADE HER "SICK"

They Would Keep Saying 'How Fat You Are'

NOW SHE IS 36 LBS. LIGHTER—THANKS TO KRUSCHEN

Bad enough to know that you are getting fat, without "kind friends" telling you so! That is how this woman felt. So she decided to put a stop to it, and in three months she took off 36 lbs. of surplus fat. Read how she did it:—

"Three months ago, when I was suffering from very bad pains in my back, I began to put on weight. I reached 15 st. 8 lbs. I got sick of people remarking on how stout I was getting. I decided to take Kruschen Salts, and it has brought my weight down to 13 stone. I feel much better, and my kidneys, which were in a very bad state, are much improved. I am 55 years old, and shall continue to take Kruschen Salts."—(Mrs.) Y.

Taken every morning, Kruschen Salts effect a perfectly natural clearance of undigested food substances and all excessive waste matter. Once Kruschen gets into the blood, watch that roll of fat leave the waist, that double chin disappear, those ungainly arms grow slimmer, that stout figure become firm. Kruschen is a saline—not a drug. It is an ideal blend of mineral salts found in the aperient waters of famous European Spas.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.

This
IS THE PROMISE
GOODYEAR
GIVES EVERY MOTORIST
We promise the long life of a tyre that is tough and thick and strong. We promise the safety of the famous All-Weather tread — of tyres made by craftsmen to last and last and last. We promise the pick of the world's rubber and cotton, and we promise that there are no more clever technicians than our research staff. We promise peace of mind to the nervous and economy to the thrifty. It is due to the rigid observance of this promise since early motoring days that "more people the world over ride on Goodyear tyres than on any other make".
GOODYEAR ALL WEATHER
G.P.8
NOW MADE IN INDIA

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 9 POINTS UP

Bullion Quiet And Wheat Easy

BOMBAY, Sept 9

On Thursday franc came under heavy selling pressure.

NEW YORK COTTON FIRM

New York cotton was firm on account of unfavourable weather.

BULLION QUIET

London gold and silver ruled quiet.

WHEAT EASY

Wheat was easy. Base metals were quiet.

SECURITIES VERY STEADY

The London Stock Exchange was more active on better enquiry with signs of expansion in the continental business exercising good effect. Giltedged securities kept very steady on scattered suppo.t.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

DECEMBER 1937

New York, Sept 9

Previous closing	9.04
To-day's opening	9.12
Difference	+08
To-day's closing	9.13
Difference	+09

LIVERPOOL COTTON

JANUARY 1938

Liverpool, Sept 9

Previous closing	5.28
To-day's opening	5.29
Difference	+01
To-day's closing	5.34
Difference	+06

BROACH EXPECTATION

New April May Rs. 189

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Sept 9

Cotton continued to offer good resistance at existing levels while unfavourable weather created better feeling which was however nullified by increasing movements.

Trading in December began at 9.12 i.e. 8 points higher than previous closing. Prices advanced on higher Liverpool cables and scattered trade buying and covering but the absence of any fresh incentive and increasing crop movement checked further advance with prices remaining around opening levels.

New York cotton finally closed at 9.13 with a rise of 9 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Sept 9

The following were the opening ranges:—

July (9.25/9.25) 9.14 9.13
October (9.23/9.22) 9.12/9.12
December (9.36/9.36) 9.15/9.15

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Sept 9

American October (5.37) 5.27
American December (4.39) 5.30
Sakels November (7.51) 7.42
Sakels January (7.60) 7.53

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Sept 9

There was no business at night.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Sept 9

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-2) 1-2 1/4
Indian Pekoe higher (3-1) 3-10
Ceylon Pekoe (1-2 1/2) 1-2 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-9) 1-9

JUTE

New Crop September October (£20 3/4 paid and sellers) £20 5/8 paid and sellers
Dunlop September (£23) £23 1/4 sellers
Lightning September (£21 3/4) £22 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (9 1/16 value) 9 5/16 value
Forward July September (9 1/8 paid and buyers) 9 7/16 paid and sellers

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay September October (£14 7/8 sellers) £15 sellers
Linseed Calcutta September October (£15 1/8) £15 1/8 sellers
Linseed La Plata September (£13 1/8) £13 1/8 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal October (£13 1/4 sellers) £13 7/16 sellers

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Sept 9

Wheat January	5 12 0
Wheat May	5 6 0
Linseed September	8 3 9
Linseed May	7 15 6

BROWN BOLD LINSEED.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association).

Bombay, Sept. 9

The market was closed.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

I. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Sept 9

Previous closing	4.95 1/8
To-day's opening	4.95 1/8
To-day's closing	4.94 11/16

I. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Sept 9

Previous closing	4.95.27
To-day's opening	4.95.15
To-day's closing	4.94.82

FRANC RATE

London, Sept 9

Previous closing	132.93
To-day's opening	132.96
To-day's closing	135.87

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Sept 9

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.95.14 and then kept steady but subsequently weakened on some pressure to 4.91.77.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.94.82.

Franc opened at 132.96 and eventually gradually weakened on heavy selling with the removal of peg by controls further depressing the rate to 134.93.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 137.87.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-16 1/8) 1-16 1/8
Paris on Bombay (10.040) 10.077
New York on Bombay (37.45) 37.39
Berlin on Bombay (0.93 1/4) 0.93 1/8
London on Milan (94.07) 94.12
London on Shanghai (1-2 3/8) 1-2 3/8
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent.
4 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent.
6 months (11/16 to 3/4 per cent) 11/16 to 3/4 per cent.

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£250 1/2 buyers £261 sellers. Steady) £261 1/2 buyers £261 3/4 sellers. Irregular.
Lead (£22 5/16 buyers £22 7/16 sellers. Firm) £22 buyers £22 1/8 sellers. Easy
Electrolytic Copper (£62 1/4 to £63 1/4) £61 1/4 to £62 1/4
Glasgow Iron sh. (107-0) 107-0

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Sept 9

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"India sold. Bears covered. Business small. Market steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, Sept 9

Spot	(12 15/16d.)	19 15/16d.
Forward	(19 7/8d.)	19 7/8d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Sept 9

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-0-5 1/2) £7-0-4

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, Sept 9

Liverpool wheat October closed at 105 1/4 as against the previous closing £106 1/4

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Sept 9

Liverpool wheat opened easy with October at 104 3/4 and December 105 1/4. Prices fell on scattered liquidation and some selling prompted by favourable crop reports from Argentine coupled with lower outside markets.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Sept 9

Chicago wheat opened steady with September at 1.08 1/4. Prices kept fairly steady on scattered buying but in the absence of any aggressive demand the market showed hesitancy with the price falling to 1.07 3/4.

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Sept 9

The market was closed to-day.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Sept 9

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £91 1/4 as against the previous closing at the same rate.

INDIAN LOANS

London, Sept 9
2-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Loan (£97 1/4) £97 3/4
3 per cent Indian (£91 1/2) £91 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£112) £112 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£115) £115
4 per cent Indian 1943-53 (£107 1/2) £107 1/2
5 per cent Indian 1932-47 (£111) £111
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£102 1/2) £102 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-75 (£107 7/8) £108

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£73 3/8) £73 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£99 1/8) £99 1/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£106 1/4) £106 1/4
5 per cent Funding Loan (£110 1/4) £110 3/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£100 1/8) £100 1/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£107 1/4) £107 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Sept 9
2-30 p.m.

Markets were favourably influenced by the expansion of continental business. Internationals were firm and fairly active. Oils and Kaffirs were firmer.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (15/-6) 15/-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (65-3) 65-3
Hydro Electric (£6 7/8) £6 7/8
Musical Industries (2/-3) 2/-3
Pinchin Johnson (4/-9) 4/-9
Imperial Chemical (30/- 1/2) 37-0
Woolsworth Ordinary (70-0) 70-6
Realisation 1936 (£95) £95 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (54-0) 54-0
Unilever Ordinary (40-1 1/2) 40-1 1/2
Ford Motors (26-4 1/2) 26-4 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£7/9) £78 3/4
British American Tobacco (115-3) 115-0
Carreas A (£8 1/2) £8 1/2
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (143-4 1/2) 143-4 1/2
P and O S N Company Deferred (29-6) 29-6
Distillers (107-6) 107-6
Bredfords Dyer (£7 3/8) £7 3/8
British Celanese (£7 1/4) £7 1/4
J and P Coates Ordinary (45-10 1/2) 45-10 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary (52-3) 53-4 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (9-1 1/2) 9-1 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (29-0) 29-4 1/2
Inter Nickels (£55 1/4) £58 1/4
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (77-6) 78-9
Tata Steel Preference (£105 1/2) £105 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (22-0) 22-0
Donaro Teas (48-0) 48-0
Empire of India (33-0) 33-0

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (38-6) 38-6
Gule Kelampong (38-3) 37-6
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (37-6) 37-6

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£10) £10

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (52-6) 52-6
Burma Corporation (17-0) 17-0
Rio Tintos (£19 3/4) £20 1/4
East Rand Proprietors (56-3) 57-6
Rand Mines (£6 7/8) £6 7/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£12 5/8) £12 5/8
Association Portland Cements (90-0) 90-0
Trinidad Leaseholds (117-6) 117-6
Sub Nigel (£10) £10
Spring Mines Split Shares (28-9) 28-9
Union Corporation (£8) £7 7/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (47-6) 48-1 1/2
Anglo Iranian (83-1 1/2) 83-9
Burma Oil (123-1 1/2) 124-4 1/2
Musical Eagle (12-9) 13-7 1/2
Shell Transport (101-10 1/2) 105-7 1/2
Royal Dutch (£44 3/8) £45 1/8

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£61 1/2) £62
L and S Ordinary (£30 1/4) £30 1/4
L N E R Defd (£4 3/4)) £4 3/4
Southern Paris 5 per cent (£21 3/8) £21 3/8
London Paris 5 per cent (£124 1/2) £124 1/2
London Transport 'C' Stock (£80 3/4) £80 3/4

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Sept 9

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

General Motors (dol 49 5/8) dol 51 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 50) dol 52 3/8
U S Steel Common (dol 96 3/4) dol 99
U S Steel Preference (dol 128) unquoted.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Much More Cheerful

(SPECIAL CABLE))

LONDON, Sept 9

The Stock Exchange was much more cheerful under the influence of better Wall Street and continental buying and good option business. Internationals were firm and active. Foreigners were exceptionally weak particularly Chinese.

On foreign exchanges heavy nervous selling of French franc resulted in the rate weakening from 132.97 to 135.87, French authorities only intervening intermittently to check the fall.

Wall Street opened firm and active.

LIMITED TURNOVER IN JUTE SHARES

Indian Irons Quiet

CALCUTTA, Sept 9

Jutes ruled steady, and a limited turnover took place. Coals were firmer and a fair turnover resulted. In teas there was fair business amongst more popular stocks at gradually advancing rates. In miscellaneous Engineering still continued at hardening prices. Indian Irons and Burmas were a bit quieter. Government securities were easier. The following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities: Three and half per cent Government paper 98/12; two and three fourth loan 1948/52 99/15; five per cent loan 1939/44 105/9 small lot.

Bank: Reserve Bank 125.

Railways: Arrah Sasaram 65 ex div; Dehri Rohtas 11/4.

Cottons: Bengal Nagpur 15/14; Elgin 128; New Ring ordy 42; Dunbar 182 small lot; Benares Cotton and Silk annas 15; Kooram 8/2, New Victoria 1/6.

Coals: Amalgamated 27/4; Bengal 341/8; Bhalgora 4/3; Burra Dhemo 4/12; Central Kurkend 11/4; Dhemo Main 11/5; East Indian 25/8; Equitable 42/12; Hurriladih 17/8; Kuardi 1/10; Katras Jherrian 26; Mundulpore 10/12; New Beerbhoom 17/2; New Manbhoom 28/12; North Damuda 5/6; Raneegunge 38; Seebpore 19/6 premium C div; Union 24/8; West Jamuria 32/6; Bhulan Bararee 10/11; Burrakur 17/8; Khas Kajora 10/8; Lakurka 9/10 ex div small lots; North West fully paid 12/12.

Jutes: Albion 206/8; Anglo India 342; Auckland pref 126; Belvedere 354 small lot; Chitavalasah 16/4; Howrah 52/8; Hukumchand ordy 9/13; Kamarhatty 512; Kinnison 574; Northbrook pref 126; Agarpara 18/2, Baily 162; Barnagore 130; Craig 1/4; India 316 small lot; Kanknarrah 430; Megna 32/12; Nuddea 45; Presidency 4/3; Reliance 64/8; Wavarley 1/15.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 17/9; Consolidated Tin 8/11; India Copper 3/7; Dalmia Cement ordy 1/2 prem; do pref 101, Bengal Telephone ordy 23/14; Muttra electric 10/4 ex div; Rawalpindi electric 27 ex div; Burn and Company 29/8 small lots; Burn and Company seven per cent pref 136; Hukumchand Steel ordy 11/1; Hukumchand Steel defd 3/3; Indian Iron 53/4; Indian Malleable Casting defd 2; Kumardhubi Engineering ordy 4/6; Kumardhubi Engineering pref 19; Steel Corporation 8/8; Indian Cables 15/14; Dunlop Rubber ordy 17/15; Moola Oil 1/13; Star Paper ordy 1.

Teas: Betjan 22; Chandypore 116/8 small lot; Ellenbarrie 270; Hansqua 12/4; New Terai 13; Bishnauth 28/8 ex div; Durrang 7/4 small lots; Jaybirpara 22/12; New Chinnsolliah 405; Rutema 11/8; Sapai 10/8; Tukvar 14.

Debentures: Three and quarter per cent new Howrah Bridge 99; three and quarter per cent Rangoon Municipal 97/4.—A. P.

CHANGES IN CITY TRAFFIC REGULATIONS

Our readers' attention is hereby drawn to the notification issued by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, published on page 2 regarding changes in Traffic rules regarding the Traffic Island at Sandhurst Bridge (east), Pedestrian Island on Queen's Road (opposite to Marine Lines Railway Station) and the Traffic Island at Chaupatti (Sandhurst Bridge (west).

Kher's Assurance To Critics

(Continued from page 7.)

for a mild rebuke at the hands of Premier Kher at a Reception accorded to him at the Muzaffarabad Hall by the Bombay Marathi Sahitya Sangha (Literary League) on Thursday.

The Honourable Mr. B. G. Kher when he rose to reply was profusely garlanded by the various Associations including Bombay Marathi Grantha Mandal (Book Society), Jambu Shahi Paksha, Kalyan Saraswati (Educational) Mandal, and Young Mens' Association.

He thanked the various Associations for giving an opportunity to him to know their views It was usual that the recipient came for a lot of praise on such occasions.

But they also came in for a certain measure of criticism.

The Congress Ministry was carefully considering the question of removing restrictions on liberties in the proper manner and was doing all to its powers to give effect to its pledges as embedded in the Congress Election Manifesto consistent with the general Congress policy of Truth and non-Violence.

Usual criticism came from people who were not Congressmen and did not see eye to eye with Congress philosophy and it was very difficult to satisfy such people.

The Congress Ministry sprang from a disciplined party and its ideal was 'service.' It was its duty to carry out a programme beneficial to the people even without being told to do so.

The function terminated with a dinner.

SHARIAT BILL IN ASSEMBLY

(Continued From Page 1)

tee. The principle underlying the Bill was reasonable and there could be no valid objection to it. He supported the Select Committee motion.

Mr. Azhar Ali also supported the motion for a Select Committee.

When Sir Muhammad Yakub's motion was put to the House, Mr. Aney challenged a division and the motion was carried by 26 votes to 9, the Congress, Government and European members remaining neutral.

Mr. H. M. Abdulla moved consideration of the Bill to make provision for the application of the Muslim Personal Law (Shariat) to Muslims of British India as reported by the Select Committee. The object of the Bill was to secure to female heirs due share in the property which by Muslim personal law, is theirs, but of which by customary law they are deprived often by their husbands or other male relatives. Mr. Abdulla commending the Bill referred to the changes made by the Select Committee as wholesale ones.

FRONTIER LAW.

Mr. Abdul Qaiyum said that the Bill was long overdue and would remove the dead hand of custom. Custom was an indefinite thing differing often from one part of a village to another. He described the extent of hardship caused by customary law and referred to instances in the Frontier Province in which a widow enjoying the property of her deceased husband under customary law, had been murdered by reversioners in order that they might obtain it themselves.

He said a similar law had been passed in the Frontier Province which went beyond the present Bill in one respect, namely, that it gave the right to women to share agricultural land, which was excluded from the scope of this Bill. He, therefore, did not want that this Bill should be made applicable to his province.—

Sir Yamin Khan, amid many interruptions, objected to the inclusion of the word "Shariat" in the Bill, because it was interpreted in different ways by different sects and might, therefore, lead to wasteful litigation in the future.

Mr. Anwarul Azim did not think the word "Shariat" presented any difficulty. It was a well-known word to all Muslims.

Mr. Piracha gave whole-hearted support to the Bill and hoped the provincial Governments would make arrangements to delegate powers under the Act to Muslim judges without extra cost.

Mr. Kazmi refuted Sir Yamin Khan's suggestion that the word "Shariat" was capable of differing interpretations.

PROGRESSIVE MEASURES.

Mr. Jinnah wholeheartedly supported the principles of the Bill. He declared that the Bill was a progressive measure. It intended to carry out the Islamic Law, which was most just because under it daughters got a share in the property in their own right. Difficulties there were but whatever law were passed there were bound to be persons who would go to the court for interpretation. That, however, was no reason why the laws should not be enacted, which were as perfect as it was humanly possible to make them. The word "Shariat," however, was capable only of one meaning and he quoted authorities in support of his statement.

Further discussion was adjourned to next Thursday. Before the House adjourned, Sir N. N. Sircar, Leader of the House, referred to the heavy work before the House relating to the Insurance Bill and suggested it might be necessary either to sit later than five o'clock or sit on Saturdays.

Mr. Satyamurthi stated it would be impossible to sit late hours.

The President suggested that the Party leaders should meet him to-morrow to decide what to do.—A. P.

PROPERTY AND SHARIAT BILLS

Congress Party's Attitude Decided

SIMLA, Sept. 9.

Before the Assembly commenced this morning, a meeting of the Congress Party was held, when it was decided that the Party should remain neutral on the two Bills, namely, Sir Muhammad Yakub's Bill to declare that the properties of Muslims dying intestate and without any heir should devolve upon the Muslim community and Mr. Abdullah's Shariat Bill. The Muslim members of the Party will have freedom of vote.—A. P.

WHOM SHOULD WE FOLLOW?

(Continued from page 6)

direct growth connected with the very existence of the masters of industry. Those who ask us to follow this that or the other country's 'example' had better tell us in what or how exactly we should follow their advice with reference to the situation described here.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

Bombay, Sept 9

Anglo Iranian Oil Tanker ss British Soldier of 3503 reg tons, Captain J D Miller arrived on 8th instant from Abadan with cargo of fuel oil.

P and O S N ss Mongolia of 10120 reg tons, Captain W L Pope arrived from London via Tangier, Gibraltar, Marseilles, Port Said and Port Sudan with passengers and general cargo.

B I S N ss Baroda of 1898 reg tons, Captain E Shepherd arrived from Basra via Persian Gulf Ports and Karachi with passengers and general cargo.

L Triestino ss Teseo of 2995 reg tons, Captain C Govanni arrived from Mogadisceo via Karachi and Marmagoa with general cargo.

Volkart Bros ss Hoegh Transporter of 2865 reg tons, Captain O Findahl arrived from Moji in water ballast.

P and O S ss Viceroy of India of 10027 reg tons, Captain J K Chaplin arrived from London via Marseilles, Port Said and Aden with passengers and general cargo.

DEPARTURES

O S K ss London Maru of 4414 reg tons, Captain M Takagi sailed for Kobe via Colombo and Singapore with passengers, local and same bottom cargo.

L Dreyfus ss Hindustan of 3242 reg tons, Captain J Harper sailed for Port Said for orders with local cargo.

B I S N ss Varsova of 1955 reg tons, Captain W J Clarke sailed for Basra via Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports with passengers and local cargo.

P and O S N ss Mongolia of 10120 reg tons, Captain W L Pope sailed for Sydney via Colombo and Australian Ports with passengers, local and same bottom cargo.

L Triestino ss Laconia of 3762 reg tons Captain G Rawasini sailed for Calcutta and Madras in ballast.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 9-9-37.

S S Alavi (T M) for Jeddah and Red Sea Ports via Karachi

S S Ginyo Maru (N Y K) for China Japan Ports via Colombo and Penang.

S S City of Melbourne (J F) for Marseilles, Antwerp, Dunkerk and Glasgow via Karachi and Port Said.

S S Barala (M M) for Persian Gulf Ports via Kathiawar C Ports.

S S Varela (M M) for Persian Gulf Ports via Kathiawar C Ports

S S Hatimura (M M) for Kathiawar Coast Ports and Karachi

S S Bangalore (M M) for China Japan Ports via Colombo and Penang.

Vessels In Docks

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, Sept 9

3 Castalia 4171 Karachi 14-9 Anchor Line Ltd.
5 Kabinga 2925 Karachi 11-9 K Nixon
7 Kandelfels 4783 Karachi 15-9 L Edwards
- London Maru 4414 Japan 9-9 O S Kaisha
10 Tairea 3756 Durban 15-9 M M
13 British Industry 2425 Abadan N F, Anglo I Oil
14 Hindustan 3242 Port Said for orders 9-9 L Dreyfus

VICTORIA DOCK

4 Varsova 1955 Busra 9-9 M M
9 Laconia 3762 Calcutta 9-9 L Triestino
10-11 Jalapadma 2326 Rangoon, 12-9 Scindia S N
16 Indira 278 N F, N F, The New Dholera Steamship Ltd.

PRINCE'S DOCK

D/E Lalita 283 Dholera 12-9 The New Dholera Steamship
F Alavi 216 Jeddah 15-9 T Morrison
K Ellora 2386 N F, N F, M M
M Vita 1955 Karachi 18-9 M M
N/O Oostcappelle 348 Malabar Coast 11-9 Merchant S N

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Comorin 30-9-37 P and O
Maloja 23-9-37 P and O
Moldavia 7-10-37 P and O
Bangalore 11-9-37 P and O S N
Carthage 16-9-37 P and O
Strathnaver 26-9-37 P & S N

FROM LIVERPOOL

City of Melbourne 12-9-37 K Nixon
Clan Murray 18-9-37 J Finlay
Kabinga 6-9 Killick N Nixon
City of Barcelona 21-9-37 Killick Nixon

FROM OSLO

Rinda 11-9-37 L Edwards
Waynegate 1-10-37 L Edwards

FROM SYDNEY

Strathairo 25-9-37 P and O

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Makage Maru No 18 7-9-37 N Y Kaisha
Himalaya Maru 19-9-37 O S Kaisha
Ranpura 17-9-37 P and O S N
Conte Biancamano 29-9-37 L Triestino
Anyo Maru 30-9-37 N Y Kaisha

FROM HAMBURG

Weissenfels 18-9-37 L Edwards

FROM TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 13-9-37 L Triestino
Fusijama 15-9-37 L Triestino

FROM NEW YORK

Pres. Pierce 16-9-37 F F Campbell
Tampa 11-9-37 L Edwards

FROM BASRA

Varela 11-9-37 M M
Bandra 16-9-37 M M

FROM CALCUTTA

Gogra 15-9-37 M M

FROM BASSEIN

Jalaratna 14-9-37 Scindia S N

FROM MOULMEIN

Ozarda 14-9-37 M M

FROM RANGOON

Hatimura 11-9-37 M M

FROM DURBAN

Karanja 18-9-37 M M

FROM KARACHI

Vita 23-9-37 M M

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Viceroy of India 11-9-37 M M
Ranpura 18-9-37 M M
Strathaird 25-9-37 P and O
Strathnaver 2-10-37 P and O
Kaiser-i-Hind 9-10-37 P and O

FOR SYDNEY

Maloja 23-9-37 P and O

FOR LIVERPOOL

Kabinga 11-9-37 Killick Nixon

FOR HAMBURG

Kendelfels 18-9-37 L Edwards

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Verde 14-9-37 Lloyd Triestino

FOR NEW YORK

Pres Garfield 15-10-37 F F Campbell
Pres Pierce 17-9-37 F F Campbell
Pres Van Buren 1-10-37 F F Campbell

FOR GENOA

Conte Bian Camano 29-9-37 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Bangalore 14-9-37 P and O S N
Conte Rosso 13-9-37 L Triestino
Ginyo Maru 15-9-37 N Y Kaisha
Carthage 16-9-37 P and O S N
Mikage Maru No 18 20-9-37 NY Kaisha

FOR KARACHI

Kandelfels 15-9-37 L Edwards
Makage Maru No 18 10-9-37 N Y Kaisha
Castalia 14-9 Anchor Line
Vita 16-9-37 M M

FOR BASRA

Barala 15-9-37 M M
Tareia 16-9-37 M M

FOR DURBAN

Karanja 29-9-37 M M
Tairea 15-9-37 M M

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Moncalieri 6-9-37
S S Nalgora 6-9-37
S S Gairsoppa 7-9-37
S S Victoria Marie 7-9-37
S S Sonavati 7-9-37
S S Jenaki 7-9-37
S S Netravati 7-9-37
S S Kabinga 7-9-37
S S British Industry 7-9-37
S S London Maru 7-9-37
S S Jalapadma 8-9-37
S S Alavi 8-9-37
S S Oostcappelle 8-9-37

EXPORTS

S S Ginyo Maru for Dairen: 650 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading; 400 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha.

For Kobe: 200 bales cotton raw A Podar.

For Nagoya: 150 tons loose old iron scrap Bombay Shipping Agency.

For Yokohama: 110 tons loose cast iron scrap C Manilal

For Yoiko: 500 bales cotton raw M Amersey.

For Osaka: 50 tons loose old steel angles and plates C Manilal.

S S Kandelfels for Hamburg: 165 bales cotton raw K Devchand; 125 drums castor oil The Swastik Oil Mills; 124 bags mustard seed Volkart Bros; 62 bgs gum T Laxmidas; 75 bales cotton waste M Chandulal 55 bales cotton waste C Jairam; 98 bales cotton waste clean Indian Produce Export; 110 bales cotton waste clean P Dass and Sons; 110 bales cotton tly L O Vora.

For Varna: 55 bales cotton raw K Devchand;

For Gdynia: 110 bales cotton raw Bombay Company

For Ghent: 110 bales cotton raw The Swastika G Trading.

For Rotterdam: 80 bales cotton raw A Clayton; 2000 pockets myrabollams K Tricamji.

For Antwerp: 125 bales cotton waste clean M Chandulal

For Bremen: 77 bales cotton waste clean C Jairam

For Copenhagen: 110 bags kang gram A Virji; 28 bales cotton twist waste M Chandulal.

S S Teseo for Trieste: 540 bales cotton raw K Devchand; 55 bales cotton raw Vakharia; 22 tons scrap iron Shaw Wallace.

For Alexandretta: 70 bales cotton grey yarn A Al Abdul Razzak.

For Venice: 110 bales cotton raw K Devchand; 330 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

For Wellington: 14 cases condiments M M Poonjiaji;

For Istambull: 25 bales cotton g m yarn A H Diab.

For Salonica: 50 bales cotton raw S Jhunjhunwala; 50 bags black pepper D Anandji.

For Marseilles: 494 bags mustard seed S M Rajgor; 216 bags turmeric S M Rajgor.

For Port Said: 16640 bags groundnuts K Devchand.

For Piracus: 72 bags black pepper D Anandji.

For Valo: 44 bags black pepper D Anandji.

For Suez: 70 bales cotton cold piecegoods Fred Shohet and Sons.

S S City of Melbourne for Dunkirk: 265 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros; 1750 tons manganese ore Shivrajpur Syndicate.

For Ghent: 165 bales cotton raw The Swastik G Trading

For Glasgow: 1400 bags linseed oil cake L Dreyfus; 3500 bags g nut oil cake L Dreyfus; 2597 bags g nut oil cake Ralli Bros; 1358 bags linseed oil cake Ralli Bros; 1930 bags mussoor Ralli Bros.

S S Vicero of India for London: 308 bags g nut kernels S M Rajgor; 6 bales woollen carpets M Mackenzie.

For Marseilles: 1280 bags groundnut K Devchand; 1733 bags groundnut in shell H Khiaram.

IMPORTS

S S Gairsoppa Agents M Mackenzie from Rangoon: 120243 bundles teak scantlings; 4503 bundles teak boards; 1058 bundles teak planks; 130 pieces teak sleepers; 134 pieces pyinkadore sleepers; 318 pieces teak squares; 900 pieces gurjanwood scantling; 17269 bgs rice; 92 bales cotton hosiery waste; 105

From Mangalore: 25 bags cardamoms. bars lead;

From Cochin: 37 bundles rubber.

From Calicut: 204 cases coir rope; 105 cases coir yarn; 225 bags cocoanuts.

S S Tairea Agents M Mackenzie from Durban: 45 cases grape fruit.

From D Salam: 701 bags gum; 1294 bales cotton.

From Zanzibar: 84 bags c roots; 46 bags betelnuts.

From Mombassa: 1249 baskets potatoes; 1408 bales cotton.

S S Jehangir Agents Bombay and Persia Steam Navigation from Mauritius: 2 cases gold bullion; 9 trunk cinema films; 197 cases old metals.

S S Barpeta Agents M Mackenzie from Khoramshahr: 342 bags barley.

The Indian Red Cross Society announce that the Indian Stall at the Red Cross International Bazaar held in London in July last made a profit of £88-11-10 1/2d. which sum has been handed over to the Florence Nightingale International Fund for the support of post-graduate courses in nursing open to all countries.

Moderate Selling After Bearish Bureau Report

RESISTANCE AROUND OLD LOW LEVELS

Heaviest Movement Likely To Depress Cotton Prices

BOMBAY, Sept. 9.

The Bureau report issued on Wednesday indicating American cotton crop 16,098,000 Bales was considered bearish. There was moderate selling but the market refused to decline below loan levels. However it is generally believed that under heavy crop movement prices will decline further but low levels will attract investment support.

The New York cotton futures market opened steady with moderately active trading on Wednesday and then turned feverish with traders evening up commitments prior to the Bureau report and the weekly weather was most unfavourable of the season. With the Bureau figures larger than expected the market declined. The volume of selling was not great and speculative longs were well liquidated and the market met with resistance in the form of resting orders around old low levels and trade buying. The market was very steady after the decline.

WEATHER REPORTS

Frequent rains and high humidity in the Eastern belt have been generally detrimental to the crop which showed poor progress or deterioration. In lower Mississippi valley similar conditions prevailed but the Western belt showed some improvement. Rains have practically brought to a stand still picking in Central States and hindering it in other sections but Texas on balance has improved. The weekly weather report was unfavourable in the Eastern Belt and Central and less favourable in the West where Texas rains lowered grades and favoured insect activity.

NEW YORK MARKET.

The New York market opened at a decline of one point with October 9.25, and prices improved 8 points from the opening level and October was quoted 9.33 which was the highest level. Later prices declined 28 points from the highest level under increased selling and October was quoted 9.05 which was the lowest level. The market closed at a net decline of 13 to 21 points. Spot Cotton prices declined 13 points at 9.33c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also easy and closed at a decline of 13 to 20 points. Spot cotton prices declined 13 points at 9.19c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened unchanged at 5.33 for October There was small business. Hedging met pre-Bureau covering and trade calling. Later on there was hedging and straddle selling which were offset by unfavourable weather and trade calling. Later prices reacted on realising and speculative selling on bearish Bureau report. Contracts were absorbed by. Short covering and investment buying of distant months. The market closed at a decline of 11 to 9 points. Middling American spot cotton prices closed 3 points up at 5.58d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian Cotton market was quiet and Sakels futures closed 6 points down Uppers futures declined 15 to 10 points.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

There was scattered short covering in the Alexandria market which closed at a rise of 11 to 3 points.

OFFICIAL COMMENT

The yield is the highest on record but the abandonment is one of the lowest. The report states that increases are due to improvements in yields together with abandonments which are under average; while the reduction in North and South Carolinas is due to weevil losses which in other sections were relatively light. Hot dry winds have damaged the crop in Oklahoma.

PRIVATE CABLES

N. Y. October Highest (11-30 a.m.)	9.33+07
N. Y. October Lowest (12-31 p.m.)	9.05—21
Liverpool October Highest	5.38+05
Liverpool October Lowest	5.21—12

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegrams from Liverpool and New York:

Liverpool:—

"Cotton bureau about 200000 more than expected not much selling pressure so far but believe prices will gradually sag during next few weeks."

"Downward tendency likely continue."

"Bureau 16098 likely to decline."

"Think weight crop will depress further"

New York:—

"Weekly weather report unfavourable crop prospects declining supported by good trade buying at the decline bearish feeling predominates but loan discourages aggressive selling."

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool:—Condition 75. Production 1,60,98,000 bales. Downward tendency likely to continue.

Liverpool.—Report is considered "bearish". Our opinion is that the market will decline unless political excitement interferes.

Liverpool.—Bureau about 4,00,000 bales more than generally expected and abundant harvest seems assured but proximity of prices to loan level likely to encourage increased support on any further decline.

New York.—Trade demand around nine cents basis. December imparting resistance but may work somewhat lower.

New York:—Report bearish. Speculators disinclined towards short side on account of international uncertainties. Good trade demand at nine cents. Market still looks easy under hedging.

New York.—Weather unfavourable since Bureau. Expect somewhat lower under movement but rather buy distants on scale down below nine cents.

New York.—Report is larger than expected. Crop has deteriorated since report was compiled. Advise purchases on weak spots.

New York.—Market not responding to sellers at previous closing prices. Holders less anxious to sell. Think market will be supported by loan. Consider present prices safe even if market should go temporarily lower.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Sept. 8.

October	9.13—13
December	9.04—20
January	9.11—18
March	9.19—21
May	9.27—21
July	9.36—19
Middling Spot	9.33—13

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Sept. 8

October	9.09—13
December	9.11—20
January	9.15—20
Middling Spot	9.19—13
11-00 a.m. Ranges.—	
October	9.31
December	9.25
Noon Call.—	
October	9.32
December	9.28

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Sept. 8.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	54,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	4,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	10,000
Day's Exports to China and Japan	Nil

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Sept. 8.

September	5.23—11
October	5.22—11
November	5.23—10
December	5.25—10
January	5.28—10
February	5.30—10
March	5.33—10
April	5.35—10
May	5.38—09
June	5.40—09
July	5.42—10
August	5.43—10
Middling Spot	5.58+03
10-10 a.m. quotations.—	
October	5.35
January	5.40

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Sept. 8.

F.G.F. SAKELLARIDIS—	
September	8.60
F.G.F. Spot	9.05

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Sept. 8.

BROACH.—	
Fully Good (Good staple)	4.70
Fine (Good staple)	4.85
Superfine (Good stapie)	5.00
OOMRA—	
Fine (No 1 staple)	4.74
Superfine (No 1 staple)	4.88
Choice (No 1 staple)	5.03
BENGAL—	
Good	3.93
Fully Good	3.93
Fine	4.08

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, Sept. 8.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 5/8 per cent to 11/16 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent.

Interest Day to Day Loan unchanged

Interest 7 Days Market Loan unchanged.

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Sept. 8.

T.T. LONDON ON:—	
New York (closing rate)	4.95.27
Paris	132.96
Berlin	12.34
Madrid	73.50
Amsterdam	8.96 9/16
Brussels	29.36 1/2
Milan	94.15
Berne	21.56 3/8
Prague	141.81

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, Sept. 8.

Wheat Rozaria Santa Fe parcels Jan-Feb. sellers	40/7 1/2
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels October sellers	45/6
Wheat South Australian parcels September sellers	43/6

LINSEED OIL

London, Sept. 8.

Linseed Oil, naked London per cwt. Sept. paid sellers	29/1 1/2
Linseed Oil, naked London per cwt. Oct-Dec. sellers	29/1 1/2

LONDON RUBBER.

London, Sept. 8.

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribber per lb. sellers	9 1/4

LONDON SEEDS.

London, Sept. 8.

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton September sellers	£13/2/6
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. ton Sept-Oct. sellers	£15/2/6
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. ton Sept-Oct sellers	£15/12/6
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. ton Sept-Oct. sellers	£14/7/6
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton Sept-Oct. nominal	£14/17/6

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Sept. 9.

Following a decline of 13 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at 2 p.m. with Broach A/M: delivery quoted Rs. 187/4 and improved to Rs. 187/8 on scattered short covering. Liverpool market was due to open at a rise of one point on parity with overnight New York closing advices and it opened one point up and the local market further improved to Rs. 188/8 on steady short covering.

Later on Liverpool market was reported 6 points up and the local market was active with better enquiry. The market closed at 4 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M	189 0 0
Oomra D/J	169 12 0
Bengal D/J	143 12 0

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 4th September	102
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1937	2,032
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	3,882
Decrease	1,850

Cotton Straddles

Bombay, Sept. 9.

New York—Liverpool:—

October 166 Jan. 180 March 182 May 184 at Cross Rate 4.95 1/8.

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach A/M. 1938 187—Liverpool May 1938 5.39 Rs. 47 3/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—

Broach A/M. 1938 187—New York May 9.27 Rs. 21 1/4 at Cross Rate 4.95 1/8

High & Low Cotton Prices

Bombay, Sept. 8.

Before Bureau.—

Broach A/M. op. 190 1/2; highest 191 1/4; lowest 190 1/2; closing 191 1/4.

After Bureau:—

Op. 188; highest 188; lowest 186; closing 187 1/4.

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, Sept 8

SAKELS—	
November	15.52+6
January	15.56+7
ASHMOUNI—	
December	11.58+9
February	11.65+9
GIZA—	
November	13.87+3
January	13.97+4

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, Sept. 8.

	Giza.	Upper.
Spot	8.21+ 5.	7.55+ 2.
October	7.38— 6.	6.59—10.
November	7.41— 6.	6.49—10.
December	7.40— 5.	
January '38	7.52— 5.	6.48—10
March	7.59— 5.	6.50—11.
May	7.63— 5.	6.52—11.
July	7.69— 4.	6.54—11
October	—	—

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, Sept. 9.

November	63.70—170
December	63.80—170

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Sept. 9.

November	240.30—80
December	240.00—60
January	239.50—60

American Cotton Figures

F.P. Bales	1937-38	1936-37
Receipts to date 8-9-37	947000	664000
Receipts Yesterday 8-9-37	54000	53000
Exports to date 8-9-37	349000	305000
Stock at Ports 3-9-37	1582000	1348000
Stock at Interior Towns 3-9-37	835000	1218000
Stock at Liverpool 3-9-37	702000	748000
Visible Supply 3-9-37	3298000	3319000
Quantity in sight 3-9-37	1138000	865000
Quantity out of sight 3-9-37	711000	793000

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Sept. 9.

	Cwts
Wheat	14,286
Linseed	5,203
Rape, Rai and Mustardseed seeds	32
Poppyseed	7
Groundnuts	2,601
Castorseed	3,063
Rice	14,550
Myrabollams	1,128
Mowraseed	719
Gram	2,187
Joowar	2,676
Maize	17
Barley	572
Bajree	1,165
Indian Sugar	11,762

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Sept. 8.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£72 1/4
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£77 1/2
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£91 1/4
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£112
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£73 3/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£99 1/8
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£100 1/8
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£110 1/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£107 1/4
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	£13 3/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg.	£98 1/2
National Bank of India	£40 5/8
P and O Banking Corporation nominal	£10

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, Sept. 8.

Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality)	8 1/4

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Sept. 9.

The local silver market remained entirely closed to-day yesterday London gold prices advanced 2 1/2d. to £7-0-5 1/2 and London-Paris Exchange rate was 4 points up at 132.98. Dollar Sterling cross rate was 4.95 1/8. London silver prices closed unchanged at 19 15/16d. for spot and forward was 1/16d. down at 19 7/8. Speculators sold and India bought New York and Montreal prices were unchanged.

LONDON SILVER.

London, Sept. 8.

Spot	19 15/16
Forward	19 7/8

LONDON GOLD

London, Sept. 8.

London gold bars fine per oz	£7-0-5 1/2

Montreal Silver

Montreal, Sept. 8.

September	44.70+60
December	44.50
March	44.95+10

LONDON METALS

London, Sept. 8.

Copper	£56 10 0
Spelter	£23 8 9
Lead	£22 8 9
Tin	£260 0 0

JAMSHEDPUR STEEL PRODUCTION

Messrs. Tata Sons, Ltd., Agents for the Tata Iron and Steel Co., Ltd., report that the total approximate production of Iron and Steel at the Steel Works at Jamshedpur during the month of August 1937 was:—

	Tons.
Pig Iron	65,000
Steel Ingots	65,000
Finished Steel	48,200

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Sept. 8.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following quotations from the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
Amer. Water Works Com	15
Amer. Gas and Electric	29
Amer. Power and Light Com	8
Amer. Power and Light Prfd 5 p. c. 'A'	44
Amer. Forn Power Common	7
Amer. Forn Power Prfd 7 per cent	39
Electric Power and Light	16
Electric Power and Light 7 per cent Prfd.	65
Electric Bond Common	14
Electric Bond dol 5 Prfd.	56
Consolidated (Gas) Edison	31
Columbia Gas	11
United Corporation	4
United Power and Light	5
Int. Tel. and Tel.	8
Northern S. Power 'A'	18
United Gas Corporation	8
American Tel. and Tel.	162 1/2
Western Union Telgm.	42
Baltimore and Ohio Rly.	21
Chesapeake and Ohio	42
Canadian Pacific Rly.	10
Erie Rly.	11
Great North Prfd Rly.	42
New York Central Rly.	29
N.Y.N. Hartford H. Rly.	8
Pennsylvania Rly.	30
Southern Pacific Rly.	33
Brazilians Traction Rly.	21
Allis Chalmers	57
U. S. Rubber	43
Douglas Aircraft	44
Westinghouse Airbrake	32
Aviation Corptn.	5
Phillips Petroleum Co.	53
Montgomery Ward Co.	54
U. S. Gypsum	90
United Aircraft	23
General Railway Signal Co.	33
Firestone Rubber Co	29
Curtis Wright	5
Peerless Corporation	6
Bethlehem Steel	83
Crucible Steel	57
Ludlum Steel	27
National Steel	85
Republic Steel	30
United S. Steel	97
Amer. Car Foundry	34
Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt	12
Amer. Rolling Mills	32
United S. Smelting	78
Youngstown Sheet	73
Anaconda Copper Mining	51
Int. Nickel of Canada	57
Chrysler	97
General Motors	50
Packard Motor	7
General Electric	48
Radio Corporation	10
Amer. Radiator	17
Union Carbide	94 3/4
Barnsdall Oil	17
Consolidated Oil	12
Mid Cont. Oil	22
Plymouth Oil	21
Socony Oil	18 1/4
St. Oil of N. J. Oil	59
National Distillers	27
National Dairy	18
Amer. Tob. 'B'	78
St. Regis Paper	6
Celanese Corporation	31
Chase Bank	45
National City Bank	40
Amerex	23
Sun Life of Canada	650
Libbey-Ownes-Ford Glass Co.	59
Sherwin-Williams Company	121
Pullman Incorporated	46
Boeing Airplane	17
Reo Motors	4
Graham Page	3

General Motors sold in August 190,000 units.

Liquidation apparently not yet completed.

Turnover 2 1/2 million shares.

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, Sept. 8.

October	106 1/4d.
December	106 3/4d.
March	103d.

Wheat Chicago

Chicago, Sept. 8.

September	dol 1.08 1/2
December	dol 1.10
May	dol 1.12 1/4

SHARE BAZAR CLOSED

BOMBAY, Sept. 9.

The Local Share Bazar remained closed to-day and will remain closed on Friday.

MONEY & EXCHANGES

Bombay, Sept. 9.

B. C. RATES I I D D 1/6 1/16

LONDON—

Bank's selling I I D D 1/6 3/32

Bank's buying T T 1/6 5/32

Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/16

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32

NEW YORK—

Bank's selling T T 268 3/4

Bank's buying T T 266 5/8

PARIS—

Bank's selling T T 993

Bank's buying T T 1,013

JAPAN—

Bank's selling T T 77 1/2

Bank' buying T T 77

AMSTERDAM—

Bank's selling D D 67 1/4

JAVA—

Bank's selling D D 67

HONGKONG—

Bank's selling D D 84

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling D D 80 1/2

SINGAPORE—

Bank's selling D D 156 1/4

BERLIN—

Bank's selling D D 91 3/4

CROSS RATE—

New York/London 4.95.18 8th instant.

Japan/London 1/2 1/32 9th instant.

Hongkong/London 1/3 1/16 9th instant.

Shanghai/London 1/2 11/32 9th instant.

Java/London 8.96 9th instant.

London/Paris 132.98 8th instant.

London/Belgium 29.36 1/2 8th instant.

London/Switzerland 21.56 3/8 8th instant.

London/Berlin 12.34 8th instant.

London/Stockholm 19.39 1/2 8th instant.

London/New York 4.95.27 8th instant.

London/Amsterdam 8.98 1/4 8th instant.

London/Italy 94.15 8th instant.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet Near. Steady Forward.

Gold £7-0-5 1/2 8th instant.

Silver London Ready 19 15/16 8th instant.

Silver London Forward 19 7/8 8th instant.

Silver New York Ready 45 8th instant

London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 8th instant.

London Discounts 6 months 11/16 per cent 8th instant.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

MONEY:—

Call 1/4 per cent.

3 Months 3/4 per cent.

6 Months 1 per cent.

Tone: Easy.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Sept. 8.

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	77 1/2
3 1/2 per cent	91 1/4
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	102 3/4
4 per cent 1948/53	107 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	112
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	115
5 per cent 1942/47	111
3 per cent 1949/52	97 3/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	73 3/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	100 1/8
4 per cent Funding Loan	110 1/4
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordy	79/0

ADVISABLE TO BUY COTTON

Better To Look To Consumption

Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co. have issued the following report:—

The September Bureau Report was issued in America yesterday and estimated the condition of the crop at 75 per cent indicating a crop of 16,098,000 bales and a yield of 228.5 lbs per acre on an acreage remaining for harvest of 33,736,000, which represents an abandonment of 1.3 per cent which is less than usual. The Ginning up till the end of last month totalled 1,871,000 bales. This crop estimate was about a quarter of a million bales larger than the general expectation and the New York market declined about 20 points. The market thus lost the small recovery which had taken place during the earlier part of the week. Selling was not aggressive. In fact it was notticed that bears were inclined to cover short sales, probably due to the fact that the weekly weather report which was issued yesterday was the poorest we have had this season. There appears to have been some improvement in conditions in the West but in other parts of the belt there has been unwanted and in some cases excessive rains, which have been interfering with picking and lowering the grade of the cotton and probably in some cases reducing the yield. Unless there should be an immediate improvement in weather conditions it is probable next month's report will show some decrease in the crop estimate. All markets have been displaying considerable nervousness as a result of the War in China and the present tension in European political circles. During the week there has been considerable improvement in trade demand, consumers now being attracted by the price of the raw material and encouraged by a better demand for cloth at in many cases remunerative prices to the manufacturer. We are of opinion the market now knows the worst so far as the supply position is concerned. We do not think the market is likely to decline much further. We advise purchases at the present level and the accumulation of cotton should there be any further decline.

LOCAL SITUATION

The Bombay market has ruled steady during the week under review and fluctuations have been within a narrow range. During the last few days much needed rain has fallen in most districts where this was so badly wanted. Crop prospects have been appreciably improved but in many places the plants this year are stunted and it is unlikely India will be able to produce a full crop. The recent rains should add strength to the cloth market which is already in a healthy condition. This is important so far as India is concerned for in our opinion the supply position i.e. the cotton market has already had its full effect on cotton prices and from now on traders would be well advised to pay more attention to the consumption side of the picture than they have been doing in recent weeks.

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

Comparison of Bureau reports on 1st September:—

Season.	Indicated crop.	Conditions.	Area lift for Harvest.	Yield per acre.	Ginned.
1937	16,098,000 B/s.	75.0 p.c.	33,736,000 Acr.	228.5 lbs.	1,871,000 B/s.
1936	12,399,000 B/s.	59.1 p.c.	30,028,000 Acr.	197.9 lbs.	1,375,000 B/s.
1935	10,638,000 B/s.	64.5 p.c.	27,640,000 Acr.	184.2 lbs.	1,136,000 B/s.
1934	9,636,000 B/s.	53.8 p.c.	26,866,000 Acr.	171.6 lbs.	1,403,000 B/s.
1933	13,049,000 B/s.	67.5 p.c.	29,383,000 Acr.	212.7 lbs.	1,396,000 B/s.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ending on the 3rd day of September, 1937.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	32,26,90,000
Notes in circulation:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	177,33,72,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	3,67,35,000
Total Notes issued	213,27,97,000
Total Liabilities	213,27,97,000
Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 58.47 per cent.	

ASSETS	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	41,54,53,000
(b) Held outside India	2,86,98,000
Sterling Securities	80,30,70,000
Total of A.	124,72,21,000
B. Rupee Coin	61,17,47,000
Govt. of India Rupee Securities	27,38,29,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial paper	Nil
Total Assets	213,27,97,000

Statement of the affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on 3rd September 1937.

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government x	13,02,10,000
(b) Banks	30,23,52,000
(c) Others	1,01,92,000
Bills Payable	12,14,000
Other Liabilities	77,76,000
Rupees	55,17,44,000

x Includes £46,600 held in London on account of the High Commissioner converted at 1s. 6d. to the rupee.

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	32,25,54,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	1,36,000
Rupee Coin	5,35,000
Subsidiary Coin	3,27,000
Bills Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	Nil
(b) External	Nil
(c) Govt. of India Treasury Bills	Nil
Balances held abroad*	13,62,80,000
Loans and Advances to the Government	Nil
Other Loans and Advances	22,85,000
Investments	8,05,25,000
Other Assets	91,02,000
Rupees	55,17,44,000

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

Following is the Statement of Liabilities and Assets of the Central Bank of India, Limited, for the fortnight ended 31st August, 1937:—

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.
Capital subscribed	3,36,00,000	
Capital paid-up		1,68,00,000
Reserve and Contingency Fund		70,00,000
Deposits, Debts due to Banks and Agents, Bills Payable, etc.		30,45,07,000
Sundries including Branch Adjustments		4,75,42,000
		37,58,49,000

ASSETS	
Cash Credits and Overdrafts on Government and other Authorized Securities	7,06,21,000
Loans on Government and other Authorized Securities	4,57,65,000
Bills Discounted	1,36,38,000
Lands and Buildings	1,27,96,000
Sundries including Branch Adjustments	4,55,82,000
Cash in hand, at Banks, Moneys at Call and Investments in War Bonds Government Paper, Treasury Bills, Shares, Debentures etc.	18,74,47,000
	37,58,49,000

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, Sept. 9.

Under the effect of disturbed European political situation, Liverpool market ruled firm yesterday and prices registered a sharp rise. Argentine and Australian weather reports were fair. The local market was steady to-day with a slightly better enquiry and quotations were as under:—

	Rs. a. p.
Linseed September	8 3 9
Linseed May	8 0 0
Wheat September	5 6 6
Wheat January	5 11 9
Wheat May	5 7 3

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, Sept. 8.

October	£13-6-3

New York Sugar

New York, Sept. 8.

December	2.39—01
March	2.37—01
May	2.39—01
July	2.40—01

MANCHESTER CLOTH TRADE

Values Near Bottom

Liverpool, Aug 18

A Liverpool firm writes:—

Cloth—In some quarters the view is taken that values are not far from bottom, and some operators have acted on this assumption and placed a fair amount of business either in cloth or yarn.

What Lancashire wants more than anything else at present is a period of stable prices. There is plenty of business in the back-ground waiting to be placed when conditions are thought to be favourable. Many leading dealers and manufacturers incline to the belief that the next few months should bring a resumption of buying on an improved scale. After slack period extending for several months, manufacturers are beginning to feel the need of orders, particularly for cloths of narrow width, but on the whole price quotations for cloth continue to be well maintained.

India continues disappointing as an outlet for Lancashire goods. Some manufacturers have fair orders on hand for India but new business has again been restricted, partly because of low offers and partly because this is usually the quietest period of the year for India trade. A few shirtings, prints and dyed fancies have been placed for Bombay and the up-country centres, and light bleached goods are wanted in small quantities for Karachi and Madras.

Fair support has again been given by the Straits Settlements and Rangoon, which have bought fine cambric, fancy printed goods and specialities. A little trade has also been arranged for Colombo, and there are indications of renewed interest on the part of Java in dyed goods.

A feature of demand is the tendency of home trade business to improve, some useful lines of casement, drills, linings, overall cloths and dress goods having been placed since the Bureau.

YARN

A little more activity has been shown in the yarn section and some spinners have done rather better. It is probable that steps may be taken to improve yarn margins still further. Whilst the coarse section of American spinners has been more active than recently, medium twist and weft have also been in request chiefly in small weights.

The Egyptian section of the trade remains unsatisfactory. As in the case of American, deliveries are fairly well maintained but new business in Egyptian, either for home consumption or for export is not general. One or two spinners producing speciality counts have done well since the Trade decided to renew the agreement for maintaining prices for another twelve months. Egyptian spinners too, express the view that sooner or later margins must be further improved.

Heavy Rain In Baroda

BARODA, Sept. 9.

There has been continuous rain here for the last 36 hours, amounting to 7.25 inches. The level of the river Vishwamitri is rising, as also that of the Sursagar.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 9-9-1937.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .048 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 79.0 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.6 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 81.2 degrees 3.8 (below normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 73.8 degrees 1.7 (below normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 89 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. WSW

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 9 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 195 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 30 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 8

Rain in 24 hours 1.72 inches

Total rainfall during the month 2.25 inches

Total rainfall during the year 57.00 inches.

Weather remark: Rain and squally

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 9-9-37.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 80.8 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.98 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.78 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

TIMELY RAIN SAVES CROPS

(From Our Correspondent.)

DOHAD, Sept. 8.

After a break of nearly five weeks, Dohad received good rain on seventh. It began drizzling early in the morning. During night there was a heavy downpour of rain lasting for about 2 hours. 2 inches and 35 cents has been recorded. This timely rain has saved and done immense good to the withering crops of maize, groundnuts, and paddy.

Monsoonish conditions prevail, and more rain is expected.

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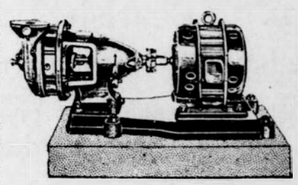
CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS for Household and Irrigation Purposes



International Electric Corporation
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BOMBAY: FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 10, 1937

India Must Boycott Japanese Goods

Masani's Resolutions For A. I. C. C. Include Questions Of Federation And King's Visit

Mr. M. R. Masani has given notice of the following resolutions to be moved at the forthcoming meeting of the A.I.C.C.:—

Whereas the Federal part of the Government of India Act is its most reactionary feature inasmuch as it hands over the destinies of the Indian people into the hands of the most despotic and oppressive elements in Indian society, namely, Indian Princes, and whereas the Indian people through the Indian National Congress have declared repeatedly that they will resist the inauguration of the Federation at all costs, the A.I.C.C. is of the opinion that the most urgent task before the Congress to-day is to prepare from now an irresistible mass agitation against the Federation so that Imperialism may not dare to foist the Federal scheme on this country

The Committee further feels that in the provinces where the Congress holds a majority, the Provincial Assemblies should forthwith pass resolutions dissociating themselves from the Federation and refusing to elect delegates to the Federal Assembly

The Committee is further of opinion, that, should the Viceroy through his Governors use constitutional make-shifts to conduct elections to the Federal Assembly against the wishes of those Assemblies and thereby bring into existence the Federal Government, the Congress should answer that challenge by asking the Congress Cabinets to resign and by launching a mass movement against that fresh Imperialist offensive.

BOYCOTT OF KING'S VISIT.

In view of disquieting reports about the plan of the British Government both in India and in England to arrange the visit of the British King to this country next year, the A.I.C.C reiterates the national position as accepted by the Faizpur Congress of absolute non-participation and abstention from this visit and all ceremonies and functions connected with it This Committee is of the opinion that Congressmen must from now agitate against the visit and, should it still materialise, prepare themselves to meet it with such action as may be suitable

BOYCOTT OF JAPANESE GOODS.

While denouncing the shameless Japanese aggression against China and drawing attention to the grave danger to world peace, which that aggression constitutes, the A.I.C.C feels that the Indian people cannot better express their solidarity with the Chinese people in their present plight than by boycotting all Japanese goods and stopping all exports from this country to Japan

The Committee requests the Working Committee to take all necessary steps to make such a boycott effective

U. P. On Way To Prohibition

Auction System To Go: Surcharge System To Be Introduced

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 9

It is understood that in pursuance of the policy of prohibition the Congress Government are taking the following steps in U. P. Auction system of excise shops now in force will be replaced by surcharge system from the next financial year; some areas will be selected for total prohibition as an experimental measure; a new scheme of taxation on foreign liquor

Hitherto the U. P. Government generally did not interfere with, import of foreign liquor, particularly by European and Anglo-Indian clubs. Foreign liquor was sold to members by these clubs

The Government have now directed that no duty-paid foreign liquor imported from foreign countries, other than denatured spirit, exceeding six quart bottles should be imported in the U. P. except under a pass issued by Government.

These restrictions will apply not only to clubs but to private individuals also. Government Departments and charitable hospitals are exempted from rate fees for passes fixed extending from Rs. 3 to Rs. 4 per reputed quart bottle according to quantity imported

Mr. Krishnaswami Bharathi, M.L.A., (centre) presided over the Madras District Political Conference. Seated on to his right is Mr. Dawood Shah, Chairman of the Reception Committee and now an Alderman of the city.

Price For Freedom Is Sacrifice

Rajen Babu Exhorts Frontier People To Co-operate With Khan Sahib In Achieving Independence

PESHAWAR, Sept. 8

Babu Rajendra Prasad was presented with an address of welcome here yesterday at a mammoth meeting at Shahibagh attended by nearly 50,000 people. Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan presided

Replying to the address Babu Rajendra Prasad said that he felt particularly happy that his visit to the Frontier had synchronised with the transference of power to popular hands. Although the Congress Ministry had come to power, it was not enough for the country's freedom Capturing seats of power under the present constitution was merely a stage in freedom's path.

He appealed to the audience to co-operate with Dr. Khan Sahib's Cabinet for the achievement of complete independence

"If you want the freedom of the country, you are to pay the price for it. The price demanded is sacrifice for the country. Mahatma Gandhi has found a unique way of paying that price non-violently. Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan has imbibed it successfully and introduced it in the Frontier Repeat this 'mantra' and persevere. Freedom will be attained in no time" added Rajen Babu.

Addressing the Frontier minorities Babu Rajendra Prasad exhorted them to be fearless and live in love and tolerance. The Frontier minorities were, he said, as safe with the Khan brothers as the Muslim minorities in Bihar and elsewhere

Concluding Rajen Babu appealed to the people to strengthen the Congress fold by joining it in thousands.

Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan made a short, but impressive speech. He said he would undertake a village-to-village tour throughout the province after recouping his health.—United Press.

GALE UPSETS STEAMER TRAFFIC

RATNAGIRI, Sept. 9.

A sudden change in the weather yesterday completely disorganised the steamer traffic here.

There was heavy rain which was accompanied by a strong gale and the sea became rough. Consequently country boats were unable to approach the steamers.—A.P.

ANDAMAN PRISONERS' HEALTH CONDITIONS

SIMLA, Sept. 9.

In the Central Assembly to-day, Mr. Amarendranath Chattopadhyaya asked a series of questions in respect of political prisoners in Andamans.

Mr. Thorne and Mr. Mudie, Home Secretaries, replied as under:—

The following prisoners suffered from diseases: Biren Roy, (1932) appendicitis, Mukul Sen (1932) tuberculosis of lungs, Bidhu Sen (1933) tuberculosis of lungs, Pratulla Mazumdar (1935) tuberculosis of lungs, Kamal Sriman (1936) stone in kidney, Suren Sarkar (1936) Asthma, Dhrubesh Chatterji (1937) heart disease, Anant Bhatacharji (1937) heart disease.

Statements that Nikhil Guha Roy, Nepal Sarkar and Sudhir Samaj Dhar were suffering from similar diseases were not correct. Government had no information regarding Satya Bose, Amarsitra Dhar, Kartic Dey Sarkar, Fani Nandi, Sudhindra Bhattacharya, Hemendu Chakravarty, Mrityun Joy Banerji and Rebata Saha who, the questioner said, were suffering from serious diseases. None of these prisoners was now in Andamans.

Prisoner Kamal Srimani was never operated upon in the Andamans.

RELEASE OF INVALIDS

Replying to a question regarding the release of invalid prisoners and those suffering from tuberculosis, Mr. Thorne said that remission of sentences of prisoners sentenced outside the jurisdiction of Central Government was not without their power but such prisoners were returned to their provinces.

Mr. Saxena asked how many prisoners suffering from tuberculosis or other serious diseases had been returned. Mr. Thorne wanted notice.

Replying further Mr. Thorne said before the recent hunger-strike 24 terrorist prisoners were on special diet as an experiment. The question of repatriation of prisoners, who had given up hunger-strike was still under examination.

Replying to Mr. Desai Mr. Thorne said, some prisoners suffered a little from serious diseases before arrival in Andamans.

On July 23, 41 prisoners were on convalescent list Following is the number of prisoners under treatment on August 17:—

Pyorrohea—35, Eye diseases—2, Malaria—2, Piles—2.

MISS SORABJI'S VISIT

Miss Cornelia Sorabji visited Andamans according to permission granted by Government. She visited on her own accord and submitted no report to Government.

Mr. Maitra: Did she visit because Bengal and Central Governments induced her?

Mr. Satyamurti: Is she notorious for her anti-Indian views?

The President disallowed these questions.—United Press.

ALLEGED CANING OF YOUTHS

Dhrangadhra Police Action On Kathiawar Conference Move

WADHWAN CAMP, Sept. 8.

The Dhrangadhra State police, it is reported, called several youths and questioned them about their activities in connection with the proposed Kathiawar Political Conference

It is alleged, in the report received here that the youths were caned and warned against subversive activities.—United Press.

GANPATI PROCESSION BY HARIJANS

Nasik Caste Hindus Join

(From Our Correspondent).

NASIK, Sept. 9.

A Ganapati procession by Harijan students of the Shahu Chatrapati Boarding, Nasik, to the accompaniment of music by Caste Hindus was attended by Mr. Amritrao Ranakhambe, Vice-President of Nasik District School Board, Mr. Saolaram, Mr. Dani, Mr. Bhaduji, Mr. Nikale, Mr. Gadre and other caste Hindus.

Military Secretary To Viceroy

SIMLA Sept. 9.

A communique states that the Viceroy has selected Lt.-Col. C. G Toogood, DSO, to succeed Lt.-Col. H. H. Stable as Military Secretary to the Viceroy when the latter vacates his post in March, 1938. A. P.

Tenancy Bill To Be Amended: Europeans Organise Opposition

CALCUTTA, Sept. 9

The Bengal Tenancy Amendment Bill which is going to be sponsored on September 10 next by the Revenue Minister (Sir B. P. Singh Roy) promises to give rise to one of the keenest competitions between Government and the Opposition.

Relief to the long suffering peasantry was one thing whereby every candidate had sworn during the last election and accordingly both Government as well as the Opposition are vying with one another in creating a record of as much pro-tenant activity as is possible.

In this grim duel the European group numbering 30 really hold the balance of power and their attitude towards the fundamental question underlying the proposed amending bill is reported to be causing some anxiety to Government. According to lobby gossips the Europeans take the view that many of the reliefs suggested in the amending bill are of expropriatory character aiming, as they do, to deprive the landlord class of some of their existing privileges and cherished rights

Being themselves in the enjoyment of many safeguards in the sphere of business, the Europeans think they could not consistently support the Government proposals and thus be instrumental in depriving the landlords of their existing rights and vested interests.

That explains the reason why Sir George Campbell, leader of the European Group, has given noticce of a motion seeking the circulation of the amending bill with a view to eliciting public opinion, by December next. This attempt failing, they are likely to remain neutral on some crucial divisions.

This contingency, it is feared in lobby circles, would definitely disturb the equilibrium so far as the stability of the present Ministry is concerned, by reducing Government's majority considerably.

Interesting developments are awaited.—United Press

Malaviyaji Confined To Bed

(From Our Correspondent)

BENARES Sept. 9.

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya has been confined to bed with boil for the last eight days.

The boil is now nearly subsided under Homeoepathis treatment but the Doctor says that it will take another week for Panditji to be able to move freely.

He has been advised complete rest. Visitors are requested to avoid seeing him for eight days. Panditji has been compelled to abandon his promised visit to Gwalior to deliver an address during Ganeshotsava celebrations.

SIND COLLEGE CLOSED

Lady Students Demand Alleged Offender's Expulsion For 3 Years

KARACHI, Sept. 9.

The strike of the D. J. Sind College continues and the Principal has closed the college for the day.

Mr. S. B. Bhutani, the Principal, told the Associated Press that he had rusticated S. K. Talpur, the student in question, for the rest of the term, and would not admit him hereafter in the College.

LADY STUDENT'S ALLEGATIONS.

The students met to-day in the lecture theatre of the College, where Miss S. Sitalani, who was a member of Mrs. Dutta's Educational Touring Party, which went abroad last year, addressing the gathering, declared that Talpur had been shadowing and harassing her for the last two years, both in and outside the college. It was not a communal question but one in which the honour of a woman was at stake.

She urged them to hold out till Talpur was expelled for at least three years by the University.

The students have formulated the following demand, namely, that suitable action should be taken against Talpur, who should be expelled for at least three years by the University and prompt action should be taken in similar cases.

The Muslim students of the College, numbering seventy-five hold that the rustication is unfair and contemplate approaching Muslim Assembly members to intervene. A. P.

DISCONTENT AMONG STUDENTS

Sequel To Ban On National Tri-colour By Principal Shirraz

(From A Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 8.

There has been lately great discontent among the students of the Gujerat College. The officers of the Students' Representative Council waited on Principal Shirraz and requested him to allow giving of a welcome address to Pandit Jawaharlal on his visit to this city. In reply to this Principal Shirraz granted them the request with the condition that the welcome was to be given without the use of the national tri-colour. On hearing this conditional acquiescence of their request the Committee wrote to the Gujerat Provincial Committee expressing their inability to arrange any programme for welcome. In reply Mr. Diwan, Secretary of the G. P. C. C., wrote to the Committee stating that they were not prepared to arrange any function in which the tri-colour was absent.

There has been great unrest and discontent among the students at this attitude of Principal Shirraz. Though they have not yet come to any final decision on the subject, it is understood they are concerting measures with a view to give expression to the acute discontent that has been prevalent among the students, in a constitutional way.

Cut Motions On Madras Budget

MADRAS, Sept. 8.

As many as 328 cut motions have been received by the Speaker of the Assembly in connection with the budget demands, so far. The total number of cut motions tabled last year on the various demands under the former Government's budget by members of the old Legislative Council was over 2,000.—United Press.

Statistics Of Educated Jobless

MADRAS, Sept. 8.

In connection with the proposed taking of the statistics of the educated unemployed in this presidency, a detailed questionnaire is being prepared by the Government. The Minister for Labour has arranged to take statistics in the six districts of Malabar, Tinnevelley, Salem, Chittoor, Anantapur and Vizagapatam.—United Press.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — *THE SWISS HEADWAITER*

SLOW IT DOWN, SLOW IT DOWN--WE'RE GOIN' TOO FAST!
I'M TRYIN' TO, BUT IT WON'T WORK!
AT BREAKNECK SPEED, THE RUNAWAY HANDCAR WHIPS AROUND A CURVE--
THEY'LL BE ACROSS TH' BORDER IN ANOTHER FIFTEEN MINUTES--AN' WE CAN'T STOP 'EM!
WE MUST STOP THEM, DONAVAN! --IT'S NOT JUST A MATTER OF RESCUING MISS [illegible]LMAN ANY MORE--
IT'S A MATTER OF LIFE OR DEATH--THAT HANDCAR'S OUT OF CONTROL!
LYMAN ANDERSON
8-10
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Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, Fort, Bombay.